

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	29,320	9,480	2,130	3,780	3,570	19,840	8,520	--	530	2,170	4,510	2,890	990	--	
Gender:															
Male	17,950	7,710	1,520	3,460	2,730	10,250	5,610	--	390	1,100	900	1,270	780	--	
Female	11,240	1,750	580	320	840	9,500	2,820	--	140	1,070	3,610	1,620	210	--	
Age:															
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
16 to 19	1,010	200	50	100	50	810	210	--	--	--	130	450	--	--	
20 to 24	3,080	1,100	180	680	240	1,980	720	--	110	130	610	320	90	--	
25 to 34	6,720	2,420	590	1,100	730	4,300	2,210	--	80	420	860	550	170	--	
35 to 44	6,280	2,120	370	980	770	4,160	1,640	--	220	410	850	690	340	--	
45 to 54	5,830	1,730	520	480	730	4,100	1,770	--	60	580	890	480	140	--	
55 to 64	4,970	1,420	240	400	780	3,550	1,480	--	60	550	990	220	250	--	
65 and over	730	210	100	--	90	520	260	--	--	30	150	80	--	--	
Length of service with employer:															
Less than 3 months	3,870	1,520	500	630	400	2,340	1,060	--	310	180	340	380	60	--	
3 to 11 months	6,500	1,820	430	830	560	4,680	1,580	--	60	670	1,160	930	250	--	
1 to 5 years	10,170	3,360	710	1,430	1,220	6,810	2,920	--	110	940	1,470	1,000	360	--	
More than 5 years	8,320	2,630	450	880	1,300	5,690	2,780	--	50	390	1,500	490	320	--	
Race or ethnic origin <sup>5</sup> :															
White only	11,470	3,170	210	1,860	1,100	8,300	3,130	--	140	880	2,170	1,110	690	--	
Black only	640	110	--	50	60	530	110	--	--	20	300	70	--	--	
Hispanic or Latino only	4,560	2,570	1,400	810	360	1,990	550	--	210	450	210	540	50	--	
Asian only	590	150	--	30	100	430	90	--	--	--	190	130	--	--	
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	260	90	--	40	50	180	40	--	--	20	90	30	--	--	
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	150	50	--	--	30	100	20	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	
Hispanic or Latino and other race	70	40	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Multi-race	30	--	--	--	--	20	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Not reported	11,560	3,300	510	940	1,850	8,260	4,540	--	160	780	1,500	1,010	220	--	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>5</sup> Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--	
Gender:															
Male	61.2	81.3	71.4	91.5	76.5	51.7	65.8	--	73.6	50.7	20.0	43.9	78.8	--	
Female	38.3	18.5	27.2	8.5	23.5	47.9	33.1	--	26.4	49.3	80.0	56.1	21.2	--	
Age:															
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
16 to 19	3.4	2.1	2.3	2.6	1.4	4.1	2.5	--	--	--	2.9	15.6	--	--	
20 to 24	10.5	11.6	8.5	18.0	6.7	10.0	8.5	--	20.8	6.0	13.5	11.1	9.1	--	
25 to 34	22.9	25.5	27.7	29.1	20.4	21.7	25.9	--	15.1	19.4	19.1	19.0	17.2	--	
35 to 44	21.4	22.4	17.4	25.9	21.6	21.0	19.2	--	41.5	18.9	18.8	23.9	34.3	--	
45 to 54	19.9	18.2	24.4	12.7	20.4	20.7	20.8	--	11.3	26.7	19.7	16.6	14.1	--	
55 to 64	17.0	15.0	11.3	10.6	21.8	17.9	17.4	--	11.3	25.3	22.0	7.6	25.3	--	
65 and over	2.5	2.2	4.7	--	2.5	2.6	3.1	--	--	1.4	3.3	2.8	--	--	
Length of service with employer:															
Less than 3 months	13.2	16.0	23.5	16.7	11.2	11.8	12.4	--	58.5	8.3	7.5	13.1	6.1	--	
3 to 11 months	22.2	19.2	20.2	22.0	15.7	23.6	18.5	--	11.3	30.9	25.7	32.2	25.3	--	
1 to 5 years	34.7	35.4	33.3	37.8	34.2	34.3	34.3	--	20.8	43.3	32.6	34.6	36.4	--	
More than 5 years	28.4	27.7	21.1	23.3	36.4	28.7	32.6	--	9.4	18.0	33.3	17.0	32.3	--	
Race or ethnic origin <sup>5</sup> :															
White only	39.1	33.4	9.9	49.2	30.8	41.8	36.7	--	26.4	40.6	48.1	38.4	69.7	--	
Black only	2.2	1.2	--	1.3	1.7	2.7	1.3	--	--	.9	6.7	2.4	--	--	
Hispanic or Latino only	15.6	27.1	65.7	21.4	10.1	10.0	6.5	--	39.6	20.7	4.7	18.7	5.1	--	
Asian only	2.0	1.6	--	.8	2.8	2.2	1.1	--	--	--	4.2	4.5	--	--	
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	.9	.9	--	1.1	1.4	.9	.5	--	--	.9	2.0	1.0	--	--	
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	.5	.5	--	--	.8	.5	.2	--	--	--	1.3	--	--	--	
Hispanic or Latino and other race	.2	.4	--	--	--	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Multi-race	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Not reported	39.4	34.8	23.9	24.9	51.8	41.6	53.3	--	30.2	35.9	33.3	34.9	22.2	--	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>5</sup> Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies, December 04, 2018.December 04, 2018

Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by major occupational group and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	29,320	9,480	2,130	3,780	3,570	19,840	8,520	--	530	2,170	4,510	2,890	990	--	
Management occupations	530	90	--	40	50	440	90	--	110	20	80	60	50	--	
Business and financial operations occupations	160	--	--	--	--	150	20	--	--	30	90	--	--	--	
Computer and mathematical occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	60	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	
Community and social service occupations	250	--	--	--	--	250	--	--	--	--	240	--	--	--	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Education, training, and library occupations	210	--	--	--	--	210	--	--	--	--	200	--	--	--	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	20	30	--	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	1,350	--	--	--	--	1,350	20	--	--	320	1,020	--	--	--	
Healthcare support occupations	1,430	--	--	--	--	1,430	--	--	--	--	1,390	--	--	--	
Protective service occupations	410	30	--	30	--	380	--	--	30	270	20	50	--	--	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	2,490	--	--	--	--	2,470	420	--	--	50	210	1,800	--	--	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1,990	160	80	--	70	1,830	90	--	310	650	390	360	40	--	
Personal care and service occupations	980	--	--	--	--	980	20	--	--	--	550	290	100	--	
Sales and related occupations	1,630	40	--	--	20	1,590	1,460	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	
Office and administrative support occupations	1,790	150	20	--	130	1,630	1,180	--	--	150	160	70	60	--	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1,890	1,840	1,820	--	--	60	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Construction and extraction occupations	3,290	3,090	--	2,930	150	200	110	--	--	50	20	--	--	--	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	2,100	640	60	230	350	1,460	580	--	40	--	30	40	570	--	
Production occupations	3,670	2,640	40	460	2,130	1,030	750	--	--	170	30	40	40	--	
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,950	760	80	70	610	4,200	3,700	--	--	290	50	30	110	--	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2017

Occupation	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	29,320	9,480	2,130	3,780	3,570	19,840	8,520	--	530	2,170	4,510	2,890	990	--	
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	1,850	340	--	20	320	1,510	1,380	--	--	90	20	--	--	--	
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	1,170	1,140	1,140	--	--	40	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	1,160	130	40	40	60	1,030	910	--	--	110	--	--	--	--	
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	1,050	90	--	--	70	970	90	--	310	340	130	90	--	--	
Construction laborers	950	920	--	910	--	30	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	
Nursing assistants	760	--	--	--	--	760	--	--	--	--	750	--	--	--	
Stock clerks and order fillers	720	50	--	--	40	670	640	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	
Carpenters	690	650	--	590	50	40	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Light truck or delivery services drivers	620	70	--	--	70	560	520	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	
Cooks, restaurant	610	--	--	--	--	610	--	--	--	--	--	600	--	--	
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	560	--	--	--	--	560	560	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Registered nurses	550	--	--	--	--	550	--	--	--	--	550	--	--	--	
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	520	--	--	--	--	520	210	--	--	--	--	--	310	--	
Retail salespersons	500	--	--	--	--	500	480	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	470	--	--	--	--	470	--	--	--	--	210	240	--	--	
Food preparation workers	450	--	--	--	--	450	350	--	--	--	30	70	--	--	
Cashiers	450	--	--	--	--	430	340	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	
Painters, construction and maintenance	420	410	--	400	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Farmworkers, farm, ranch, and aquacultural animals	390	390	390	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers	380	380	--	--	380	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	340	--	--	--	--	340	--	--	--	260	30	20	--	--	
Dental assistants	290	--	--	--	--	290	--	--	--	--	290	--	--	--	
Personal care aides	290	--	--	--	--	290	--	--	--	--	290	--	--	--	
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	280	--	--	--	--	280	--	--	--	--	--	260	--	--	
Maintenance and repair workers, general	280	110	--	--	110	170	20	--	20	--	30	--	70	--	
First-line supervisors of construction trades and extraction workers	280	230	--	230	--	50	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

