

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	27,010	8,920	1,780	3,040	4,090	18,090	8,110	150	370	1,920	3,990	2,920	640	--
Gender:														
Male	17,320	7,470	1,160	2,930	3,380	9,850	5,380	110	180	1,350	810	1,580	440	--
Female	9,630	1,450	620	110	710	8,180	2,670	30	190	560	3,180	1,340	200	--
Age:														
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19	830	110	30	30	50	720	220	--	--	--	30	410	40	--
20 to 24	2,890	930	200	410	320	1,950	790	--	40	250	310	500	60	--
25 to 34	6,390	2,340	520	930	900	4,050	1,740	--	80	510	870	650	190	--
35 to 44	5,480	2,140	490	810	830	3,340	1,540	20	60	430	770	420	110	--
45 to 54	5,450	1,700	340	340	1,020	3,750	1,770	30	50	320	910	530	150	--
55 to 64	4,610	1,370	160	380	830	3,240	1,640	30	90	340	850	230	50	--
65 and over	530	90	30	--	50	440	170	--	30	50	140	40	--	--
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	3,660	1,460	680	300	480	2,200	940	--	40	190	330	650	40	--
3 to 11 months	5,380	1,900	310	860	730	3,480	1,370	--	110	380	780	770	60	--
1 to 5 years	9,100	2,980	570	1,470	940	6,120	2,640	30	90	790	1,380	910	280	--
More than 5 years	7,220	1,680	190	390	1,090	5,540	2,840	50	120	540	1,310	450	230	--
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :														
White only	8,900	2,760	160	1,140	1,460	6,140	2,650	20	180	730	1,300	880	370	--
Black only	670	120	--	40	70	550	230	--	--	60	170	50	--	--
Hispanic or Latino only	3,870	2,340	1,160	610	560	1,530	570	--	30	180	260	380	120	--
Asian only	540	150	20	--	130	390	100	--	--	50	150	80	--	--
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	290	40	--	--	--	250	190	--	30	--	20	--	--	--
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	100	30	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	20	40	--	--
Hispanic or Latino and other race	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race	100	--	--	--	--	100	90	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported	12,540	3,480	430	1,220	1,830	9,060	4,270	110	120	900	2,060	1,480	120	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Gender:															
Male	64.1	83.7	65.2	96.4	82.6	54.4	66.3	73.3	48.6	70.3	20.3	54.1	68.8	--	
Female	35.7	16.3	34.8	3.6	17.4	45.2	32.9	20.0	51.4	29.2	79.7	45.9	31.3	--	
Age:															
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19	3.1	1.2	1.7	1.0	1.2	4.0	2.7	--	--	--	.8	14.0	6.3	--	
20 to 24	10.7	10.4	11.2	13.5	7.8	10.8	9.7	--	10.8	13.0	7.8	17.1	9.4	--	
25 to 34	23.7	26.2	29.2	30.6	22.0	22.4	21.5	--	21.6	26.6	21.8	22.3	29.7	--	
35 to 44	20.3	24.0	27.5	26.6	20.3	18.5	19.0	13.3	16.2	22.4	19.3	14.4	17.2	--	
45 to 54	20.2	19.1	19.1	11.2	24.9	20.7	21.8	20.0	13.5	16.7	22.8	18.2	23.4	--	
55 to 64	17.1	15.4	9.0	12.5	20.3	17.9	20.2	20.0	24.3	17.7	21.3	7.9	7.8	--	
65 and over	2.0	1.0	1.7	--	1.2	2.4	2.1	--	8.1	2.6	3.5	1.4	--	--	
Length of service with employer:															
Less than 3 months	13.6	16.4	38.2	9.9	11.7	12.2	11.6	--	10.8	9.9	8.3	22.3	6.3	--	
3 to 11 months	19.9	21.3	17.4	28.3	17.8	19.2	16.9	--	29.7	19.8	19.5	26.4	9.4	--	
1 to 5 years	33.7	33.4	32.0	48.4	23.0	33.8	32.6	20.0	24.3	41.1	34.6	31.2	43.8	--	
More than 5 years	26.7	18.8	10.7	12.8	26.7	30.6	35.0	33.3	32.4	28.1	32.8	15.4	35.9	--	
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :															
White only	33.0	30.9	9.0	37.5	35.7	33.9	32.7	13.3	48.6	38.0	32.6	30.1	57.8	--	
Black only	2.5	1.3	--	1.3	1.7	3.0	2.8	--	--	3.1	4.3	1.7	--	--	
Hispanic or Latino only	14.3	26.2	65.2	20.1	13.7	8.5	7.0	--	8.1	9.4	6.5	13.0	18.8	--	
Asian only	2.0	1.7	1.1	--	3.2	2.2	1.2	--	--	2.6	3.8	2.7	--	--	
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	1.1	.4	--	--	--	1.4	2.3	--	8.1	--	.5	--	--	--	
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	.4	.3	--	--	--	.3	--	--	--	--	.5	1.4	--	--	
Hispanic or Latino and other race	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Multi-race	.4	--	--	--	--	.6	1.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Not reported	46.4	39.0	24.2	40.1	44.7	50.1	52.7	73.3	32.4	46.9	51.6	50.7	18.8	--	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

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NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies, November 06, 2017-November 06, 2017

Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	27,010	8,920	1,780	3,040	4,090	18,090	8,110	150	370	1,920	3,990	2,920	640	--	
Management occupations	320	40	--	20	20	280	30	--	130	--	50	50	--	--	
Business and financial operations occupations	310	90	--	--	90	220	20	--	30	50	110	--	--	--	
Computer and mathematical occupations	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	60	20	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	
Community and social service occupations	150	--	--	--	--	150	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	--	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Education, training, and library occupations	120	--	--	--	--	120	--	--	--	--	110	--	--	--	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	120	--	--	--	--	120	20	--	--	--	50	30	--	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	1,240	--	--	--	--	1,230	30	--	--	50	1,150	--	--	--	
Healthcare support occupations	1,200	--	--	--	--	1,200	--	--	--	100	1,070	--	--	--	
Protective service occupations	300	30	--	30	--	260	40	--	--	150	--	20	--	--	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	2,720	--	--	--	--	2,720	310	--	--	--	170	2,220	--	--	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1,400	150	60	--	80	1,250	40	--	40	690	300	180	--	--	
Personal care and service occupations	740	--	--	--	--	740	30	--	--	70	420	90	120	--	
Sales and related occupations	1,680	70	--	--	20	1,610	1,520	--	--	20	--	40	--	--	
Office and administrative support occupations	1,730	190	--	--	170	1,540	1,120	30	--	100	220	30	30	--	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1,580	1,560	1,520	--	30	20	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Construction and extraction occupations	2,800	2,640	20	2,540	80	160	80	--	30	30	--	--	--	--	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	2,050	660	40	270	350	1,390	800	50	40	110	80	60	260	--	
Production occupations	3,040	2,350	60	--	2,290	690	460	--	--	50	60	80	--	--	
Transportation and material moving occupations	5,290	1,090	80	80	940	4,200	3,550	--	50	350	30	100	110	--	

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² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

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⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2016

Occupation	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	27,010	8,920	1,780	3,040	4,090	18,090	8,110	150	370	1,920	3,990	2,920	640	--
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	1,770	470	--	--	470	1,300	1,190	--	--	70	--	--	--	--
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	1,540	250	40	50	160	1,280	1,080	--	--	210	--	--	--	--
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	1,120	1,110	1,110	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Stock clerks and order fillers	820	30	--	--	30	790	690	--	--	40	60	--	--	--
Nursing assistants	780	--	--	--	--	780	--	--	--	30	760	--	--	--
Retail salespersons	760	--	--	--	--	760	750	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction laborers	710	620	--	620	--	90	50	--	20	--	--	--	--	--
Registered nurses	660	--	--	--	--	660	--	--	--	--	660	--	--	--
Carpenters	590	580	--	570	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Food preparation workers	540	--	--	--	--	540	270	--	--	--	--	260	--	--
Cooks, restaurant	490	--	--	--	--	490	--	--	--	--	--	480	--	--
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	440	--	--	--	--	440	20	--	--	--	--	420	--	--
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	420	190	--	190	--	220	220	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	410	--	--	--	--	410	410	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	400	90	--	--	80	310	40	--	--	160	90	20	--	--
Light truck or delivery services drivers	400	30	--	--	--	370	360	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Personal care aides	390	--	--	--	--	390	--	--	--	--	390	--	--	--
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	390	--	--	--	--	390	180	--	--	--	--	--	--	200
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	360	--	--	--	--	360	--	--	20	20	200	120	--	--
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	350	--	--	--	--	350	--	--	--	320	20	--	--	--
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers	330	120	20	--	100	210	210	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cashiers	310	--	--	--	--	310	280	--	--	--	--	30	--	--
Bus drivers, school or special client	300	--	--	--	--	300	300	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Painters, construction and maintenance	290	280	--	270	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Waiters and waitresses	280	--	--	--	--	280	--	--	--	--	--	280	--	--
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	280	260	--	250	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

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Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	27,010	8,920	1,780	3,040	4,090	18,090	8,110	150	370	1,920	3,990	2,920	640	--
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	1,640	690	130	200	360	950	480	--	80	130	180	40	30	--
Sprains, strains, tears	9,760	2,660	540	700	1,420	7,100	3,460	80	110	650	1,810	820	170	--
Amputations	160	100	--	40	40	60	50	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bruise, contusions	2,390	850	160	430	260	1,540	840	--	--	250	260	170	--	--
Chemical burns and corrosions	60	--	--	--	--	50	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heat (thermal) burns	430	80	--	30	50	350	50	--	--	--	--	300	--	--
Soreness, pain	5,480	1,820	420	720	690	3,660	1,590	20	70	370	950	440	220	--
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	3,070	1,100	160	630	310	1,970	570	--	40	230	220	760	150	--
Cuts, lacerations	2,600	1,030	140	600	290	1,560	480	--	40	80	160	750	50	--
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	480	70	20	30	20	410	90	--	--	150	60	--	--	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome	350	260	30	--	230	90	30	--	--	--	50	--	--	--
Tendonitis	100	30	--	--	20	60	--	--	--	--	--	30	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries	410	150	30	30	90	250	130	--	--	40	40	20	--	--
With sprains and other injuries	230	80	20	--	60	150	70	--	--	40	20	--	--	--
With fractures and other injuries	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Part of body affected:														
Head	2,090	950	220	370	360	1,140	400	--	30	150	250	170	140	--
Eye	860	590	110	300	180	270	40	--	--	30	50	50	110	--
Neck	320	110	20	--	70	210	80	--	--	--	80	20	--	--
Trunk	7,010	1,880	390	530	960	5,130	2,650	20	130	420	1,270	560	70	--
Back	5,380	1,350	240	450	660	4,020	1,960	--	120	340	1,090	460	40	--
Upper extremities	9,380	3,610	580	1,330	1,700	5,760	2,230	50	70	630	960	1,490	330	--
Shoulder	2,170	780	80	310	390	1,390	580	40	--	260	250	170	80	--
Arm	1,560	530	90	260	190	1,030	480	--	--	70	120	200	150	--
Wrist	1,360	640	110	60	470	720	250	--	--	50	190	170	40	--
Hand	3,940	1,530	270	690	580	2,400	820	--	40	230	340	920	60	--
Lower extremities	5,310	1,700	390	590	720	3,610	1,980	30	30	450	690	370	60	--
Knee	1,950	590	170	190	230	1,360	760	--	--	130	320	120	--	--
Ankle	1,250	360	90	130	140	890	410	--	--	80	180	150	40	--
Foot	1,160	430	70	140	220	730	500	--	--	70	100	40	--	--
Toe, toenail	290	160	40	30	100	130	40	--	--	30	50	20	--	--
Body systems	270	20	--	--	--	250	90	--	--	--	100	50	--	--
Multiple	2,330	560	150	160	250	1,770	600	20	70	200	580	260	--	--
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	330	120	--	30	80	210	60	--	--	20	70	60	--	--
Containers	3,280	670	150	60	460	2,610	1,600	--	30	210	270	480	--	--
Furniture, fixtures	990	160	--	50	100	830	320	--	--	30	210	250	--	--
Machinery	1,360	630	150	100	390	720	300	--	20	30	70	290	--	--
Parts and materials	2,520	1,280	100	520	650	1,240	870	--	--	140	40	20	150	--
Person, injured or ill worker	4,450	1,610	260	300	1,040	2,840	1,410	50	50	300	580	370	80	--
Worker motion or position	4,340	1,590	260	300	1,030	2,750	1,340	50	50	290	570	360	80	--
Person, other than injured or ill workers	1,480	--	--	--	--	1,470	100	--	--	40	1,250	70	--	--
Health care patient	980	--	--	--	--	980	--	--	--	20	960	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	3,090	720	200	190	340	2,360	980	20	150	240	560	360	40	--
Ladder	1,090	760	270	360	130	330	150	--	--	80	60	--	--	--
Handtools	1,790	720	110	460	150	1,070	320	--	--	250	90	380	30	--
Vehicles	2,850	740	150	310	280	2,110	1,400	20	60	120	350	120	30	--
Trucks	840	330	50	220	60	510	440	--	50	--	--	--	--	--
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	350	100	--	--	90	250	120	--	--	--	100	20	--	--