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SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	29,320	9,480	2,130	3,780	3,570	19,840	8,520	--	530	2,170	4,510	2,890	990	--	
Nature of injury, illness:															
Fractures	2,420	1,030	370	330	330	1,400	780	--	--	90	240	260	--	--	
Sprains, strains, tears	10,810	3,140	490	1,460	1,190	7,670	3,530	--	100	850	1,870	680	440	--	
Amputations	90	60	--	--	50	30	--	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	
Bruise, contusions	1,820	500	200	80	220	1,330	480	--	--	130	520	140	40	--	
Chemical burns and corrosions	130	60	30	--	20	70	20	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	
Heat (thermal) burns	250	30	--	--	20	220	40	--	--	--	20	150	--	--	
Soreness, pain	6,400	1,680	610	590	480	4,720	1,790	--	360	410	1,080	890	160	--	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	3,220	1,450	90	910	450	1,770	740	--	--	420	130	260	210	--	
Cuts, lacerations	2,120	910	80	460	370	1,210	610	--	--	100	50	230	210	--	
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	1,100	540	--	460	80	560	130	--	--	320	90	20	--	--	
Carpal tunnel syndrome	180	100	--	--	90	80	20	--	--	--	20	30	--	--	
Tendonitis	100	60	--	--	30	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Multiple traumatic injuries	560	230	50	120	70	320	170	--	--	30	70	30	--	--	
With sprains and other injuries	130	50	20	--	20	80	40	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	
With fractures and other injuries	140	110	--	--	--	30	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Part of body affected:															
Head	2,460	910	290	360	250	1,550	620	--	200	160	210	270	90	--	
Eye	760	330	170	60	100	430	90	--	190	20	30	80	--	--	
Neck	270	80	--	50	20	200	110	--	--	--	70	--	--	--	
Trunk	7,610	2,300	510	1,060	740	5,310	2,530	--	80	440	1,450	550	240	--	
Back	5,850	1,700	240	920	540	4,150	1,930	--	50	310	1,150	460	230	--	
Upper extremities	9,770	3,340	420	1,310	1,610	6,430	2,770	--	60	730	1,350	930	420	--	
Shoulder	2,090	460	70	110	280	1,630	750	--	--	110	450	110	40	--	
Arm	1,670	570	70	220	270	1,100	650	--	30	20	190	200	--	--	
Wrist	1,350	500	100	100	310	850	310	--	--	100	160	130	140	--	
Hand	4,300	1,700	160	860	680	2,600	940	--	20	470	470	470	230	--	
Lower extremities	6,160	2,110	610	800	700	4,050	1,660	--	40	640	890	720	80	--	
Knee	2,430	850	260	340	250	1,590	750	--	20	190	330	270	--	--	
Ankle	1,500	560	170	260	130	940	300	--	--	360	140	120	--	--	
Foot	1,470	380	80	100	190	1,100	400	--	--	40	330	290	--	--	
Toe, toenail	320	130	40	30	60	190	90	--	--	--	20	70	--	--	
Body systems	290	70	--	--	50	210	90	--	--	20	80	20	--	--	
Multiple	2,500	610	240	170	200	1,890	730	--	140	120	430	380	100	--	
Source of injury, illness:															
Chemical, chemical products	320	140	50	--	70	180	60	--	--	30	20	50	--	--	
Containers	3,890	700	170	130	400	3,190	2,210	--	20	340	210	330	70	--	
Furniture, fixtures	1,200	230	20	110	100	970	300	--	50	50	430	140	--	--	
Machinery	1,380	520	70	80	380	860	440	--	--	150	120	120	--	--	
Parts and materials	2,710	1,670	120	1,020	530	1,040	740	--	--	60	40	30	170	--	
Person, injured or ill worker	5,100	1,930	380	730	830	3,170	1,080	--	30	510	680	620	50	--	
Worker motion or position	4,980	1,910	370	730	820	3,060	1,030	--	30	510	670	590	50	--	
Person, other than injured or ill workers	1,610	40	--	30	--	1,570	50	--	--	30	1,430	40	--	--	
Health care patient	1,070	--	--	--	--	1,070	--	--	--	--	1,070	--	--	--	
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	4,040	990	310	260	420	3,050	1,030	--	40	250	890	650	170	--	
Ladder	1,300	830	360	440	30	470	370	--	--	50	--	30	--	--	
Handtools	1,900	730	140	310	280	1,170	400	--	200	60	30	200	280	--	
Vehicles	2,420	600	180	290	130	1,820	1,220	--	110	110	160	110	100	--	