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	770	70	50	--	--	700	60	--	--	210	330	70	30	--
Intentional injury by other person	280	--	--	--	--	270	40	--	--	--	190	30	--	--
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	200	--	--	--	--	200	--	--	--	--	130	40	--	--
Animal and insect related incidents	300	60	50	--	--	230	--	--	--	190	--	--	--	--
Transportation incidents	1,410	380	60	200	120	1,040	600	--	40	50	230	100	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	1,100	250	--	190	50	850	450	--	30	50	230	80	--	--
Fires and explosions	20	--	--	--	--	20	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	6,350	2,130	620	770	750	4,220	2,020	50	160	540	880	490	80	--
Slips, trips without fall	1,200	450	110	110	230	740	320	20	--	130	160	90	--	--
Fall on same level	3,320	750	230	240	290	2,570	1,120	20	90	280	630	360	60	--
Fall to lower level	1,700	900	280	410	210	800	510	--	40	130	80	30	--	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	880	220	30	40	160	660	130	--	--	20	110	390	--	--
Contact with object, equipment	7,270	3,160	630	1,200	1,330	4,110	1,620	--	50	510	600	1,010	310	--
Struck by object or equipment	4,550	1,850	380	710	760	2,700	1,070	--	--	390	360	600	270	--
Struck against object or equipment	1,380	450	90	160	200	930	280	--	40	50	140	390	30	--
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	840	530	90	180	260	310	180	--	--	30	80	--	--	--
Overexertion and bodily reaction	9,940	2,890	390	810	1,690	7,060	3,520	60	100	590	1,810	810	150	--
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	900	460	50	20	390	440	200	--	--	30	90	80	30	--
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	2,600	630	80	220	330	1,970	1,050	--	20	170	440	220	50	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	6.1	7.7	7.3	6.6	8.8	5.3	5.9	--	21.6	6.8	4.5	1.4	4.7	--
Sprains, strains, tears	36.1	29.8	30.3	23.0	34.7	39.2	42.7	53.3	29.7	33.9	45.4	28.1	26.6	--
Amputations	.6	1.1	--	1.3	1.0	.3	.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bruise, contusions	8.8	9.5	9.0	14.1	6.4	8.5	10.4	--	--	13.0	6.5	5.8	--	--
Chemical burns and corrosions	.2	--	--	--	--	.3	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heat (thermal) burns	1.6	.9	--	1.0	1.2	1.9	.6	--	--	--	--	10.3	--	--
Soreness, pain	20.3	20.4	23.6	23.7	16.9	20.2	19.6	13.3	18.9	19.3	23.8	15.1	34.4	--
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	11.4	12.3	9.0	20.7	7.6	10.9	7.0	--	10.8	12.0	5.5	26.0	23.4	--
Cuts, lacerations	9.6	11.5	7.9	19.7	7.1	8.6	5.9	--	10.8	4.2	4.0	25.7	7.8	--
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	1.8	.8	1.1	1.0	.5	2.3	1.1	--	--	7.8	1.5	--	--	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome	1.3	2.9	1.7	--	5.6	.5	.4	--	--	--	1.3	--	--	--
Tendonitis	.4	.3	--	--	.5	.3	--	--	--	--	--	1.0	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.0	2.2	1.4	1.6	--	--	2.1	1.0	.7	--	--
With sprains and other injuries	.9	.9	1.1	--	1.5	.8	.9	--	--	2.1	.5	--	--	--
With fractures and other injuries	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Part of body affected:														
Head	7.7	10.7	12.4	12.2	8.8	6.3	4.9	--	8.1	7.8	6.3	5.8	21.9	--
Eye	3.2	6.6	6.2	9.9	4.4	1.5	.5	--	--	1.6	1.3	1.7	17.2	--
Neck	1.2	1.2	1.1	--	1.7	1.2	1.0	--	--	--	2.0	.7	--	--
Trunk	26.0	21.1	21.9	17.4	23.5	28.4	32.7	13.3	35.1	21.9	31.8	19.2	10.9	--
Back	19.9	15.1	13.5	14.8	16.1	22.2	24.2	--	32.4	17.7	27.3	15.8	6.3	--
Upper extremities	34.7	40.5	32.6	43.8	41.6	31.8	27.5	33.3	18.9	32.8	24.1	51.0	51.6	--
Shoulder	8.0	8.7	4.5	10.2	9.5	7.7	7.2	26.7	--	13.5	6.3	5.8	12.5	--
Arm	5.8	5.9	5.1	8.6	4.6	5.7	5.9	--	--	3.6	3.0	6.8	23.4	--
Wrist	5.0	7.2	6.2	2.0	11.5	4.0	3.1	--	--	2.6	4.8	5.8	6.3	--
Hand	14.6	17.2	15.2	22.7	14.2	13.3	10.1	--	10.8	12.0	8.5	31.5	9.4	--
Lower extremities	19.7	19.1	21.9	19.4	17.6	20.0	24.4	20.0	8.1	23.4	17.3	12.7	9.4	--
Knee	7.2	6.6	9.6	6.3	5.6	7.5	9.4	--	--	6.8	8.0	4.1	--	--
Ankle	4.6	4.0	5.1	4.3	3.4	4.9	5.1	--	--	4.2	4.5	5.1	6.3	--
Foot	4.3	4.8	3.9	4.6	5.4	4.0	6.2	--	--	3.6	2.5	1.4	--	--
Toe, toenail	1.1	1.8	2.2	1.0	2.4	.7	.5	--	--	1.6	1.3	.7	--	--
Body systems	1.0	.2	--	--	--	1.4	1.1	--	--	--	2.5	1.7	--	--
Multiple	8.6	6.3	8.4	5.3	6.1	9.8	7.4	13.3	18.9	10.4	14.5	8.9	--	--
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	1.2	1.3	--	1.0	2.0	1.2	.7	--	--	1.0	1.8	2.1	--	--
Containers	12.1	7.5	8.4	2.0	11.2	14.4	19.7	--	8.1	10.9	6.8	16.4	--	--
Furniture, fixtures	3.7	1.8	--	1.6	2.4	4.6	3.9	--	--	1.6	5.3	8.6	--	--
Machinery	5.0	7.1	8.4	3.3	9.5	4.0	3.7	--	5.4	1.6	1.8	9.9	--	--
Parts and materials	9.3	14.3	5.6	17.1	15.9	6.9	10.7	--	--	7.3	1.0	.7	23.4	--
Person, injured or ill worker	16.5	18.0	14.6	9.9	25.4	15.7	17.4	33.3	13.5	15.6	14.5	12.7	12.5	--
Worker motion or position	16.1	17.8	14.6	9.9	25.2	15.2	16.5	33.3	13.5	15.1	14.3	12.3	12.5	--
Person, other than injured or ill workers	5.5	--	--	--	--	8.1	1.2	--	--	2.1	31.3	2.4	--	--
Health care patient	3.6	--	--	--	--	5.4	--	--	--	1.0	24.1	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	11.4	8.1	11.2	6.3	8.3	13.0	12.1	13.3	40.5	12.5	14.0	12.3	6.3	--
Ladder	4.0	8.5	15.2	11.8	3.2	1.8	1.8	--	--	4.2	1.5	--	--	--
Handtools	6.6	8.1	6.2	15.1	3.7	5.9	3.9	--	--	13.0	2.3	13.0	4.7	--
Vehicles	10.6	8.3	8.4	10.2	6.8	11.7	17.3	13.3	16.2	6.3	8.8	4.1	4.7	--
Trucks	3.1	3.7	2.8	7.2	1.5	2.8	5.4	--	13.5	--	--	--	--	--
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.3	1.1	--	--	2.2	1.4	1.5	--	--	--	2.5	.7	--	--

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Event or exposure:															
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	2.9	.8	2.8	--	--	3.9	.7	--	--	10.9	8.3	2.4	4.7	--	
Intentional injury by other person	1.0	--	--	--	--	1.5	.5	--	--	--	4.8	1.0	--	--	
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	.7	--	--	--	--	1.1	--	--	--	--	3.3	1.4	--	--	
Animal and insect related incidents	1.1	.7	2.8	--	--	1.3	--	--	--	9.9	--	--	--	--	
Transportation incidents	5.2	4.3	3.4	6.6	2.9	5.7	7.4	--	10.8	2.6	5.8	3.4	--	--	
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	4.1	2.8	--	6.3	1.2	4.7	5.5	--	8.1	2.6	5.8	2.7	--	--	
Fires and explosions	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Falls, slips, trips	23.9	23.9	34.8	25.3	18.3	23.3	24.9	33.3	43.2	28.1	22.1	16.8	12.5	--	
Slips, trips without fall	4.4	5.0	6.2	3.6	5.6	4.1	3.9	13.3	--	6.8	4.0	3.1	--	--	
Fall on same level	12.3	8.4	12.9	7.9	7.1	14.2	13.8	13.3	24.3	14.6	15.8	12.3	9.4	--	
Fall to lower level	6.3	10.1	15.7	13.5	5.1	4.4	6.3	--	10.8	6.8	2.0	1.0	--	--	
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	3.3	2.5	1.7	1.3	3.9	3.6	1.6	--	--	1.0	2.8	13.4	--	--	
Contact with object, equipment	26.9	35.4	35.4	39.5	32.5	22.7	20.0	--	13.5	26.6	15.0	34.6	48.4	--	
Struck by object or equipment	16.8	20.7	21.3	23.4	18.6	14.9	13.2	--	--	20.3	9.0	20.5	42.2	--	
Struck against object or equipment	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.3	4.9	5.1	3.5	--	10.8	2.6	3.5	13.4	4.7	--	
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	3.1	5.9	5.1	5.9	6.4	1.7	2.2	--	--	1.6	2.0	--	--	--	
Overexertion and bodily reaction	36.8	32.4	21.9	26.6	41.3	39.0	43.4	40.0	27.0	30.7	45.4	27.7	23.4	--	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	3.3	5.2	2.8	.7	9.5	2.4	2.5	--	--	1.6	2.3	2.7	4.7	--	
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	9.6	7.1	4.5	7.2	8.1	10.9	12.9	--	5.4	8.9	11.0	7.5	7.8	--	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	130.4	177.8	247.5	207.5	144.6	115.3	168.3	13.6	29.7	59.0	139.4	161.3	98.2	--	
Nature of injury, illness:															
Fractures	7.9	13.8	18.5	13.4	12.8	6.0	9.9	--	6.8	4.0	6.1	2.2	4.8	--	
Sprains, strains, tears	47.2	53.1	75.0	47.6	50.3	45.3	71.9	7.9	9.0	20.0	63.1	45.0	26.5	--	
Amputations	.8	1.9	--	2.9	1.5	.4	1.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Bruise, contusions	11.6	17.0	21.8	29.6	9.2	9.8	17.5	--	--	7.6	9.0	9.5	--	--	
Chemical burns and corrosions	.3	--	--	--	--	.3	.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Heat (thermal) burns	2.1	1.5	--	1.8	1.8	2.2	1.0	--	--	--	--	16.3	--	--	
Soreness, pain	26.5	36.4	57.8	48.9	24.4	23.3	33.0	1.8	5.3	11.4	33.3	24.0	33.9	--	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	14.8	22.0	21.7	43.2	11.0	12.6	11.9	--	3.1	7.1	7.6	41.7	23.7	--	
Cuts, lacerations	12.5	20.6	19.4	41.2	10.2	10.0	9.9	--	3.1	2.4	5.6	41.6	8.3	--	
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	2.3	1.4	2.3	2.0	.8	2.6	2.0	--	--	4.7	2.0	--	--	--	
Carpal tunnel syndrome	1.7	5.2	3.5	--	8.3	.6	.5	--	--	--	1.6	--	--	--	
Tendonitis	.5	.7	--	--	.6	.4	--	--	--	--	--	1.7	--	--	
Multiple traumatic injuries	2.0	3.1	3.7	2.4	3.2	1.6	2.8	--	--	1.3	1.3	1.0	--	--	
With sprains and other injuries	1.1	1.5	2.6	--	2.1	1.0	1.5	--	--	1.2	.5	--	--	--	
With fractures and other injuries	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Part of body affected:															
Head	10.1	18.9	31.1	25.0	12.7	7.3	8.4	--	2.1	4.7	8.6	9.3	21.9	--	
Eye	4.2	11.8	15.5	20.3	6.4	1.7	.9	--	--	.9	1.7	2.5	16.6	--	
Neck	1.5	2.2	3.0	--	2.5	1.3	1.6	--	--	--	2.9	.9	--	--	
Trunk	33.9	37.4	54.1	36.0	33.9	32.7	55.0	1.6	10.6	13.0	44.4	31.1	11.4	--	
Back	26.0	27.0	33.0	30.8	23.5	25.6	40.7	--	10.0	10.5	38.2	25.2	5.6	--	
Upper extremities	45.3	72.0	79.9	91.0	60.2	36.7	46.2	5.1	5.5	19.5	33.6	82.2	50.5	--	
Shoulder	10.5	15.5	11.0	21.2	13.6	8.9	12.0	3.6	--	8.0	8.9	9.5	12.5	--	
Arm	7.5	10.6	12.4	17.4	6.5	6.5	10.0	--	--	2.3	4.2	10.9	23.2	--	
Wrist	6.5	12.7	15.5	3.9	16.5	4.6	5.2	--	--	1.5	6.6	9.3	6.2	--	
Hand	19.0	30.6	36.8	46.9	20.6	15.3	17.0	--	3.1	7.0	11.7	50.5	8.7	--	
Lower extremities	25.6	33.8	54.3	40.2	25.3	23.0	41.0	3.3	2.4	14.0	24.1	20.4	9.0	--	
Knee	9.4	11.8	24.1	12.8	8.2	8.6	15.8	--	--	4.0	11.1	6.6	--	--	
Ankle	6.0	7.2	12.2	9.1	5.0	5.7	8.5	--	--	2.5	6.2	8.5	6.0	--	
Foot	5.6	8.6	9.1	9.9	7.8	4.6	10.4	--	--	2.2	3.6	2.3	--	--	
Toe, toenail	1.4	3.2	5.2	1.9	3.4	.8	.8	--	--	.8	1.6	.8	--	--	
Body systems	1.3	.4	--	--	--	1.6	1.9	--	--	--	3.3	2.5	--	--	
Multiple	11.2	11.2	21.1	11.0	8.8	11.2	12.5	1.9	6.0	6.2	20.4	14.4	--	--	
Source of injury, illness:															
Chemical, chemical products	1.6	2.3	--	1.9	3.0	1.4	1.3	--	--	.6	2.4	3.1	--	--	
Containers	15.9	13.3	20.7	3.8	16.4	16.7	33.3	--	2.1	6.5	9.3	26.4	--	--	
Furniture, fixtures	4.8	3.2	--	3.3	3.7	5.3	6.7	--	--	1.0	7.3	14.0	--	--	
Machinery	6.6	12.6	20.5	6.8	13.7	4.6	6.1	--	1.8	.8	2.4	16.2	--	--	
Parts and materials	12.2	25.5	14.3	35.7	23.1	7.9	18.0	--	--	4.2	1.6	1.4	23.2	--	
Person, injured or ill worker	21.5	32.1	36.6	20.8	36.9	18.1	29.2	5.0	4.2	9.2	20.3	20.3	12.6	--	
Worker motion or position	20.9	31.7	35.9	20.2	36.6	17.5	27.9	4.8	4.2	9.1	19.9	19.6	12.6	--	
Person, other than injured or ill workers	7.1	--	--	--	--	9.4	2.1	--	--	1.1	43.7	4.0	--	--	
Health care patient	4.8	--	--	--	--	6.3	--	--	--	.7	33.6	--	--	--	
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	14.9	14.4	27.3	12.9	11.8	15.1	20.3	2.3	12.5	7.5	19.6	20.0	6.2	--	
Ladder	5.3	15.1	36.9	24.9	4.5	2.1	3.0	--	--	2.5	2.1	--	--	--	
Handtools	8.6	14.3	14.8	31.5	5.2	6.8	6.6	--	--	7.6	3.2	21.0	4.2	--	
Vehicles	13.8	14.8	21.2	21.3	9.8	13.4	29.1	1.6	5.0	3.6	12.4	6.7	5.0	--	
Trucks	4.1	6.6	7.5	14.7	2.2	3.2	9.1	--	3.7	--	--	--	--	--	
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.7	2.0	--	--	3.2	1.6	2.4	--	--	--	3.6	.9	--	--	