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Trucks	510	90	20	60	--	420	380	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	230	30	--	--	20	200	90	--	--	--	40	50	--	--	
Event or exposure:															
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	1,130	100	70	30	--	1,030	90	--	--	340	530	50	--	--	
Intentional injury by other person	410	40	--	30	--	370	30	--	--	--	300	30	--	--	
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	230	--	--	--	--	220	--	--	--	--	160	20	--	--	
Animal and insect related incidents	500	60	60	--	--	440	50	--	--	310	70	--	--	--	
Transportation incidents	1,210	280	120	110	50	940	510	--	110	70	110	60	80	--	
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	680	120	--	90	--	560	280	--	--	60	100	60	60	--	
Fires and explosions	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Falls, slips, trips	6,960	2,340	960	760	620	4,620	1,940	--	60	450	1,060	930	160	--	
Slips, trips without fall	1,180	520	250	190	80	660	210	--	--	90	120	230	--	--	
Fall on same level	4,020	1,020	350	290	380	3,000	1,040	--	40	270	890	640	110	--	
Fall to lower level	1,670	760	360	280	120	920	650	--	--	90	50	50	50	--	
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	790	260	60	60	140	530	140	--	--	60	120	210	--	--	
Contact with object, equipment	7,650	3,130	550	1,430	1,160	4,520	2,110	--	220	390	670	860	270	--	
Struck by object or equipment	5,000	1,910	330	1,050	530	3,090	1,320	--	200	210	430	660	250	--	
Struck against object or equipment	1,510	680	90	280	300	840	480	--	--	70	140	130	--	--	
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	800	350	60	40	250	450	240	--	--	100	50	60	--	--	
Overexertion and bodily reaction	11,190	3,300	380	1,360	1,560	7,880	3,640	--	130	800	1,980	720	420	--	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	1,030	410	--	60	340	620	210	--	--	40	260	90	--	--	
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	3,650	970	120	510	340	2,680	1,630	--	30	140	480	230	170	--	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--	
Nature of injury, illness:															
Fractures	8.3	10.9	17.4	8.7	9.2	7.1	9.2	--	--	4.1	5.3	9.0	--	--	
Sprains, strains, tears	36.9	33.1	23.0	38.6	33.3	38.7	41.4	--	18.9	39.2	41.5	23.5	44.4	--	
Amputations	.3	.6	--	--	1.4	.2	--	--	--	--	--	1.0	--	--	
Bruise, contusions	6.2	5.3	9.4	2.1	6.2	6.7	5.6	--	--	6.0	11.5	4.8	4.0	--	
Chemical burns and corrosions	.4	.6	1.4	--	.6	.4	.2	--	--	1.4	--	--	--	--	
Heat (thermal) burns	.9	.3	--	--	.6	1.1	.5	--	--	--	.4	5.2	--	--	
Soreness, pain	21.8	17.7	28.6	15.6	13.4	23.8	21.0	--	67.9	18.9	23.9	30.8	16.2	--	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	11.0	15.3	4.2	24.1	12.6	8.9	8.7	--	--	19.4	2.9	9.0	21.2	--	
Cuts, lacerations	7.2	9.6	3.8	12.2	10.4	6.1	7.2	--	--	4.6	1.1	8.0	21.2	--	
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	3.8	5.7	--	12.2	2.2	2.8	1.5	--	--	14.7	2.0	.7	--	--	
Carpal tunnel syndrome	.6	1.1	--	--	2.5	.4	.2	--	--	--	.4	1.0	--	--	
Tendonitis	.3	.6	--	--	.8	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Multiple traumatic injuries	1.9	2.4	2.3	3.2	2.0	1.6	2.0	--	--	1.4	1.6	1.0	--	--	
With sprains and other injuries	.4	.5	.9	--	.6	.4	.5	--	--	.9	--	--	--	--	
With fractures and other injuries	.5	1.2	--	--	--	.2	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Part of body affected:															
Head	8.4	9.6	13.6	9.5	7.0	7.8	7.3	--	37.7	7.4	4.7	9.3	9.1	--	
Eye	2.6	3.5	8.0	1.6	2.8	2.2	1.1	--	35.8	.9	.7	2.8	--	--	
Neck	.9	.8	--	1.3	.6	1.0	1.3	--	--	--	1.6	--	--	--	
Trunk	26.0	24.3	23.9	28.0	20.7	26.8	29.7	--	15.1	20.3	32.2	19.0	24.2	--	
Back	20.0	17.9	11.3	24.3	15.1	20.9	22.7	--	9.4	14.3	25.5	15.9	23.2	--	
Upper extremities	33.3	35.2	19.7	34.7	45.1	32.4	32.5	--	11.3	33.6	29.9	32.2	42.4	--	
Shoulder	7.1	4.9	3.3	2.9	7.8	8.2	8.8	--	--	5.1	10.0	3.8	4.0	--	
Arm	5.7	6.0	3.3	5.8	7.6	5.5	7.6	--	5.7	.9	4.2	6.9	--	--	
Wrist	4.6	5.3	4.7	2.6	8.7	4.3	3.6	--	--	4.6	3.5	4.5	14.1	--	
Hand	14.7	17.9	7.5	22.8	19.0	13.1	11.0	--	3.8	21.7	10.4	16.3	23.2	--	
Lower extremities	21.0	22.3	28.6	21.2	19.6	20.4	19.5	--	7.5	29.5	19.7	24.9	8.1	--	
Knee	8.3	9.0	12.2	9.0	7.0	8.0	8.8	--	3.8	8.8	7.3	9.3	--	--	
Ankle	5.1	5.9	8.0	6.9	3.6	4.7	3.5	--	--	16.6	3.1	4.2	--	--	
Foot	5.0	4.0	3.8	2.6	5.3	5.5	4.7	--	--	1.8	7.3	10.0	--	--	
Toe, toenail	1.1	1.4	1.9	.8	1.7	1.0	1.1	--	--	--	.4	2.4	--	--	
Body systems	1.0	.7	--	--	1.4	1.1	1.1	--	--	.9	1.8	.7	--	--	
Multiple	8.5	6.4	11.3	4.5	5.6	9.5	8.6	--	26.4	5.5	9.5	13.1	10.1	--	
Source of injury, illness:															
Chemical, chemical products	1.1	1.5	2.3	--	2.0	.9	.7	--	--	1.4	.4	1.7	--	--	
Containers	13.3	7.4	8.0	3.4	11.2	16.1	25.9	--	3.8	15.7	4.7	11.4	7.1	--	
Furniture, fixtures	4.1	2.4	.9	2.9	2.8	4.9	3.5	--	9.4	2.3	9.5	4.8	--	--	
Machinery	4.7	5.5	3.3	2.1	10.6	4.3	5.2	--	--	6.9	2.7	4.2	--	--	
Parts and materials	9.2	17.6	5.6	27.0	14.8	5.2	8.7	--	--	2.8	.9	1.0	17.2	--	
Person, injured or ill worker	17.4	20.4	17.8	19.3	23.2	16.0	12.7	--	5.7	23.5	15.1	21.5	5.1	--	
Worker motion or position	17.0	20.1	17.4	19.3	23.0	15.4	12.1	--	5.7	23.5	14.9	20.4	5.1	--	
Person, other than injured or ill workers	5.5	.4	--	.8	--	7.9	.6	--	--	1.4	31.7	1.4	--	--	
Health care patient	3.6	--	--	--	--	5.4	--	--	--	--	23.7	--	--	--	
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	13.8	10.4	14.6	6.9	11.8	15.4	12.1	--	7.5	11.5	19.7	22.5	17.2	--	
Ladder	4.4	8.8	16.9	11.6	.8	2.4	4.3	--	--	2.3	--	1.0	--	--	
Handtools	6.5	7.7	6.6	8.2	7.8	5.9	4.7	--	37.7	2.8	.7	6.9	28.3	--	
Vehicles	8.3	6.3	8.5	7.7	3.6	9.2	14.3	--	20.8	5.1	3.5	3.8	10.1	--	

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Trucks	1.7	.9	.9	1.6	--	2.1	4.5	--	--	.9	--	--	--	--	
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	.8	.3	--	--	.6	1.0	1.1	--	--	--	.9	1.7	--	--	
Event or exposure:															
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	3.9	1.1	3.3	.8	--	5.2	1.1	--	--	15.7	11.8	1.7	--	--	
Intentional injury by other person	1.4	.4	--	.8	--	1.9	.4	--	--	--	6.7	1.0	--	--	
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	.8	--	--	--	--	1.1	--	--	--	--	3.5	.7	--	--	
Animal and insect related incidents	1.7	.6	2.8	--	--	2.2	.6	--	--	14.3	1.6	--	--	--	
Transportation incidents	4.1	3.0	5.6	2.9	1.4	4.7	6.0	--	20.8	3.2	2.4	2.1	8.1	--	
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.3	1.3	--	2.4	--	2.8	3.3	--	--	2.8	2.2	2.1	6.1	--	
Fires and explosions	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Falls, slips, trips	23.7	24.7	45.1	20.1	17.4	23.3	22.8	--	11.3	20.7	23.5	32.2	16.2	--	
Slips, trips without fall	4.0	5.5	11.7	5.0	2.2	3.3	2.5	--	--	4.1	2.7	8.0	--	--	
Fall on same level	13.7	10.8	16.4	7.7	10.6	15.1	12.2	--	7.5	12.4	19.7	22.1	11.1	--	
Fall to lower level	5.7	8.0	16.9	7.4	3.4	4.6	7.6	--	--	4.1	1.1	1.7	5.1	--	
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	2.7	2.7	2.8	1.6	3.9	2.7	1.6	--	--	2.8	2.7	7.3	--	--	
Contact with object, equipment	26.1	33.0	25.8	37.8	32.5	22.8	24.8	--	41.5	18.0	14.9	29.8	27.3	--	
Struck by object or equipment	17.1	20.1	15.5	27.8	14.8	15.6	15.5	--	37.7	9.7	9.5	22.8	25.3	--	
Struck against object or equipment	5.2	7.2	4.2	7.4	8.4	4.2	5.6	--	--	3.2	3.1	4.5	--	--	
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	2.7	3.7	2.8	1.1	7.0	2.3	2.8	--	--	4.6	1.1	2.1	--	--	
Overexertion and bodily reaction	38.2	34.8	17.8	36.0	43.7	39.7	42.7	--	24.5	36.9	43.9	24.9	42.4	--	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	3.5	4.3	--	1.6	9.5	3.1	2.5	--	--	1.8	5.8	3.1	--	--	
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	12.4	10.2	5.6	13.5	9.5	13.5	19.1	--	5.7	6.5	10.6	8.0	17.2	--	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 7. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	134.6	181.4	262.4	232.2	128.1	119.8	170.2	--	41.0	63.5	150.9	137.9	160.4	--
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	11.1	19.6	45.4	20.0	11.9	8.4	15.6	--	--	2.7	7.9	12.2	--	--
Sprains, strains, tears	49.6	60.1	59.9	89.5	42.9	46.3	70.6	--	7.4	25.0	62.7	32.3	71.4	--
Amputations	.4	1.1	--	--	1.6	.2	--	--	--	--	--	1.3	--	--
Bruise, contusions	8.4	9.5	25.0	4.7	7.8	8.0	9.5	--	--	3.9	17.3	6.7	6.8	--
Chemical burns and corrosions	.6	1.2	3.9	--	.7	.4	.5	--	--	.9	--	--	--	--
Heat (thermal) burns	1.1	.6	--	--	.8	1.3	.8	--	--	--	.7	7.2	--	--
Soreness, pain	29.4	32.2	75.1	36.2	17.3	28.5	35.8	--	28.0	12.0	36.1	42.4	25.4	--
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	14.8	27.7	10.6	56.1	16.2	10.7	14.7	--	--	12.3	4.5	12.3	33.7	--
Cuts, lacerations	9.7	17.4	9.8	28.1	13.4	7.3	12.1	--	--	3.0	1.5	11.2	33.7	--
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	5.1	10.4	--	28.0	2.8	3.4	2.6	--	--	9.3	2.9	1.1	--	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome	.8	1.9	--	--	3.4	.5	.5	--	--	--	.8	1.2	--	--
Tendonitis	.5	1.1	--	--	1.2	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries	2.6	4.5	6.1	7.3	2.4	1.9	3.4	--	--	.7	2.2	1.6	--	--
With sprains and other injuries	.6	1.0	2.9	--	.9	.5	.9	--	--	.5	--	--	--	--
With fractures and other injuries	.6	2.1	--	--	--	.2	.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Part of body affected:														
Head	11.3	17.4	35.9	22.2	9.1	9.4	12.4	--	15.6	4.6	6.9	12.7	13.9	--
Eye	3.5	6.4	21.2	3.7	3.6	2.6	1.8	--	14.4	.5	.9	3.7	--	--
Neck	1.3	1.5	--	3.1	.6	1.2	2.1	--	--	--	2.3	--	--	--
Trunk	34.9	44.1	62.2	64.9	26.6	32.0	50.6	--	5.9	12.8	48.6	26.2	39.1	--
Back	26.8	32.5	29.8	56.2	19.5	25.0	38.6	--	4.0	9.1	38.4	21.7	37.6	--
Upper extremities	44.9	63.9	51.4	80.7	57.7	38.9	55.3	--	5.0	21.4	45.3	44.2	67.9	--
Shoulder	9.6	8.8	8.5	6.8	10.0	9.8	15.1	--	--	3.4	14.9	5.0	5.8	--
Arm	7.7	10.8	8.6	13.6	9.8	6.7	12.9	--	2.4	.7	6.4	9.4	--	--
Wrist	6.2	9.6	12.1	5.9	11.1	5.1	6.2	--	--	2.9	5.5	6.1	23.3	--
Hand	19.7	32.6	19.5	52.8	24.6	15.7	18.8	--	1.6	13.8	15.8	22.2	36.7	--
Lower extremities	28.3	40.3	74.6	49.1	25.1	24.5	33.2	--	3.3	18.7	29.8	34.3	12.8	--
Knee	11.2	16.2	31.8	20.8	9.0	9.6	15.0	--	1.6	5.7	10.9	13.0	--	--
Ankle	6.9	10.7	20.7	15.8	4.8	5.7	5.9	--	--	10.6	4.8	5.6	--	--
Foot	6.8	7.2	10.0	6.2	6.9	6.6	8.0	--	--	1.3	11.1	13.7	--	--
Toe, toenail	1.5	2.4	4.6	1.5	2.3	1.2	1.8	--	--	--	.8	3.3	--	--
Body systems	1.3	1.4	--	--	1.6	1.3	1.8	--	--	.7	2.7	.9	--	--
Multiple	11.5	11.6	29.8	10.2	7.1	11.4	14.5	--	10.5	3.4	14.4	18.2	16.0	--
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	1.5	2.7	6.0	--	2.7	1.1	1.1	--	--	.9	.8	2.3	--	--
Containers	17.9	13.4	20.9	7.9	14.3	19.3	44.1	--	1.9	9.9	7.1	15.9	11.6	--
Furniture, fixtures	5.5	4.4	2.7	6.5	3.7	5.9	6.0	--	3.5	1.4	14.5	6.8	--	--
Machinery	6.3	10.0	8.2	4.6	13.6	5.2	8.8	--	--	4.4	4.0	5.9	--	--
Parts and materials	12.4	31.9	14.3	62.9	18.9	6.3	14.7	--	--	1.6	1.4	1.6	27.3	--
Person, injured or ill worker	23.4	37.0	46.5	44.5	29.8	19.1	21.5	--	2.6	15.0	22.9	29.6	8.6	--
Worker motion or position	22.8	36.6	45.5	44.5	29.3	18.5	20.6	--	2.6	14.9	22.5	28.2	8.6	--
Person, other than injured or ill workers	7.4	.8	--	1.7	--	9.5	.9	--	--	.9	48.0	2.1	--	--
Health care patient	4.9	--	--	--	--	6.5	--	--	--	--	35.7	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	18.5	19.0	37.9	16.2	15.1	18.4	20.6	--	3.2	7.2	29.7	31.1	27.1	--
Ladder	6.0	15.9	44.0	27.2	1.1	2.8	7.5	--	--	1.5	--	1.4	--	--
Handtools	8.7	13.9	17.6	18.8	10.0	7.1	8.0	--	15.9	1.6	1.1	9.6	45.3	--
Vehicles	11.1	11.5	21.8	17.6	4.8	11.0	24.4	--	8.6	3.1	5.4	5.3	16.9	--