Table 7. Event rates¹ nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Event or exposure:															
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	3.7	1.4	7.3	--	--	4.5	1.3	--	--	6.4	11.5	3.8	4.2	--	
Intentional injury by other person	1.3	--	--	--	--	1.7	.8	--	--	--	6.5	1.8	--	--	
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	1.0	--	--	--	--	1.3	--	--	--	--	4.6	2.0	--	--	
Animal and insect related incidents	1.4	1.3	7.2	--	--	1.5	--	--	--	5.7	--	--	--	--	
Transportation incidents	6.8	7.5	8.2	13.5	4.2	6.6	12.4	--	3.1	1.7	8.1	5.7	--	--	
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	5.3	5.1	--	12.9	1.8	5.4	9.4	--	2.5	1.5	7.9	4.6	--	--	
Fires and explosions	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Falls, slips, trips	30.7	42.5	85.5	52.7	26.3	26.9	42.0	4.7	13.1	16.5	30.6	26.9	12.5	--	
Slips, trips without fall	5.8	9.0	15.5	7.4	8.2	4.7	6.7	2.0	--	4.0	5.7	5.1	--	--	
Fall on same level	16.0	15.0	31.4	16.2	10.2	16.4	23.2	2.3	7.1	8.6	22.1	20.0	9.7	--	
Fall to lower level	8.2	17.9	38.3	28.0	7.4	5.1	10.6	--	3.3	3.9	2.9	1.7	--	--	
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	4.3	4.5	3.7	2.9	5.5	4.2	2.7	--	--	.7	3.9	21.3	--	--	
Contact with object, equipment	35.1	63.1	87.7	82.1	46.9	26.2	33.7	--	4.1	15.6	20.9	55.8	47.7	--	
Struck by object or equipment	22.0	36.9	53.0	48.7	26.7	17.2	22.2	--	--	11.9	12.5	33.0	41.8	--	
Struck against object or equipment	6.6	8.9	12.1	10.8	7.1	5.9	5.7	--	2.9	1.6	5.0	21.2	5.4	--	
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	4.1	10.6	12.7	12.5	9.2	2.0	3.6	--	--	.9	2.7	--	--	--	
Overexertion and bodily reaction	48.0	57.5	53.7	55.4	59.6	45.0	73.1	5.7	8.4	18.2	63.3	44.6	23.8	--	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	4.4	9.2	6.7	1.4	13.9	2.8	4.1	--	--	.9	3.1	4.4	4.9	--	
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	12.6	12.6	11.4	14.8	11.7	12.6	21.9	--	1.8	5.2	15.5	12.2	7.5	--	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	15.8	13.6	20.1	14.0	9.9	5.7	21.0	6
Gender:									
Male	100.0	16.1	13.7	20.4	13.3	10.0	5.5	21.0	5
Female	100.0	15.4	13.3	19.7	15.2	9.7	5.9	20.9	6
Age:									
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	100.0	16.9	22.9	12.0	30.1	7.2	--	8.4	5
20 - 24	100.0	23.2	24.2	17.3	12.1	9.0	3.8	10.7	3
25 - 34	100.0	21.4	14.4	23.2	13.8	9.4	4.7	13.3	4
35 - 44	100.0	15.5	11.3	20.1	13.0	9.5	7.3	23.4	7
45 - 54	100.0	10.8	11.2	18.5	14.3	11.2	7.3	26.4	8
55 - 64	100.0	10.8	9.3	21.3	11.9	11.1	5.6	29.9	9
65 and over	100.0	11.3	11.3	15.1	11.3	7.5	7.5	34.0	11
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0	13.4	12.6	19.4	16.4	13.7	4.4	19.7	7
3 - 11 months	100.0	18.0	16.9	21.4	13.0	7.6	2.6	20.3	5
1 - 5 years	100.0	19.9	15.3	19.2	14.3	8.1	5.1	18.1	4
5 years or more	100.0	12.0	9.8	20.5	14.0	11.8	7.2	24.8	8
Race or ethnic origin ² :									
White	100.0	17.9	12.7	19.8	14.8	8.9	4.6	21.2	5
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	23.0	14.5	18.1	9.0	11.6	4.9	18.9	5
Black or African American	100.0	7.5	19.4	26.9	14.9	10.4	--	17.9	5
Asian	100.0	13.0	16.7	24.1	14.8	13.0	5.6	16.7	5
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	--	--	--	--	30.0	--	40.0	18
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	10.3	13.8	41.4	17.2	--	10.3	--	3
Multi-race	100.0	--	--	70.0	--	--	--	--	5
Hispanic and other	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2016

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	15.8	13.6	20.1	14.0	9.9	5.7	21.0	6
Management occupations	100.0	25.0	25.0	12.5	12.5	9.4	--	18.8	3
Business and financial operations occupations	100.0	--	22.6	19.4	9.7	6.5	29.0	9.7	8
Computer and mathematical occupations	100.0	80.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	1
Architecture and engineering occupations	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	50.0	110
Life, physical, and social science occupations	100.0	--	--	75.0	--	--	--	--	3
Community and social service occupations	100.0	26.7	26.7	--	--	--	--	20.0	2
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	100.0	33.3	--	25.0	--	--	--	33.3	4
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	100.0	--	16.7	50.0	--	--	--	16.7	4
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	100.0	8.1	9.7	21.8	16.1	12.9	4.0	26.6	8
Healthcare support occupations	100.0	16.7	14.2	19.2	13.3	10.0	5.0	21.7	6
Protective service occupations	100.0	6.7	26.7	13.3	16.7	6.7	10.0	16.7	6
Food preparation and serving related occupations	100.0	16.2	22.1	15.4	18.0	17.3	5.1	6.3	4
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	100.0	10.0	17.1	22.1	11.4	11.4	7.1	21.4	6
Personal care and service occupations	100.0	21.6	14.9	20.3	12.2	5.4	5.4	20.3	4
Sales and related occupations	100.0	18.5	7.7	20.8	14.3	11.9	4.8	22.0	7
Office and administrative support occupations	100.0	13.3	9.8	23.7	17.9	11.6	2.3	22.0	7
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	100.0	15.2	18.4	21.5	13.9	7.0	9.5	13.9	5
Construction and extraction occupations	100.0	30.0	15.7	17.1	11.1	5.4	3.6	17.5	3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	100.0	15.1	11.7	29.8	12.7	10.7	2.9	17.1	4
Production occupations	100.0	17.8	10.5	19.4	9.2	10.9	7.2	25.3	6
Transportation and material moving occupations	100.0	9.8	9.6	18.3	17.0	8.5	6.2	30.2	8

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected occupations and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2016

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	15.8	13.6	20.1	14.0	9.9	5.7	21.0	6
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	100.0	9.0	15.3	13.6	24.3	10.2	6.8	20.9	7
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	100.0	7.8	4.5	14.9	14.9	5.2	7.1	45.5	25
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	100.0	16.1	16.1	24.1	10.7	8.9	8.0	16.1	5
Stock clerks and order fillers	100.0	12.2	11.0	22.0	17.1	11.0	3.7	23.2	6
Nursing assistants	100.0	10.3	12.8	20.5	12.8	12.8	6.4	25.6	7
Retail salespersons	100.0	32.9	7.9	15.8	11.8	11.8	3.9	15.8	4
Construction laborers	100.0	9.9	21.1	26.8	18.3	7.0	2.8	15.5	4
Registered nurses	100.0	6.1	4.5	25.8	13.6	19.7	4.5	27.3	11
Carpenters	100.0	47.5	6.8	15.3	6.8	5.1	3.4	16.9	2
Food preparation workers	100.0	11.1	14.8	9.3	16.7	35.2	3.7	7.4	9
Cooks, restaurant	100.0	16.3	34.7	18.4	4.1	18.4	--	6.1	2
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	100.0	27.3	20.5	22.7	13.6	6.8	6.8	--	3
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	100.0	--	--	76.2	--	9.5	--	--	3
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	100.0	--	9.8	29.3	9.8	9.8	9.8	26.8	10
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	12.5	7.5	20.0	20.0	12.5	5.0	22.5	7
Light truck or delivery services drivers	100.0	12.5	--	10.0	15.0	20.0	5.0	37.5	17
Personal care aides	100.0	17.9	10.3	23.1	12.8	7.7	--	25.6	5
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	100.0	35.9	10.3	10.3	--	5.1	--	33.3	3
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	8.3	11.1	19.4	8.3	8.3	11.1	30.6	12
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	100.0	5.7	48.6	11.4	--	8.6	--	20.0	2
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers	100.0	60.6	15.2	--	--	12.1	--	9.1	1
Cashiers	100.0	12.9	6.5	22.6	12.9	12.9	--	29.0	8
Bus drivers, school or special client	100.0	--	--	46.7	16.7	6.7	6.7	23.3	6
Painters, construction and maintenance	100.0	75.9	--	6.9	--	--	--	13.8	1
Waiters and waitresses	100.0	10.7	42.9	17.9	10.7	14.3	--	--	2
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	100.0	35.7	39.3	--	--	10.7	--	7.1	2

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 11. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major industry sector and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2016

Industry Sector	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Private Industry ^{2,3,4}	100.0	15.8	13.6	20.1	14.0	9.9	5.7	21.0	6
Goods producing	100.0	18.7	13.5	20.2	13.8	7.3	7.4	19.2	5
Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	100.0	15.7	18.0	21.9	14.0	8.4	7.9	14.0	5
Construction	100.0	29.6	14.1	19.7	11.5	5.3	3.6	16.1	3
Manufacturing	100.0	12.0	11.2	19.8	15.2	8.3	9.8	23.7	8
Service providing	100.0	14.4	13.6	20.1	14.0	11.2	4.8	21.9	6
Trade transportation and utilities	100.0	12.9	8.6	21.3	15.0	10.9	4.6	26.5	7
Information	100.0	--	--	20.0	13.3	--	--	40.0	12
Financial activities	100.0	27.0	24.3	8.1	16.2	5.4	--	16.2	3
Professional and business services	100.0	13.0	18.2	22.4	10.4	8.9	5.2	21.9	5
Educational and health services	100.0	12.3	14.5	20.8	13.3	11.0	5.5	22.3	6
Leisure and hospitality	100.0	14.7	22.3	18.2	16.8	16.8	3.8	7.9	4
Other services except public administration	100.0	42.2	12.5	9.4	--	--	7.8	23.4	2

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 12. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	27,010	8,920	1,780	3,040	4,090	18,090	8,110	150	370	1,920	3,990	2,920	640	--
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	680	210	--	30	170	480	250	--	--	30	120	80	--	--
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	2,360	770	250	130	400	1,590	690	--	40	370	380	80	--	--
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	7,910	3,380	710	1,400	1,260	4,530	2,150	--	110	670	970	450	180	--
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	5,300	1,620	360	690	560	3,690	1,690	30	120	370	830	480	160	--
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	2,230	360	70	70	220	1,880	830	--	--	120	440	460	--	--
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	1,400	460	40	20	400	940	460	--	20	80	200	180	--	--
Not reported	7,120	2,130	340	710	1,080	4,990	2,040	80	70	290	1,060	1,200	260	--
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	70	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--
Less than 1 hour	1,900	500	110	150	250	1,390	610	--	20	350	240	150	--	--
1 - 2 hours	2,190	700	270	90	350	1,480	620	--	30	190	360	160	120	--
2 - 4 hours	5,060	1,620	280	760	570	3,440	1,560	--	60	430	690	570	110	--
4 - 6 hours	4,050	1,680	350	650	680	2,370	1,090	20	90	170	600	350	50	--
6 - 8 hours	2,990	920	250	300	370	2,070	900	--	30	250	490	330	60	--
8 - 10 hours	1,750	630	100	290	240	1,110	730	--	20	120	190	40	--	--
10 - 12 hours	540	220	50	40	140	320	160	--	--	60	70	--	--	--
12 - 16 hours	140	30	--	--	20	110	70	--	--	--	40	--	--	--
More than 16 hours	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported	8,320	2,600	370	760	1,470	5,720	2,350	90	120	320	1,270	1,310	260	--
Day of week:														
Sunday	1,700	220	100	--	100	1,480	610	--	--	--	290	510	50	--
Monday	5,840	2,330	330	1,000	990	3,510	1,490	20	50	580	790	540	30	--
Tuesday	4,850	1,820	390	410	1,010	3,040	1,460	--	60	330	740	300	140	--
Wednesday	4,280	1,240	250	460	540	3,040	1,510	20	90	360	710	300	50	--
Thursday	4,460	1,920	320	750	850	2,540	1,250	30	100	190	540	260	180	--
Friday	3,790	980	220	310	450	2,810	1,200	30	40	350	530	470	180	--
Saturday	2,090	410	160	90	150	1,680	590	--	--	100	400	550	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 13. Percent Distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Time of event:															
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	2.5	2.4	--	1.0	4.2	2.7	3.1	--	--	1.6	3.0	2.7	--	--	
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	8.7	8.6	14.0	4.3	9.8	8.8	8.5	--	10.8	19.3	9.5	2.7	--	--	
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	29.3	37.9	39.9	46.1	30.8	25.0	26.5	--	29.7	34.9	24.3	15.4	28.1	--	
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	19.6	18.2	20.2	22.7	13.7	20.4	20.8	20.0	32.4	19.3	20.8	16.4	25.0	--	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	8.3	4.0	3.9	2.3	5.4	10.4	10.2	--	--	6.3	11.0	15.8	--	--	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	5.2	5.2	2.2	.7	9.8	5.2	5.7	--	5.4	4.2	5.0	6.2	--	--	
Not reported	26.4	23.9	19.1	23.4	26.4	27.6	25.2	53.3	18.9	15.1	26.6	41.1	40.6	--	
Hours on the job before event occurred:															
Occurred before shift began	.3	--	--	--	--	.3	--	--	--	--	.8	--	--	--	
Less than 1 hour	7.0	5.6	6.2	4.9	6.1	7.7	7.5	--	5.4	18.2	6.0	5.1	--	--	
1 - 2 hours	8.1	7.8	15.2	3.0	8.6	8.2	7.6	--	8.1	9.9	9.0	5.5	18.8	--	
2 - 4 hours	18.7	18.2	15.7	25.0	13.9	19.0	19.2	--	16.2	22.4	17.3	19.5	17.2	--	
4 - 6 hours	15.0	18.8	19.7	21.4	16.6	13.1	13.4	13.3	24.3	8.9	15.0	12.0	7.8	--	
6 - 8 hours	11.1	10.3	14.0	9.9	9.0	11.4	11.1	--	8.1	13.0	12.3	11.3	9.4	--	
8 - 10 hours	6.5	7.1	5.6	9.5	5.9	6.1	9.0	--	5.4	6.3	4.8	1.4	--	--	
10 - 12 hours	2.0	2.5	2.8	1.3	3.4	1.8	2.0	--	--	3.1	1.8	--	--	--	
12 - 16 hours	.5	.3	--	--	.5	.6	.9	--	--	--	1.0	--	--	--	
More than 16 hours	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Not reported	30.8	29.1	20.8	25.0	35.9	31.6	29.0	60.0	32.4	16.7	31.8	44.9	40.6	--	
Day of week:															
Sunday	6.3	2.5	5.6	--	2.4	8.2	7.5	--	--	--	7.3	17.5	7.8	--	
Monday	21.6	26.1	18.5	32.9	24.2	19.4	18.4	13.3	13.5	30.2	19.8	18.5	4.7	--	
Tuesday	18.0	20.4	21.9	13.5	24.7	16.8	18.0	--	16.2	17.2	18.5	10.3	21.9	--	
Wednesday	15.8	13.9	14.0	15.1	13.2	16.8	18.6	13.3	24.3	18.8	17.8	10.3	7.8	--	
Thursday	16.5	21.5	18.0	24.7	20.8	14.0	15.4	20.0	27.0	9.9	13.5	8.9	28.1	--	
Friday	14.0	11.0	12.4	10.2	11.0	15.5	14.8	20.0	10.8	18.2	13.3	16.1	28.1	--	
Saturday	7.7	4.6	9.0	3.0	3.7	9.3	7.3	--	--	5.2	10.0	18.8	--	--	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	15.8	13.6	20.1	14.0	9.9	5.7	21.0	6
Time of event:									
12:01AM - 4:00AM	100.0	11.8	14.7	23.5	11.8	10.3	5.9	25.0	6
4:01AM - 8:00AM	100.0	13.6	20.3	14.8	15.3	11.0	4.2	20.8	6
8:01AM - 12noon	100.0	17.7	12.6	22.1	14.2	7.7	5.8	19.8	5
12:01PM - 4:00PM	100.0	14.7	15.1	19.8	11.5	10.2	5.3	23.0	6
4:01PM - 8:00PM	100.0	15.2	11.2	22.0	15.7	13.0	4.5	18.8	6
8:01PM - 12midnight	100.0	10.0	7.9	21.4	10.7	17.1	12.9	20.0	11
Time not reported	100.0	17.0	12.9	18.8	15.4	9.4	5.2	21.2	6
Hours on the job before event occurred:									
Before shift began	100.0	--	42.9	--	--	--	--	--	2
Less than 1 hour	100.0	12.1	21.6	16.8	19.5	7.9	5.8	16.3	5
1 - 2 hours	100.0	17.4	17.8	19.6	13.7	9.1	5.5	17.4	5
2 - 4 hours	100.0	23.1	12.8	20.0	11.9	9.7	4.9	17.4	4
4 - 6 hours	100.0	10.1	15.3	26.7	13.3	8.1	6.4	20.0	5
6 - 8 hours	100.0	12.4	13.0	20.1	11.0	14.0	4.7	24.4	7
8 - 10 hours	100.0	17.7	8.0	18.9	13.1	7.4	4.6	30.3	7
10 - 12 hours	100.0	11.1	7.4	20.4	9.3	16.7	7.4	27.8	13
12 - 16 hours	100.0	--	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3	--	28.6	11
More than 16 hours	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Hours not reported	100.0	15.6	11.8	18.5	15.9	10.0	6.3	22.0	7
Day of week:									
Sunday	100.0	10.6	16.5	17.6	13.5	14.1	5.3	21.8	6
Monday	100.0	15.1	14.0	21.4	13.0	11.1	6.2	19.2	5
Tuesday	100.0	15.7	13.2	23.9	11.8	7.0	6.0	22.5	5
Wednesday	100.0	15.7	15.2	19.4	14.3	9.3	3.7	22.4	5
Thursday	100.0	21.3	11.2	16.6	11.9	10.1	7.8	21.1	6
Friday	100.0	12.1	13.5	18.5	18.2	12.7	4.0	21.1	7
Saturday	100.0	17.2	12.9	21.5	17.2	6.2	6.2	18.7	5