Table 7. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Trucks	2.4	1.7	2.4	3.9	--	2.5	7.5	--	--	.7	--	--	--	--	
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.0	.5	--	--	.8	1.2	1.8	--	--	--	1.4	2.2	--	--	
Event or exposure:															
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	5.2	2.0	8.1	1.7	--	6.2	1.8	--	--	10.0	17.9	2.3	--	--	
Intentional injury by other person	1.9	.7	--	1.7	--	2.2	.6	--	--	--	10.1	1.3	--	--	
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	1.0	--	--	--	--	1.3	--	--	--	--	5.5	.8	--	--	
Animal and insect related incidents	2.3	1.2	7.1	--	--	2.6	.9	--	--	9.1	2.3	--	--	--	
Transportation incidents	5.6	5.3	14.3	7.0	1.7	5.7	10.1	--	8.3	2.0	3.6	3.0	12.7	--	
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	3.1	2.3	--	5.5	--	3.4	5.6	--	--	1.8	3.3	2.8	9.0	--	
Fires and explosions	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Falls, slips, trips	32.0	44.7	118.0	46.5	22.4	27.9	38.7	--	4.4	13.3	35.6	44.4	25.6	--	
Slips, trips without fall	5.4	10.0	30.9	11.5	3.0	4.0	4.2	--	--	2.6	4.2	11.1	--	--	
Fall on same level	18.5	19.6	43.1	17.9	13.7	18.1	20.7	--	3.1	8.0	29.6	30.4	17.3	--	
Fall to lower level	7.7	14.5	44.1	17.0	4.4	5.5	13.0	--	--	2.6	1.7	2.6	8.3	--	
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	3.6	5.0	7.7	3.7	5.0	3.2	2.8	--	--	1.7	3.9	9.9	--	--	
Contact with object, equipment	35.1	60.0	67.1	87.9	41.5	27.3	42.2	--	16.7	11.4	22.5	40.8	43.2	--	
Struck by object or equipment	23.0	36.6	40.5	64.6	19.2	18.6	26.4	--	15.9	6.2	14.4	31.6	40.1	--	
Struck against object or equipment	7.0	12.9	10.8	17.3	10.9	5.1	9.5	--	--	2.0	4.8	6.4	--	--	
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	3.7	6.7	7.3	2.4	9.0	2.7	4.7	--	--	2.8	1.6	2.8	--	--	
Overexertion and bodily reaction	51.3	63.2	46.5	83.7	56.1	47.6	72.7	--	10.2	23.4	66.3	34.4	67.3	--	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	4.7	7.8	--	3.5	12.2	3.7	4.2	--	--	1.3	8.6	4.3	--	--	
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	16.7	18.5	14.6	31.6	12.1	16.2	32.6	--	2.3	4.2	16.0	11.1	26.7	--	

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses  
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year  
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>3</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>4</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>5</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	16.2	11.3	20.0	12.8	11.4	6.0	22.2	6
Gender:									
Male	100.0	14.0	12.3	20.9	12.3	10.5	6.8	23.2	6
Female	100.0	19.9	9.9	18.6	13.7	12.7	4.7	20.4	6
Age:									
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	100.0	37.6	19.8	12.9	5.9	7.9	5.9	9.9	2
20 - 24	100.0	27.6	12.7	19.5	12.0	4.9	1.9	21.4	3
25 - 34	100.0	18.6	11.8	21.6	14.7	10.4	8.9	14.0	5
35 - 44	100.0	16.2	15.4	18.9	12.1	8.1	6.8	22.0	5
45 - 54	100.0	8.4	9.9	21.8	10.1	15.8	4.6	29.3	10
55 - 64	100.0	13.1	5.2	18.7	15.5	16.1	4.6	26.8	10
65 and over	100.0	6.8	9.6	12.3	23.3	8.2	8.2	32.9	10
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0	18.1	16.0	16.5	11.9	11.4	5.4	20.2	5
3 - 11 months	100.0	18.9	10.9	25.2	11.4	7.7	4.6	21.2	5
1 - 5 years	100.0	20.1	12.2	19.7	13.9	10.7	4.0	19.4	5
5 years or more	100.0	8.8	8.4	18.5	13.1	14.9	9.6	26.6	11
Race or ethnic origin <sup>2</sup> :									
White	100.0	21.3	10.1	20.2	14.0	12.0	5.9	16.4	5
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	11.0	14.9	15.1	8.3	10.7	5.3	34.6	11
Black or African American	100.0	14.1	7.8	31.3	10.9	10.9	3.1	21.9	5
Asian	100.0	18.6	13.6	18.6	16.9	6.8	5.1	18.6	5
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	13.3	--	13.3	--	--	--	60.0	120
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	23.1	--	38.5	--	15.4	--	11.5	5
Multi-race	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9
Hispanic and other	100.0	--	--	--	57.1	--	--	--	10

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by major occupational group and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2017

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	16.2	11.3	20.0	12.8	11.4	6.0	22.2	6
Management occupations	100.0	39.6	17.0	13.2	13.2	9.4	--	7.5	2
Business and financial operations occupations	100.0	18.8	--	18.8	12.5	--	--	37.5	7
Computer and mathematical occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	100.0	--	--	66.7	--	--	--	--	4
Life, physical, and social science occupations	100.0	80.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	1
Community and social service occupations	100.0	12.0	12.0	40.0	20.0	--	8.0	--	3
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	100.0	9.5	--	23.8	42.9	19.0	--	--	7
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	100.0	50.0	--	33.3	--	--	--	--	3
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	100.0	28.9	6.7	16.3	12.6	12.6	8.1	15.6	5
Healthcare support occupations	100.0	13.3	12.6	18.2	13.3	19.6	3.5	21.0	7
Protective service occupations	100.0	14.6	14.6	19.5	9.8	12.2	--	29.3	7
Food preparation and serving related occupations	100.0	13.7	14.9	26.1	8.8	8.4	4.8	23.3	4
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	100.0	9.5	20.1	15.6	9.5	9.0	5.0	31.2	8
Personal care and service occupations	100.0	51.0	8.2	6.1	10.2	5.1	2.0	17.3	1
Sales and related occupations	100.0	8.6	9.2	16.0	13.5	8.0	25.8	18.4	13
Office and administrative support occupations	100.0	10.6	7.8	21.8	14.5	21.2	5.6	19.0	9
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	100.0	13.8	11.1	27.0	6.9	15.3	4.2	21.7	5
Construction and extraction occupations	100.0	19.1	6.1	22.5	14.0	10.0	4.6	23.4	8
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	100.0	8.6	14.8	22.9	17.1	11.0	3.8	21.9	6
Production occupations	100.0	20.4	14.4	13.9	15.5	9.8	4.6	21.3	6
Transportation and material moving occupations	100.0	11.7	9.1	22.0	12.5	11.3	6.5	26.9	7

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by selected occupations and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2017

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	16.2	11.3	20.0	12.8	11.4	6.0	22.2	6
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	100.0	15.1	8.6	27.0	10.8	8.6	7.6	21.6	5
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	100.0	14.5	9.4	25.6	9.4	11.1	4.3	24.8	6
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	100.0	9.5	7.8	13.8	13.8	18.1	6.0	30.2	14
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	9.5	23.8	10.5	6.7	6.7	5.7	39.0	11
Construction laborers	100.0	18.9	6.3	20.0	5.3	5.3	4.2	41.1	12
Nursing assistants	100.0	11.8	15.8	23.7	15.8	11.8	5.3	15.8	5
Stock clerks and order fillers	100.0	9.7	6.9	20.8	13.9	13.9	8.3	25.0	9
Carpenters	100.0	29.0	10.1	29.0	2.9	8.7	8.7	13.0	4
Light truck or delivery services drivers	100.0	4.8	4.8	30.6	9.7	8.1	6.5	37.1	13
Cooks, restaurant	100.0	3.3	11.5	36.1	3.3	6.6	6.6	32.8	5
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	100.0	3.6	10.7	8.9	10.7	--	55.4	7.1	30
Registered nurses	100.0	9.1	9.1	16.4	18.2	16.4	12.7	18.2	10
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	100.0	3.8	11.5	28.8	34.6	5.8	--	13.5	6
Retail salespersons	100.0	12.0	12.0	20.0	18.0	14.0	6.0	20.0	7
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	8.5	21.3	12.8	10.6	12.8	6.4	29.8	9
Food preparation workers	100.0	15.6	6.7	26.7	11.1	15.6	8.9	13.3	6
Cashiers	100.0	11.1	4.4	15.6	13.3	8.9	17.8	31.1	17
Painters, construction and maintenance	100.0	--	--	11.9	64.3	4.8	4.8	9.5	10
Farmworkers, farm, ranch, and aquacultural animals	100.0	10.3	--	38.5	--	35.9	--	--	5
Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers	100.0	--	7.9	--	21.1	13.2	13.2	34.2	17
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	100.0	14.7	17.6	26.5	11.8	8.8	--	17.6	5
Dental assistants	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	20
Personal care aides	100.0	13.8	17.2	10.3	13.8	6.9	--	34.5	8
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	100.0	35.7	17.9	21.4	10.7	--	--	10.7	2
Maintenance and repair workers, general	100.0	10.7	10.7	25.0	17.9	17.9	--	14.3	6
First-line supervisors of construction trades and extraction workers	100.0	--	--	42.9	21.4	17.9	--	7.1	7