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 15. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness ³																	
		Head		Neck	Trunk		Upper extremities				Lower extremities				Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts		
		Total	Eyes		Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist	Total	Knee	Ankle				Foot	
Total	130.4	10.1	4.2	1.5	33.9	26.0	45.3	10.5	7.5	19.0	6.5	25.6	9.4	6.0	5.6	1.3	11.2	1.5	
Gender:																			
Male	142.9	11.7	6.2	1.1	38.0	28.0	52.2	12.9	8.3	23.7	5.6	28.0	10.5	5.0	7.0	.8	9.6	1.4	
Female	112.7	7.8	1.3	2.1	28.0	23.0	35.4	7.0	6.3	12.4	7.9	22.2	7.8	7.4	3.7	2.0	13.6	1.6	
Age:																			
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	167.6	6.7	--	--	27.0	12.8	98.5	4.5	3.1	80.4	7.6	28.9	9.0	11.5	5.8	--	--	--	
20 - 24	152.0	19.3	10.7	.9	32.3	25.3	60.8	18.2	7.2	29.0	3.8	24.7	6.3	7.6	6.3	--	--	11.5	
25 - 34	128.0	11.3	4.8	1.8	34.8	30.1	44.1	10.8	7.9	18.9	5.3	24.2	7.1	7.6	5.3	1.8	8.7	1.3	
35 - 44	114.9	7.5	2.2	.9	26.6	23.4	41.9	8.8	5.9	19.1	5.7	23.5	9.4	5.3	3.6	1.8	11.5	1.1	
45 - 54	132.4	6.5	2.2	1.4	38.8	29.7	44.4	8.4	9.5	16.3	8.7	25.8	11.1	4.5	6.1	.8	13.7	.9	
55 - 64	147.0	12.1	6.3	3.2	40.9	23.3	41.7	14.8	6.4	10.4	8.6	33.1	12.4	6.1	9.4	.8	13.7	1.4	
65 and over	79.7	8.1	--	--	18.6	13.0	22.6	4.7	5.9	5.6	4.7	16.9	7.2	--	--	--	8.3	3.8	
Major occupational group:																			
Management occupations	25.2	1.6	--	--	7.9	7.8	3.8	--	--	2.7	--	6.1	3.6	--	1.7	--	5.5	--	
Business and financial operations occupations	24.2	3.4	--	1.7	1.2	--	8.8	--	--	--	7.4	4.5	3.2	--	--	--	4.5	--	
Computer and mathematical occupations	3.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	9.8	--	--	--	--	--	6.1	5.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	32.1	--	--	--	--	--	25.0	23.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Community and social service occupations	76.5	12.4	--	--	24.7	21.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	22.5	--	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Education, training, and library occupations	44.0	--	--	--	6.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.7	--	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	42.0	--	--	--	19.2	17.7	--	--	--	--	--	13.0	5.2	--	--	--	--	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	121.7	4.6	--	1.8	40.6	36.4	28.8	7.7	4.1	9.4	7.0	24.5	11.6	6.1	5.6	2.0	16.1	3.1	
Healthcare support occupations	221.5	16.8	--	--	78.5	64.2	64.1	17.6	9.4	26.2	9.5	24.4	12.8	5.9	--	4.1	28.2	4.1	
Protective service occupations	187.4	36.9	--	--	38.8	37.5	39.9	19.5	--	--	--	65.1	24.5	26.2	--	--	--	--	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	154.8	7.4	--	.9	25.4	19.7	86.3	9.4	8.5	56.6	9.3	17.2	3.3	7.0	3.7	2.8	13.7	1.1	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	289.2	16.1	10.6	3.2	82.3	62.6	97.7	47.7	8.4	21.1	15.6	55.9	24.2	10.8	4.2	4.2	24.2	5.6	
Personal care and service occupations	117.4	7.3	--	--	33.3	24.9	38.3	6.9	5.8	22.1	--	25.4	9.5	4.9	3.3	--	9.1	--	
Sales and related occupations	72.3	4.4	--	1.0	24.0	16.6	24.9	6.6	8.2	6.2	2.8	11.4	4.2	4.3	1.9	--	6.0	--	
Office and administrative support occupations	64.0	6.0	--	.6	18.3	16.1	16.3	3.9	3.6	4.3	4.0	15.5	6.9	2.3	2.4	.6	6.4	--	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	286.3	33.7	15.7	3.1	62.5	39.1	93.1	12.5	14.8	42.1	18.8	63.2	27.6	14.5	10.3	--	25.8	4.2	
Construction and extraction occupations	260.8	33.3	27.8	2.1	44.9	37.8	114.8	27.4	15.5	65.1	5.0	51.1	17.5	10.7	14.7	--	12.1	2.3	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	228.7	31.9	16.8	--	40.9	34.3	95.4	14.1	28.8	32.8	19.0	42.4	24.2	7.9	4.0	--	14.8	1.7	
Production occupations	197.2	10.8	6.6	3.9	42.0	28.6	85.2	22.5	9.7	33.3	13.2	40.3	9.0	5.2	21.3	--	13.2	1.1	
Transportation and material moving occupations	331.7	17.6	7.2	3.3	120.0	86.6	76.9	19.9	17.4	25.1	10.4	79.5	24.6	22.5	16.0	4.0	28.1	2.3	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 16. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry	Nature of injury or illness ³																
		Sprains, strains	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations, punctures			Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Multiple traumatic injuries			Soreness Pain	All other natures	
				Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures							Total	with fractures	with sprains			
Total	130.4	47.2	7.9	14.8	12.5	2.3	11.6	2.1	.3	.8	1.7	.5	2.0	.1	1.1	26.5	15.2	
Gender:																		
Male	142.9	47.8	9.3	19.8	17.7	2.1	13.1	1.8	.3	1.1	1.6	.3	2.2	.1	1.3	28.6	16.9	
Female	112.7	46.1	5.9	7.9	5.3	2.6	9.3	2.4	.2	.3	1.8	.7	1.6	--	.8	23.6	12.9	
Age:																		
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	167.6	41.5	--	58.0	58.0	--	8.0	18.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	16.0	22.6	
20 - 24	152.0	40.6	5.3	32.5	29.6	2.8	19.6	5.9	--	--	--	1.4	1.3	--	--	28.5	15.6	
25 - 34	128.0	47.2	6.5	14.7	9.7	5.0	10.0	2.2	--	1.5	1.1	.3	2.0	--	1.3	27.4	14.6	
35 - 44	114.9	43.7	5.4	12.0	11.4	.6	9.1	1.2	--	.4	2.0	.5	1.2	--	.8	23.7	15.6	
45 - 54	132.4	53.5	12.5	11.2	9.4	1.8	6.9	--	--	1.1	2.5	.4	2.3	--	.9	27.9	13.7	
55 - 64	147.0	54.3	10.7	9.8	7.8	2.1	21.1	.6	--	--	2.6	--	3.5	--	2.3	27.2	16.7	
65 and over	79.7	22.7	11.4	6.7	6.7	--	10.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	15.9	11.8	
Major occupational group:																		
Management occupations	25.2	5.2	7.2	2.0	2.0	--	3.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.0	1.5	
Business and financial operations occupations	24.2	5.8	--	--	--	--	2.5	--	--	--	6.8	--	--	--	--	4.2	3.6	
Computer and mathematical occupations	3.9	--	--	--	--	--	2.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	9.8	7.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	32.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	23.5	--	
Community and social service occupations	76.5	28.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	19.6	17.4	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Education, training, and library occupations	44.0	14.2	11.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	42.0	25.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.4	6.8	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	121.7	56.9	8.5	3.9	2.9	--	8.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	26.2	15.0	
Healthcare support occupations	221.5	101.2	4.8	20.4	3.6	16.8	13.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	56.7	19.6	
Protective service occupations	187.4	74.1	19.9	--	--	--	31.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	34.3	16.8	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	154.8	44.1	2.3	45.5	45.4	--	8.4	19.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	18.7	13.9	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	289.2	114.4	10.6	15.0	13.8	--	43.9	--	--	--	9.5	--	3.3	--	--	53.3	36.8	
Personal care and service occupations	117.4	42.8	7.6	22.4	8.4	14.1	3.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	24.8	13.2	
Sales and related occupations	72.3	33.3	1.8	5.0	4.8	--	4.2	--	--	1.0	--	--	--	--	--	17.7	8.6	
Office and administrative support occupations	64.0	30.9	3.9	4.7	4.4	--	3.3	--	--	--	1.2	--	3.2	--	2.8	9.2	7.5	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	286.3	89.3	19.7	25.0	22.7	--	25.7	--	--	--	5.1	--	5.1	--	2.7	68.6	45.0	
Construction and extraction occupations	260.8	55.6	16.7	53.2	50.8	2.4	38.9	2.7	--	3.8	--	--	2.0	--	--	66.5	20.7	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	228.7	75.6	14.4	37.4	24.3	13.1	5.6	--	--	2.8	4.9	--	3.2	--	--	51.0	31.7	
Production occupations	197.2	65.2	16.9	17.9	16.1	1.8	23.3	2.1	--	2.9	3.8	2.1	5.3	--	4.2	28.2	29.0	
Transportation and material moving occupations	331.7	133.8	23.5	18.0	13.2	4.9	32.6	--	--	1.0	--	1.3	5.4	--	2.4	76.2	38.0	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 17. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry	Source of injury or illness ³												
		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources
Total	130.4	1.6	15.9	4.8	6.6	12.2	7.1	4.8	21.5	20.9	14.9	8.6	13.8	18.3
Gender:														
Male	142.9	1.7	17.2	4.0	9.0	18.4	2.9	1.5	21.0	20.3	12.2	12.8	15.9	20.6
Female	112.7	1.4	14.0	5.9	3.2	3.3	13.1	9.4	22.1	21.8	18.8	2.8	10.7	14.8
Age:														
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	167.6	--	29.2	4.2	36.2	8.5	3.7	--	16.5	16.5	10.2	--	8.6	28.0
20 - 24	152.0	2.4	17.3	5.0	9.5	14.5	7.8	4.2	14.4	14.1	8.9	23.1	16.5	30.3
25 - 34	128.0	1.3	17.2	3.4	5.9	9.5	6.6	5.0	23.7	23.4	9.1	5.7	15.3	23.6
35 - 44	114.9	1.1	16.2	3.5	6.4	8.0	8.2	6.0	18.1	17.5	10.2	8.1	12.4	15.5
45 - 54	132.4	.9	14.5	5.4	5.3	16.5	7.5	4.7	23.8	23.2	21.4	8.6	12.5	9.6
55 - 64	147.0	2.9	14.3	8.3	4.1	19.6	6.5	4.2	27.3	27.1	24.8	3.3	16.5	16.9
65 and over	79.7	--	7.1	5.8	3.2	--	5.0	3.4	14.8	13.3	23.4	--	8.9	6.6
Major occupational group:														
Management occupations	25.2	--	--	4.6	--	--	--	--	3.7	3.7	11.7	--	3.2	--
Business and financial operations occupations	24.2	--	2.0	--	--	--	--	--	8.5	8.5	6.4	--	5.0	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	3.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.7	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	9.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.5	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	32.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	23.5
Community and social service occupations	76.5	--	--	--	--	--	19.3	--	--	--	--	--	21.5	12.7
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	44.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	16.1	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	42.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	27.3	27.3	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	121.7	--	1.6	4.5	--	2.3	42.9	40.1	23.8	23.3	16.2	--	12.0	13.2
Healthcare support occupations	221.5	--	5.5	15.9	--	--	111.2	93.4	23.3	22.8	18.3	--	--	37.7
Protective service occupations	187.4	--	--	12.9	--	--	27.3	--	39.1	37.8	32.0	--	26.1	43.5
Food preparation and serving related occupations	154.8	2.3	32.7	11.8	17.0	1.1	3.8	--	16.2	15.3	18.9	22.4	2.5	25.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	289.2	11.0	24.6	12.0	5.6	9.1	--	--	52.5	52.0	31.6	55.5	15.8	55.7
Personal care and service occupations	117.4	--	4.9	3.6	--	4.8	25.7	4.7	12.6	12.4	17.2	8.7	7.5	30.5
Sales and related occupations	72.3	--	14.8	5.6	2.3	5.3	--	--	18.8	17.8	8.7	3.6	5.5	3.8
Office and administrative support occupations	64.0	--	20.2	1.8	2.1	1.8	.9	--	10.3	10.1	10.8	.7	8.1	6.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	286.3	--	23.1	--	20.8	18.5	--	--	42.5	41.6	31.4	16.6	23.2	63.3
Construction and extraction occupations	260.8	3.0	5.7	3.0	7.2	38.3	--	--	30.0	29.6	11.7	42.9	26.1	58.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	228.7	1.7	11.3	8.6	24.3	49.9	--	--	32.9	32.2	18.9	16.1	28.7	27.1
Production occupations	197.2	1.4	21.6	5.9	20.3	34.2	--	--	42.1	41.5	16.2	9.5	9.9	27.7
Transportation and material moving occupations	331.7	5.3	58.4	5.0	10.5	44.7	3.4	--	58.1	56.1	36.7	6.6	74.9	25.5

Table 17. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry	Source of injury or illness ³												
		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: $(N/EH) \times 20,000,000$ where

- N = number of injuries and illnesses
- EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
- 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Table 18. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ³																			
		Contact with objects				Falls, slips, trips				Overexertion		Repetitive motion involving microtasks	Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Transportation accidents		Fires and explosions	Violence and other injuries by persons or animal				All other events
		Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed	Total	Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall	Total	In lifting			Total	Roadway accidents		Total	Intentional injury by other person	Injury by person—unintentional or intent unknown	Animal and insect related incidents	
Total	130.4	35.1	22.0	6.6	4.1	30.7	8.2	16.0	5.8	48.0	12.6	4.4	4.3	6.8	5.3	.1	3.7	1.3	1.0	1.4	1.7
Gender:																					
Male	142.9	46.7	29.3	8.3	5.6	31.2	10.9	13.4	6.3	49.7	14.3	3.4	4.2	7.2	5.3	.2	2.1	1.0	.4	.7	1.7
Female	112.7	18.8	11.7	4.4	1.8	29.9	4.4	19.9	5.0	45.6	10.1	5.7	4.3	6.3	5.4	--	6.1	1.8	1.7	2.5	1.7
Age:																					
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	167.6	81.5	31.1	39.0	11.4	15.8	--	10.5	3.4	43.7	15.0	--	21.9	3.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
20 - 24	152.0	68.2	49.8	9.9	4.6	19.7	3.3	9.2	6.9	42.1	16.1	2.0	7.5	9.2	7.4	--	4.7	2.0	1.1	1.6	--
25 - 34	128.0	37.7	22.2	8.1	5.5	23.5	6.8	9.4	6.1	45.9	13.4	3.0	5.0	10.0	8.9	--	4.7	.9	.9	2.9	1.3
35 - 44	114.9	27.4	16.7	5.1	4.5	30.7	11.2	12.4	6.0	44.0	12.6	5.1	2.5	4.4	3.4	--	4.1	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7
45 - 54	132.4	28.9	20.5	4.2	2.6	35.2	9.1	21.5	4.4	55.3	12.7	6.3	1.8	6.8	3.9	.5	2.7	1.8	.6	--	1.2
55 - 64	147.0	30.9	17.8	4.1	2.6	45.1	10.9	27.0	7.1	56.8	11.0	4.9	4.1	6.2	5.1	--	2.9	.8	.9	1.2	.9
65 and over	79.7	15.0	9.6	3.5	--	36.5	4.5	27.1	5.0	22.0	4.4	--	--	3.1	2.9	--	2.5	--	--	--	--
Major occupational group:																					
Management occupations	25.2	5.3	--	4.3	--	12.0	2.4	7.6	--	6.9	2.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Business and financial operations occupations	24.2	3.3	3.0	--	--	7.2	--	6.9	--	10.6	--	7.4	--	2.6	2.6	--	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	3.9	--	--	--	--	2.8	--	2.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	9.8	--	--	--	--	6.4	--	6.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	32.1	25.0	--	23.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	76.5	--	--	--	--	12.8	--	11.8	--	21.3	16.5	--	--	20.1	20.1	--	18.1	14.5	--	--	--
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	44.0	--	--	--	--	27.4	--	16.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	42.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	32.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	121.7	11.0	6.5	3.5	--	27.0	2.9	17.9	6.3	55.4	11.2	3.6	2.7	10.4	10.4	--	14.6	3.8	6.6	4.3	--
Healthcare support occupations	221.5	27.6	12.8	5.9	6.3	28.5	--	24.4	--	122.8	24.0	8.0	4.3	--	--	--	34.9	15.0	7.9	12.0	3.0
Protective service occupations	187.4	--	--	--	--	90.4	--	49.8	30.9	39.8	--	--	--	20.1	18.0	--	27.3	16.8	10.5	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations	154.8	59.2	36.4	21.2	1.1	25.1	1.1	19.7	4.2	40.1	14.1	3.3	23.8	--	--	--	3.4	1.7	1.6	--	1.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	289.2	76.8	57.6	9.4	3.1	71.7	23.5	30.4	17.8	113.0	23.5	13.9	12.6	8.6	6.8	--	5.2	--	--	5.2	--
Personal care and service occupations	117.4	22.3	17.4	2.8	--	27.8	--	20.1	6.4	35.5	5.1	--	--	4.8	--	--	16.4	3.5	3.1	9.8	9.0
Sales and related occupations	72.3	12.0	8.3	2.4	1.1	15.9	3.7	9.9	2.2	39.8	10.9	2.4	.8	2.1	1.9	--	3.8	--	--	--	1.2
Office and administrative support occupations	64.0	13.0	9.3	2.7	.7	15.6	3.2	9.5	1.1	30.8	10.6	2.3	--	2.6	1.6	--	1.1	--	--	9	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	286.3	100.7	63.0	13.4	14.2	103.9	46.8	38.1	18.6	59.0	11.1	8.8	3.6	7.9	--	--	9.4	--	--	9.2	--
Construction and extraction occupations	260.8	105.1	59.4	15.5	16.7	65.7	38.3	14.7	11.2	68.9	21.5	1.9	4.9	15.1	13.8	--	--	--	--	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	228.7	86.9	61.9	8.6	13.1	48.4	7.3	31.6	9.0	76.6	22.8	6.2	3.0	9.8	7.1	--	--	--	--	--	--
Production occupations	197.2	76.1	43.4	10.3	15.1	40.1	12.3	14.1	13.0	69.0	14.0	15.9	4.8	2.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	331.7	63.4	41.1	10.5	6.8	76.5	22.0	37.7	15.6	137.2	38.0	5.8	7.0	39.8	30.8	--	1.8	1.2	--	--	5.7

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

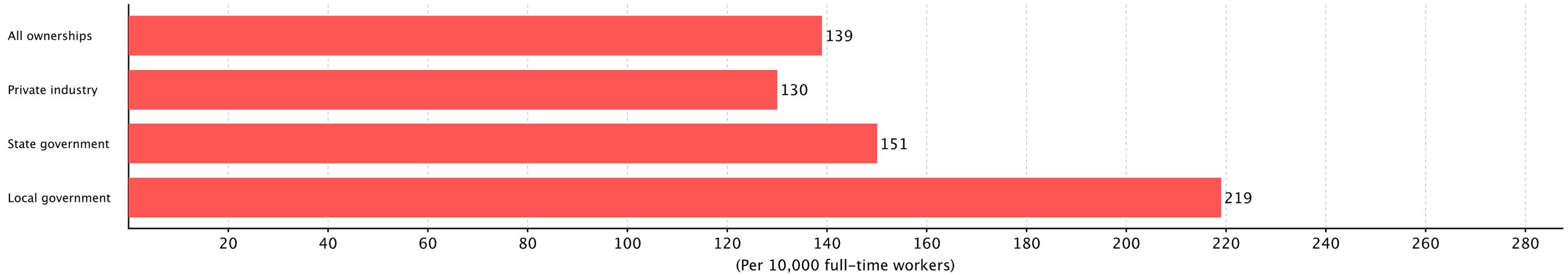
N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

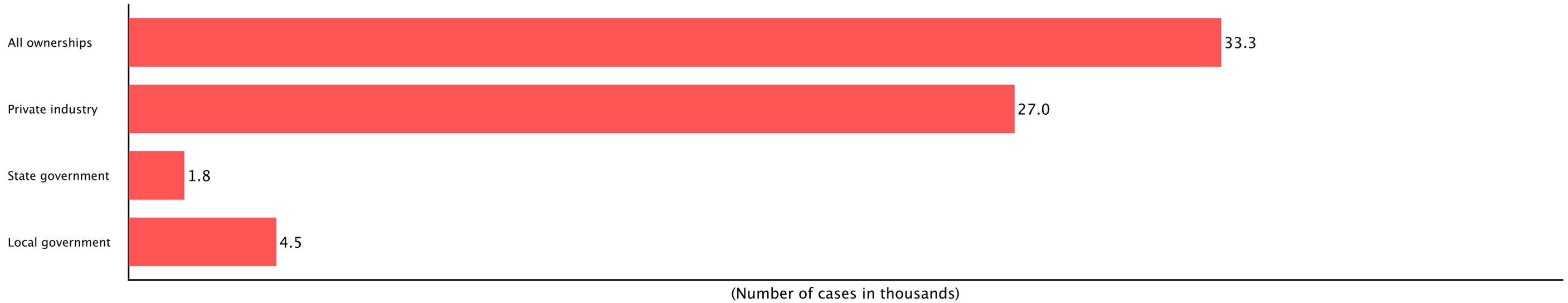
NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 06, 2017

Rate of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, by ownership, Washington, 2016

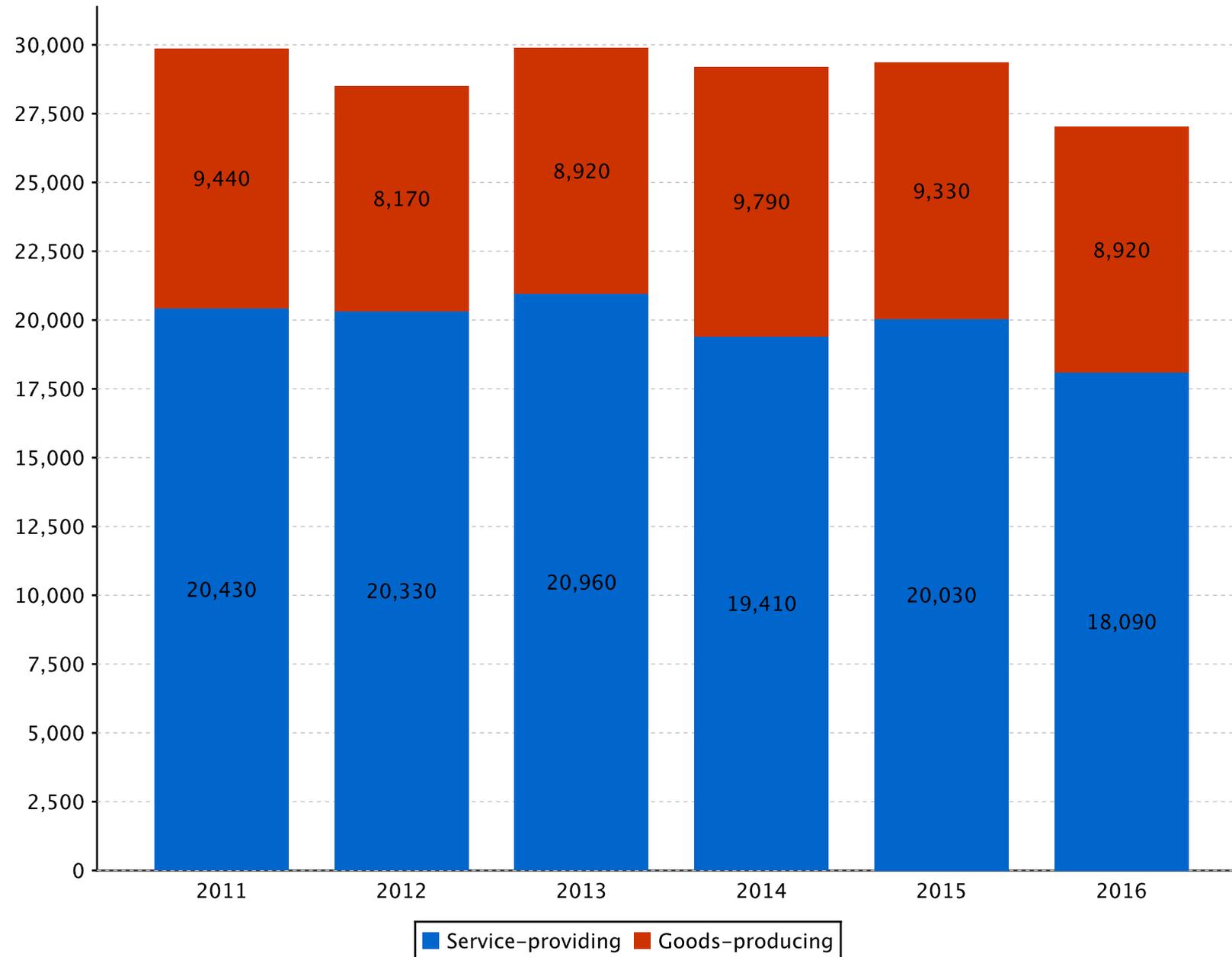


Number of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, by ownership, Washington, 2016

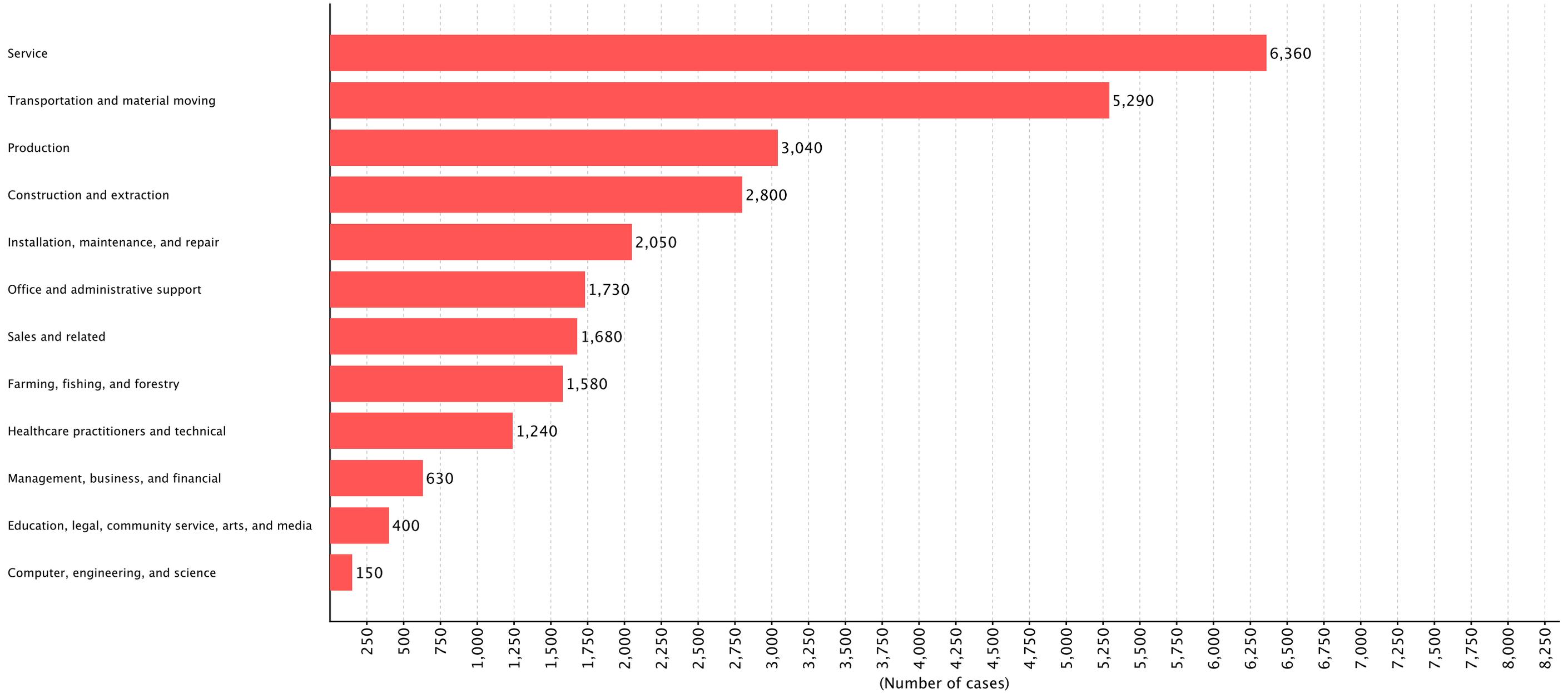


[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]

Number of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2011–2016
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]

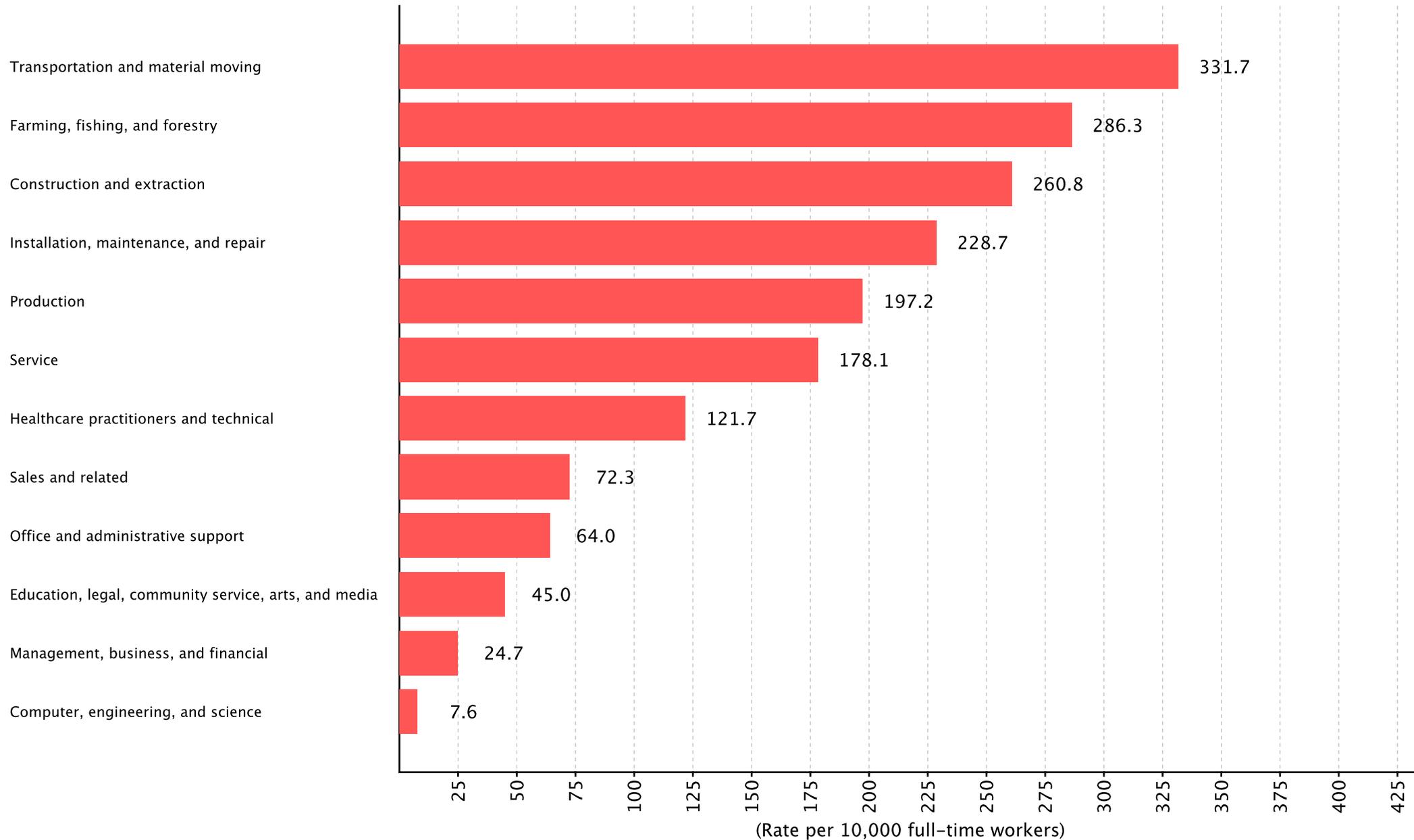


Number of injuries and illnesses by major occupation categories, private industry, Washington, 2016



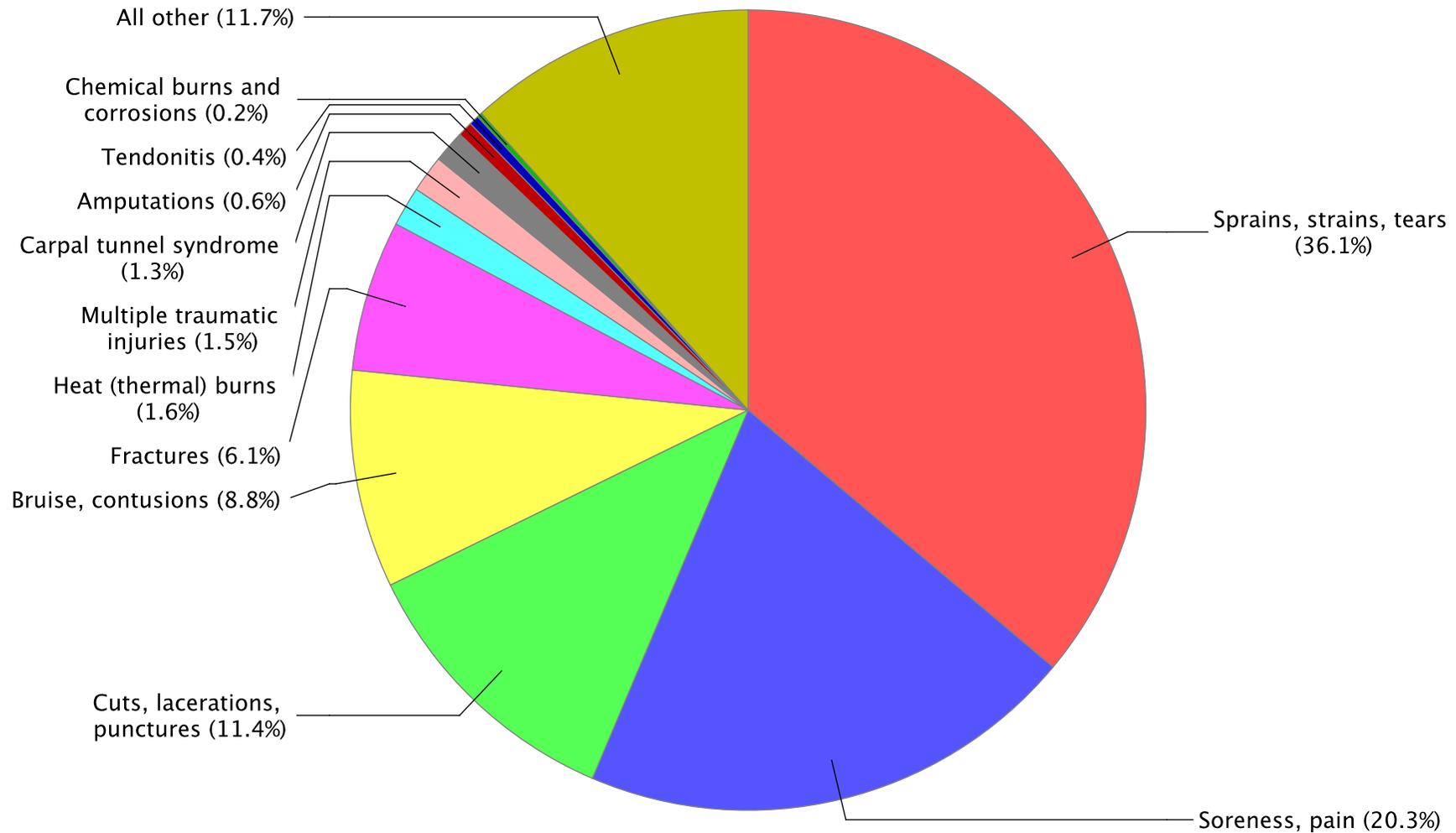
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]

Incidence rates of injuries and illnesses by major occupation categories, private industry, Washington, 2016



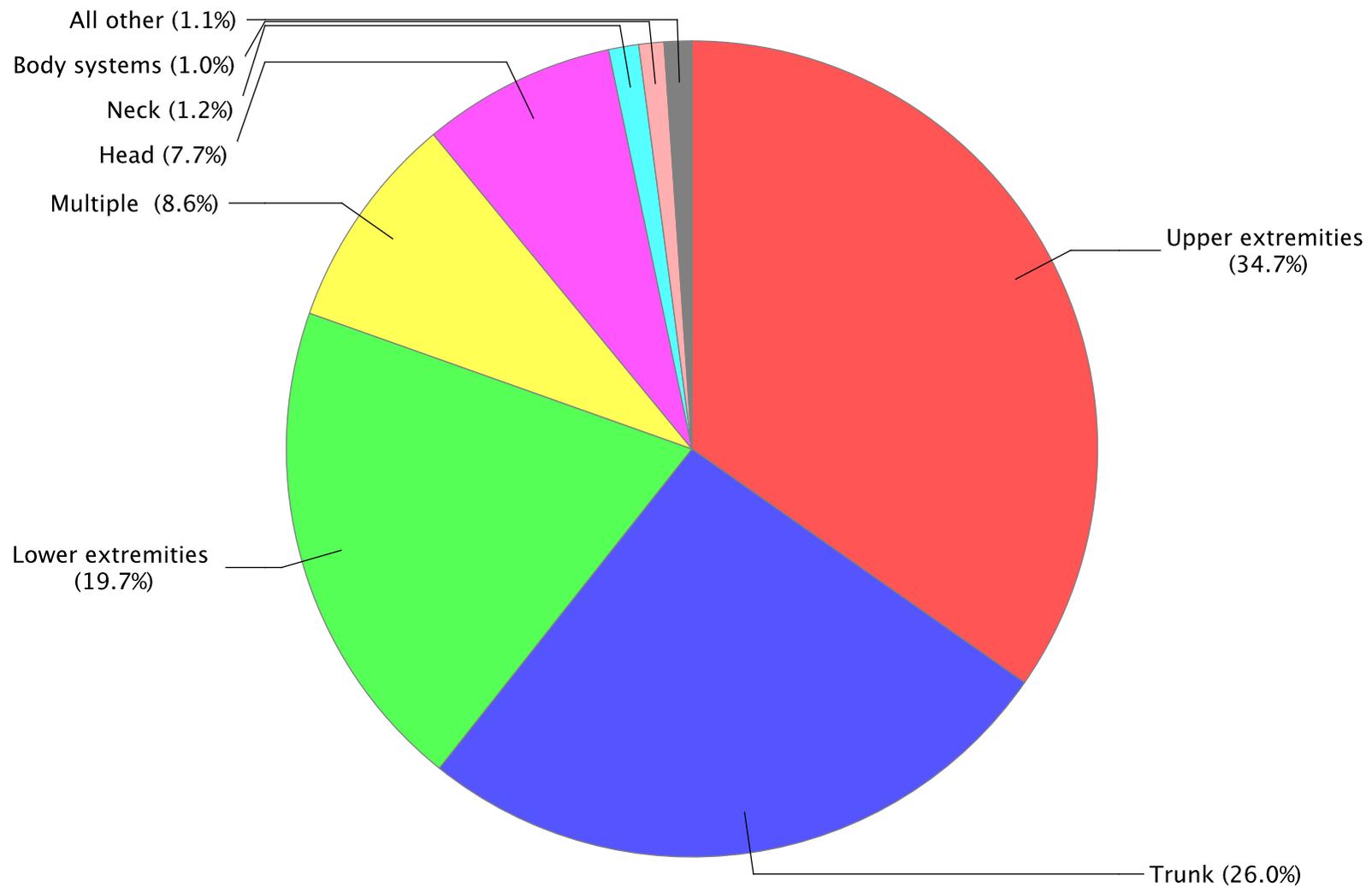
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by nature, private industry, Washington, 2016
[Total Cases = 27,010]



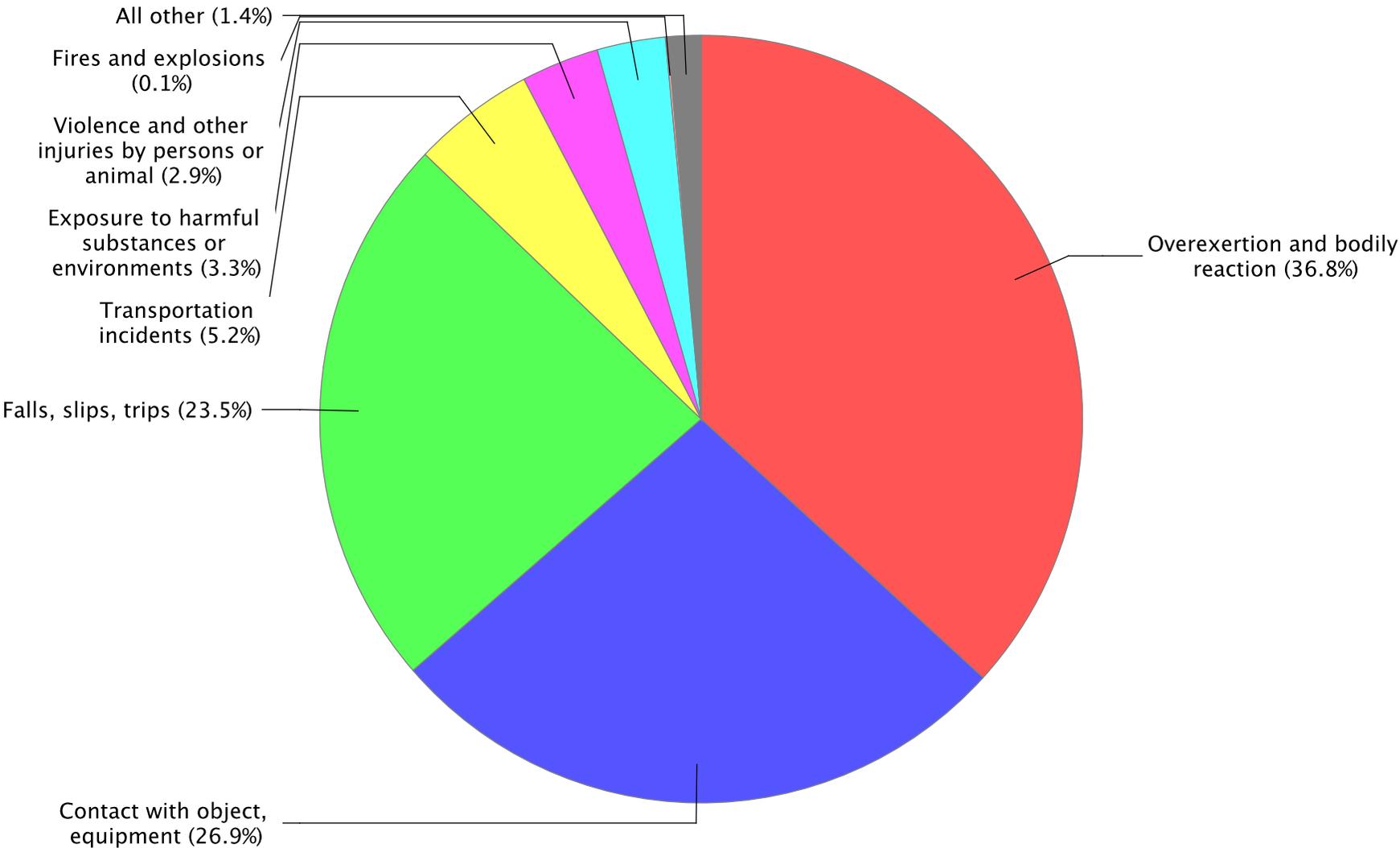
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by part of body, private industry, Washington, 2016
[Total Cases = 27,010]



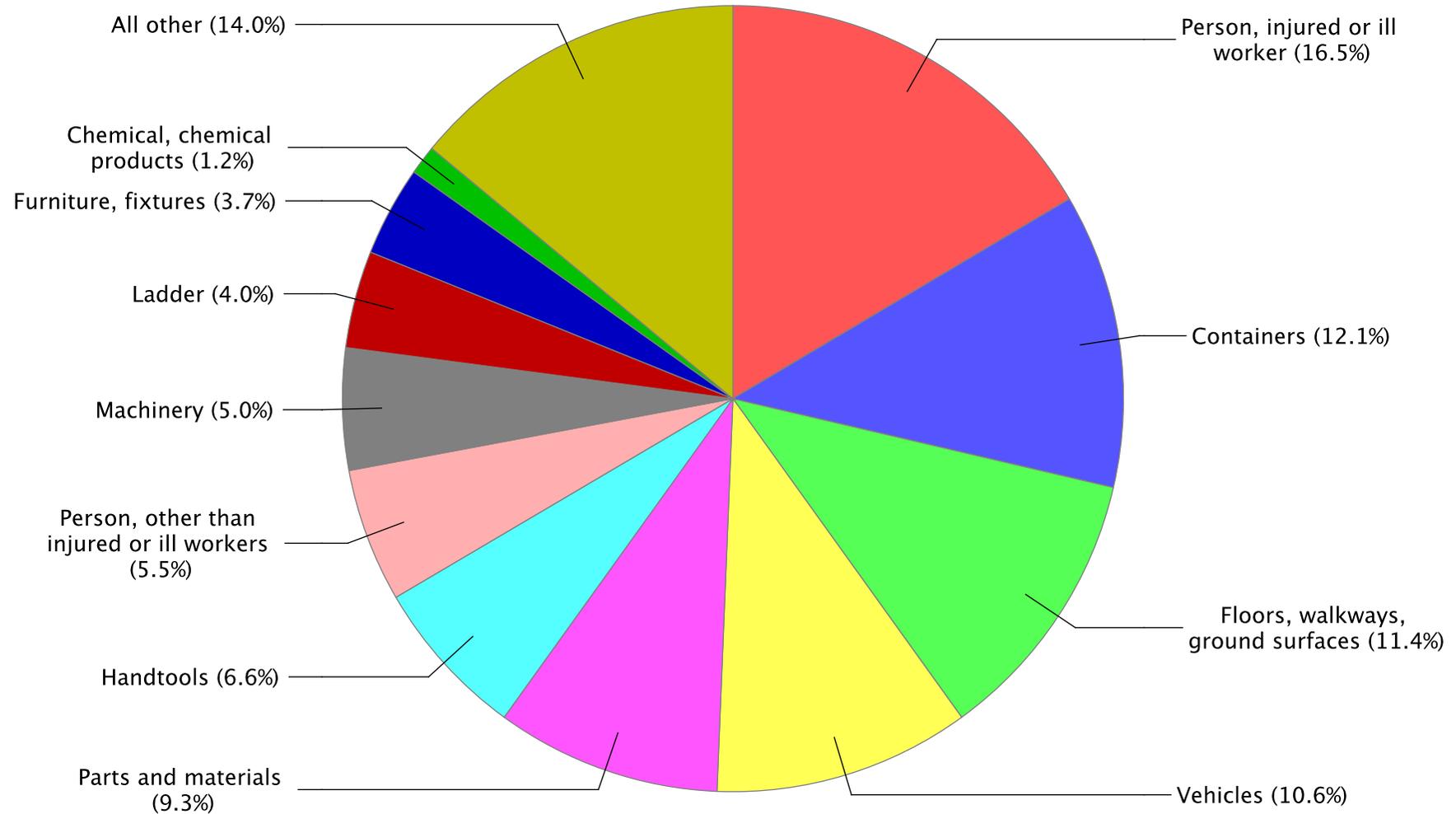
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by event or exposure, private industry, Washington, 2016
[Total Cases = 27,010]



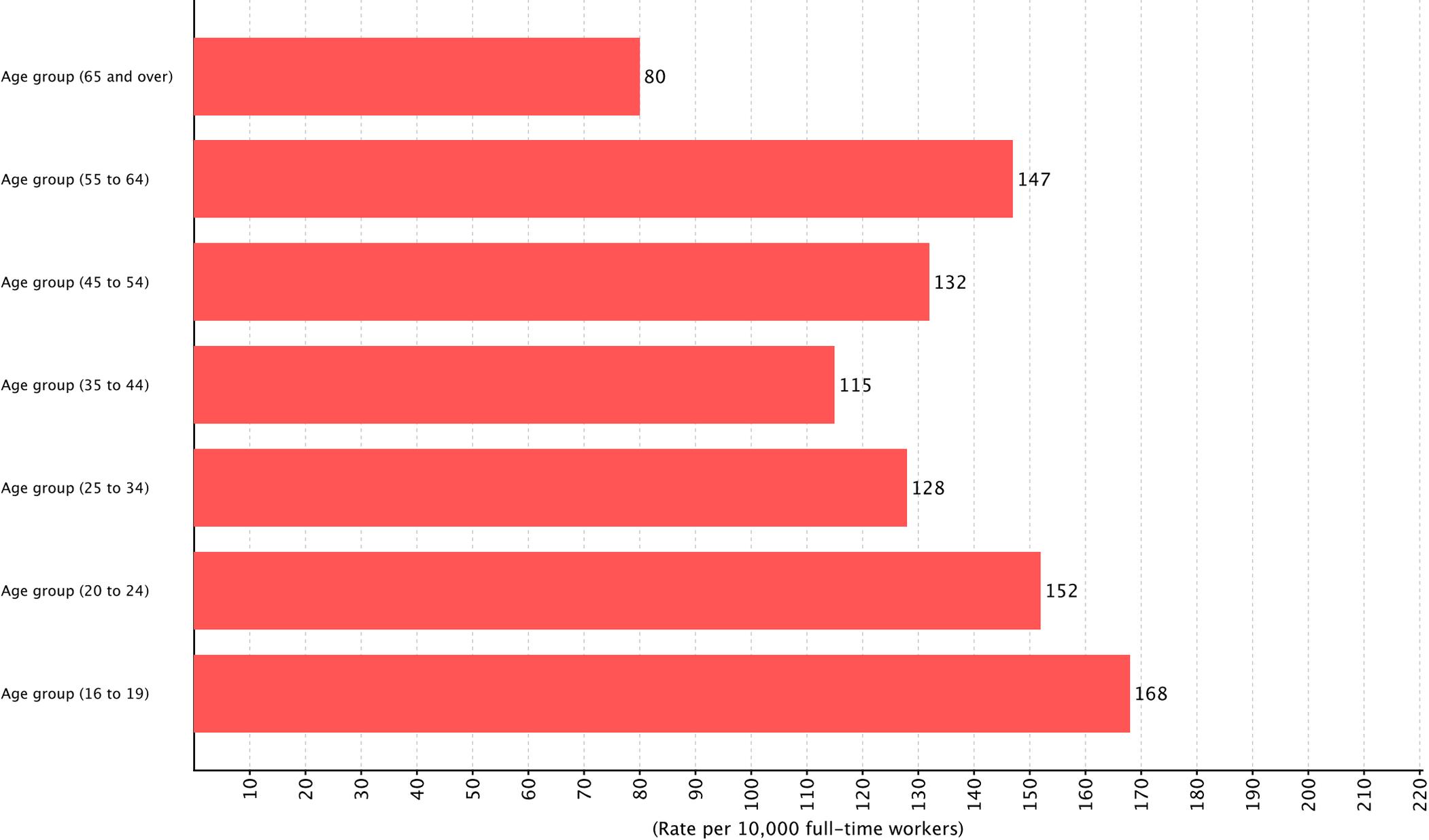
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by source, private industry, Washington, 2016
[Total Cases = 27,010]



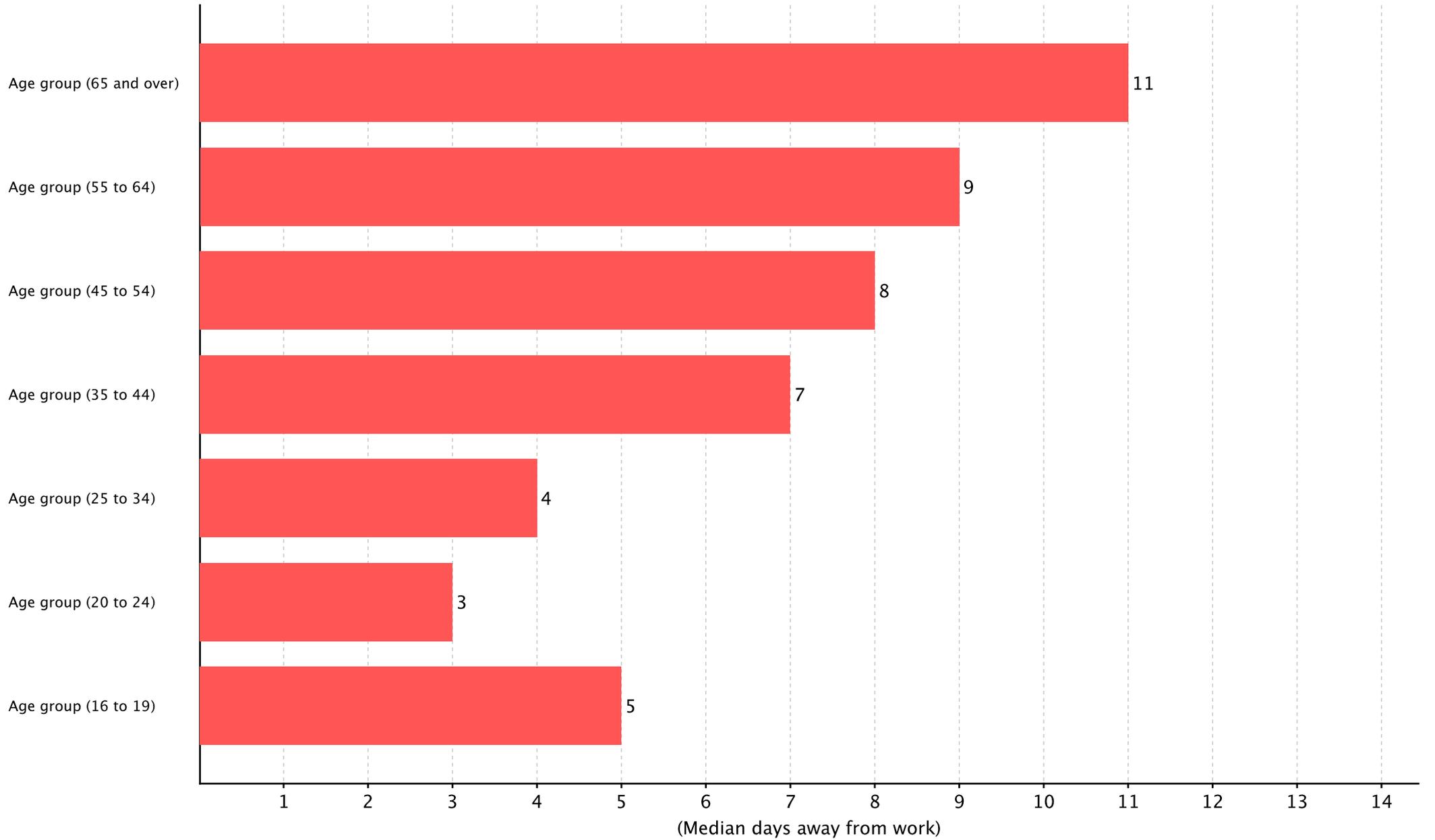
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]

Incidence rate by age of worker, private industry, Washington, 2016



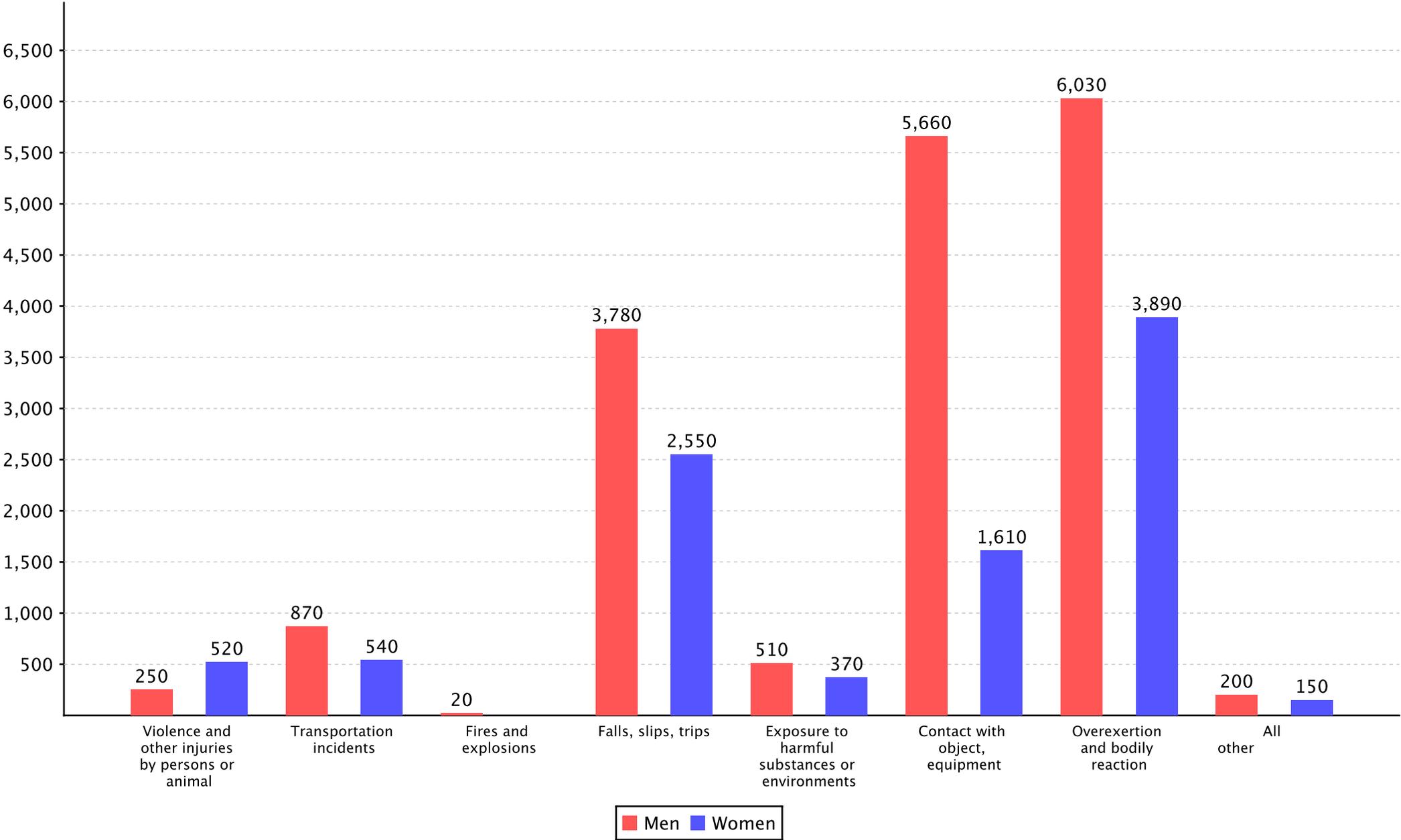
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]

Median days away from work due to injuries and illnesses , private industry, Washington, 2016

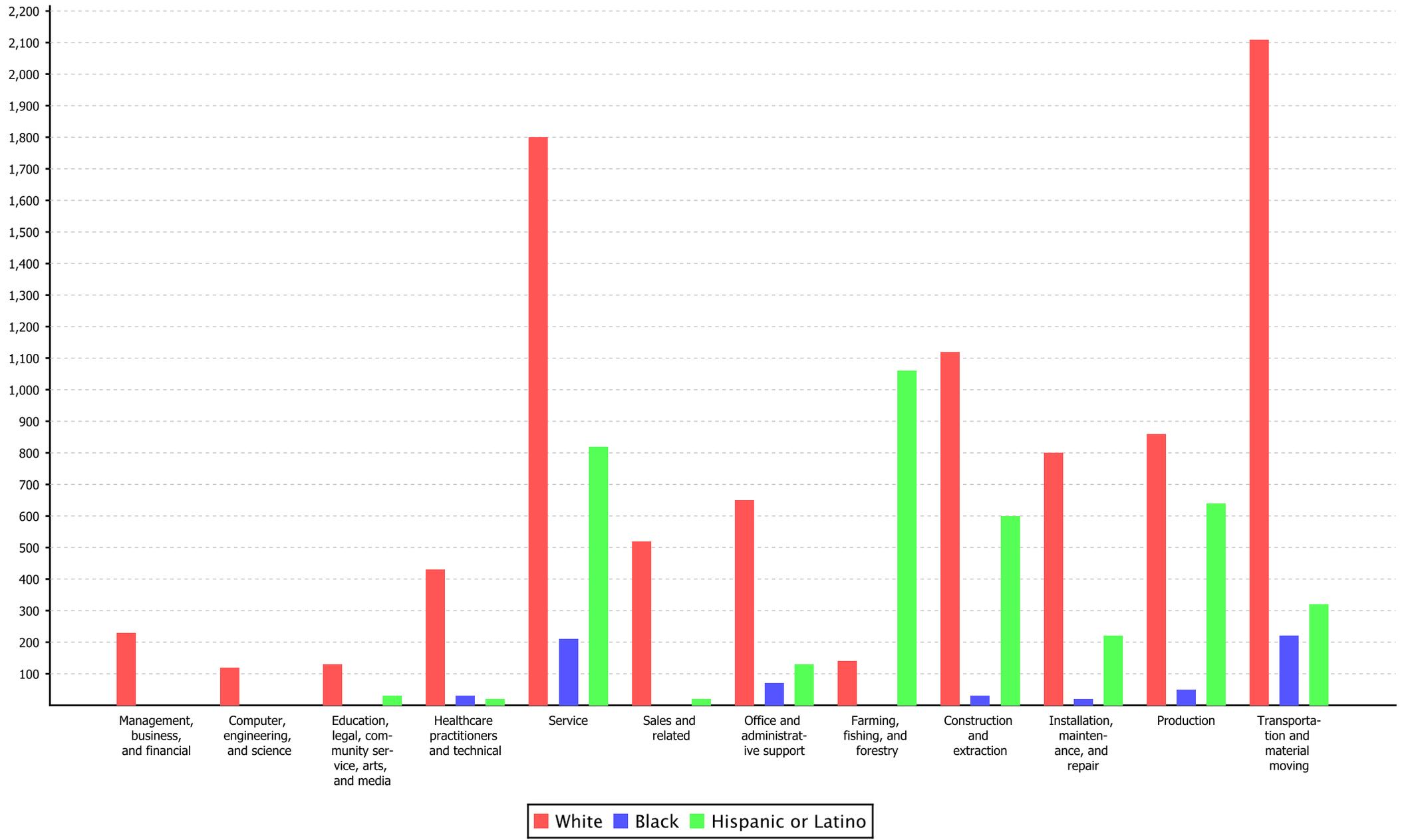


[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]

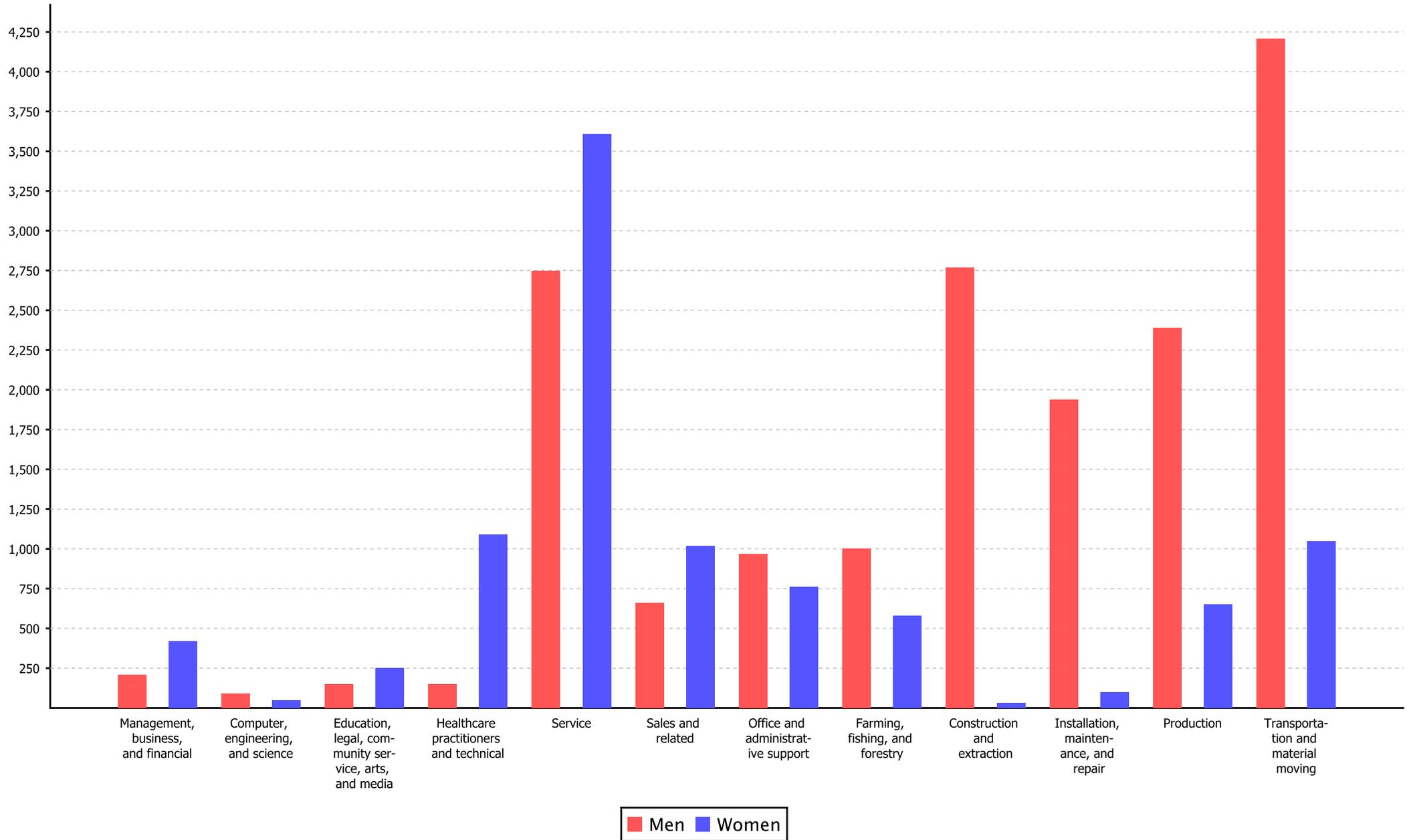
Number of injuries and illnesses by event or exposure and gender, private industry, Washington, 2016
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]



Number of injuries and illnesses to White, Black, and Hispanic or Latino workers, private industry, Washington, 2016
 [SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]

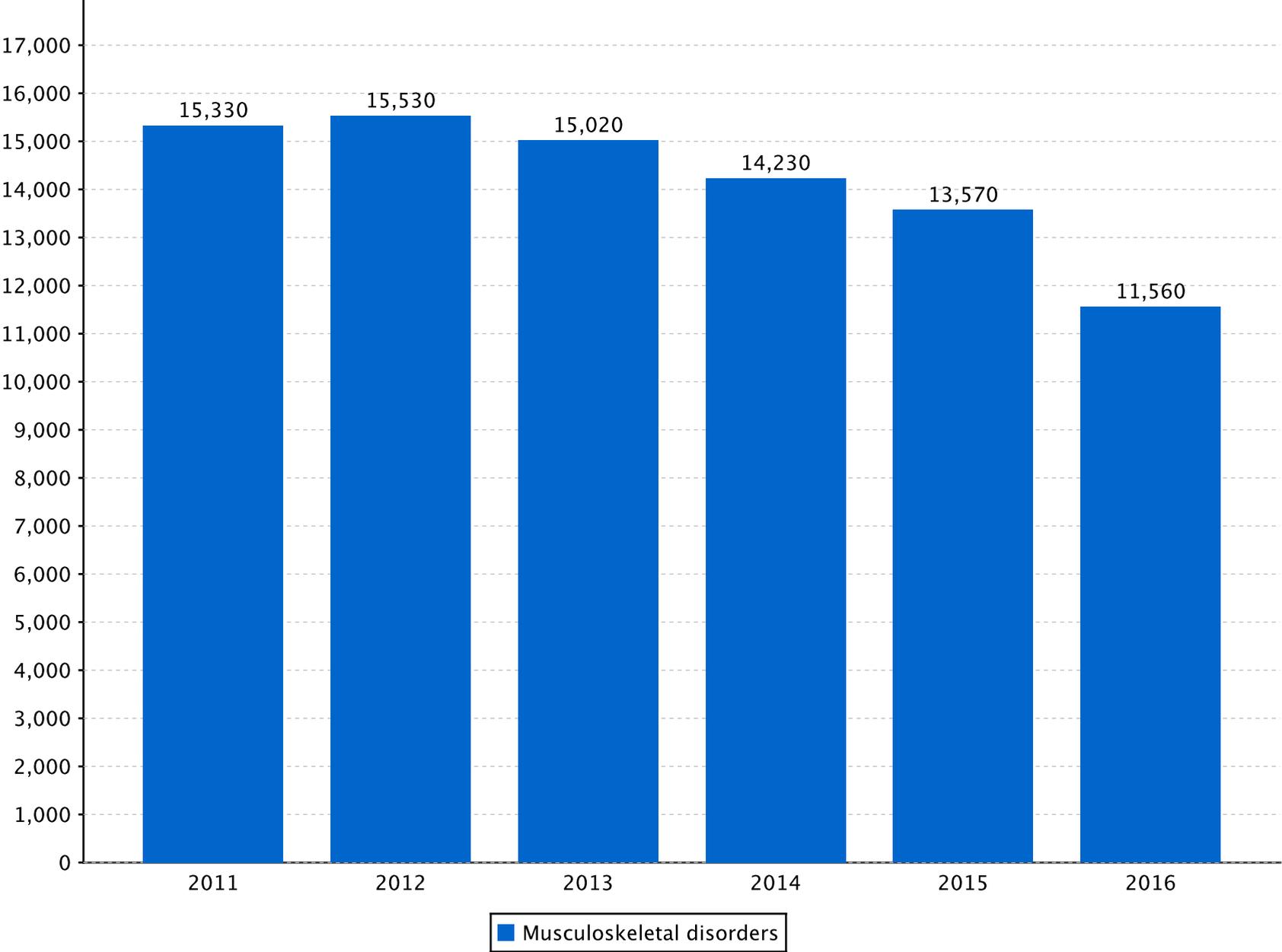


Number of injuries and illnesses by major occupation and gender, private industry, Washington, 2016
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]

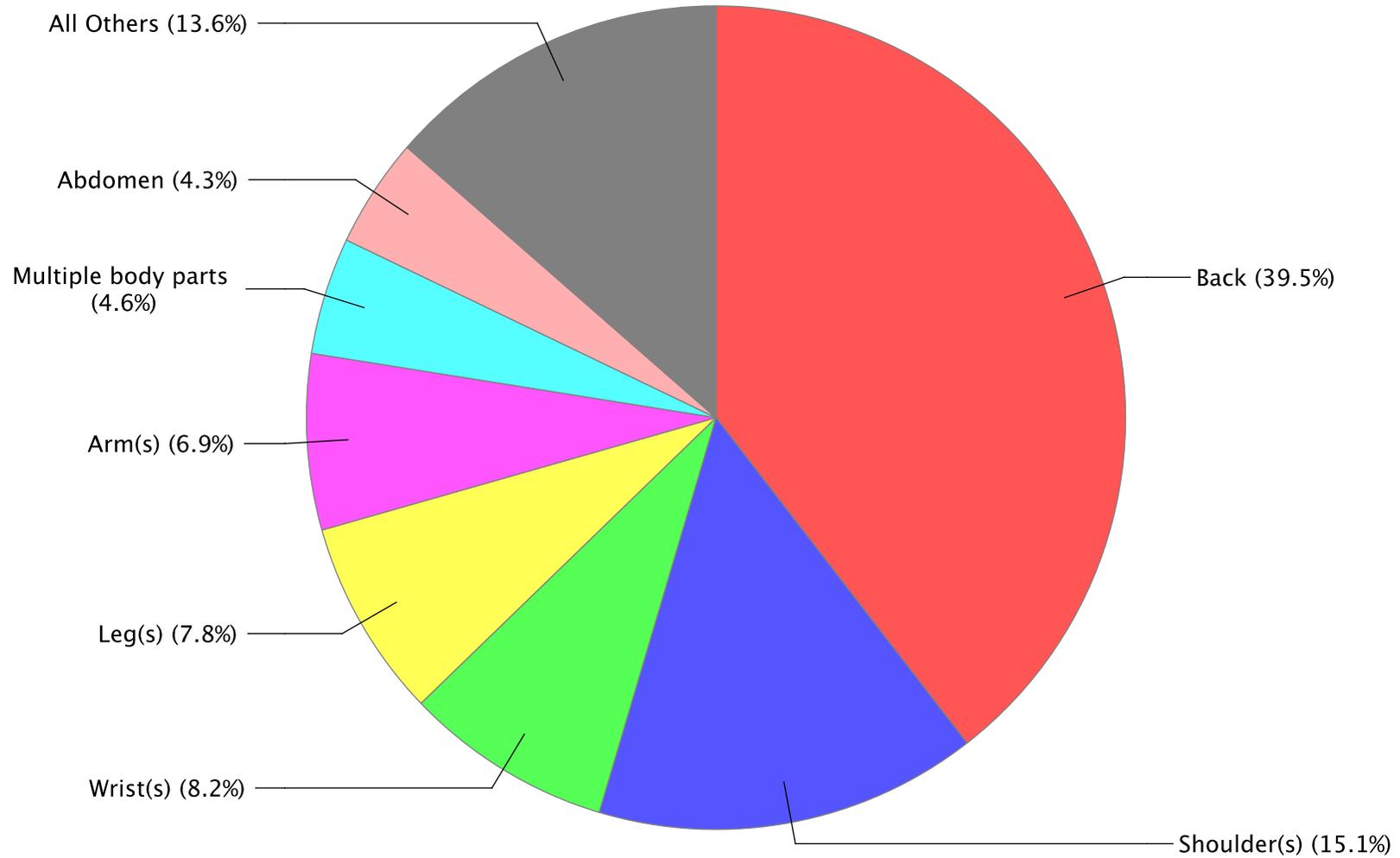


Number of musculoskeletal disorders with days away from work, Washington, 2011-2016

[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]



Distribution of musculoskeletal disorders by selected parts of body, private industry, Washington, 2016
[Total Cases = 9,660]



[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2017]