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 11. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by major industry sector and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2017

Industry Sector	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Private Industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	100.0	16.2	11.3	20.0	12.8	11.4	6.0	22.2	6
Goods producing	100.0	18.6	10.3	21.3	12.0	10.9	5.3	21.6	5
Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	100.0	11.7	11.3	26.8	8.5	15.0	4.7	22.5	6
Construction	100.0	25.4	8.2	21.4	12.7	6.6	4.0	21.7	5
Manufacturing	100.0	15.4	12.3	17.9	13.4	12.9	7.0	21.0	7
Service providing	100.0	15.1	11.8	19.4	13.3	11.6	6.4	22.5	7
Trade transportation and utilities	100.0	10.6	10.4	19.5	13.7	14.3	8.7	22.5	10
Information	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Financial activities	100.0	30.2	37.7	5.7	7.5	3.8	--	13.2	2
Professional and business services	100.0	25.8	6.5	18.4	9.2	7.4	3.7	29.5	5
Educational and health services	100.0	16.0	9.8	18.6	15.5	14.4	5.1	20.8	7
Leisure and hospitality	100.0	19.4	16.3	21.1	9.0	6.9	6.2	21.1	4
Other services except public administration	100.0	9.1	10.1	22.2	25.3	5.1	--	28.3	7

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 12. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	29,320	9,480	2,130	3,780	3,570	19,840	8,520	--	530	2,170	4,510	2,890	990	--	
Time of event:															
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	620	140	20	--	110	480	240	--	--	80	80	80	--	--	
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	2,510	1,000	410	190	400	1,510	710	--	--	200	430	90	70	--	
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	7,220	2,960	720	1,260	970	4,270	1,960	--	230	270	1,080	470	250	--	
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	6,540	1,710	470	620	620	4,830	2,290	--	180	620	980	460	270	--	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	2,770	650	130	210	320	2,110	1,090	--	--	70	610	280	50	--	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	1,620	320	30	--	270	1,300	550	--	--	30	220	440	30	--	
Not reported	8,040	2,710	340	1,490	870	5,330	1,690	--	70	900	1,110	1,070	320	--	
Hours on the job before event occurred:															
Occurred before shift began	110	--	--	--	--	100	40	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	
Less than 1 hour	1,950	550	250	100	210	1,390	520	--	200	140	320	150	60	--	
1 - 2 hours	2,130	660	160	210	290	1,480	730	--	--	50	340	170	170	--	
2 - 4 hours	5,280	1,790	500	670	620	3,490	1,900	--	20	170	840	470	80	--	
4 - 6 hours	4,500	1,370	250	640	480	3,130	1,610	--	40	180	610	620	50	--	
6 - 8 hours	4,340	1,460	270	530	660	2,880	1,100	--	160	520	660	220	210	--	
8 - 10 hours	1,690	640	210	120	310	1,050	430	--	30	100	310	110	80	--	
10 - 12 hours	540	160	70	30	60	380	220	--	--	60	80	--	--	--	
12 - 16 hours	280	60	20	--	40	220	120	--	--	--	90	--	--	--	
More than 16 hours	20	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Not reported	8,480	2,780	410	1,490	880	5,700	1,850	--	70	930	1,220	1,130	320	--	
Day of week:															
Sunday	1,870	430	90	150	200	1,440	540	--	--	90	340	370	80	--	
Monday	4,920	1,600	380	560	660	3,330	1,600	--	40	200	1,010	430	40	--	
Tuesday	4,960	1,940	280	930	730	3,020	1,110	--	150	640	670	330	100	--	
Wednesday	4,830	1,270	320	300	640	3,560	1,740	--	220	310	680	310	210	--	
Thursday	4,910	2,050	330	980	740	2,860	1,330	--	50	260	650	400	160	--	
Friday	5,040	1,550	410	690	450	3,490	1,380	--	40	290	790	510	390	--	
Saturday	2,790	640	320	160	150	2,150	830	--	--	380	360	540	--	--	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 13. Percent Distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--	
Time of event:															
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	2.1	1.5	.9	--	3.1	2.4	2.8	--	--	3.7	1.8	2.8	--	--	
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	8.6	10.5	19.2	5.0	11.2	7.6	8.3	--	--	9.2	9.5	3.1	7.1	--	
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	24.6	31.2	33.8	33.3	27.2	21.5	23.0	--	43.4	12.4	23.9	16.3	25.3	--	
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	22.3	18.0	22.1	16.4	17.4	24.3	26.9	--	34.0	28.6	21.7	15.9	27.3	--	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	9.4	6.9	6.1	5.6	9.0	10.6	12.8	--	--	3.2	13.5	9.7	5.1	--	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	5.5	3.4	1.4	--	7.6	6.6	6.5	--	--	1.4	4.9	15.2	3.0	--	
Not reported	27.4	28.6	16.0	39.4	24.4	26.9	19.8	--	13.2	41.5	24.6	37.0	32.3	--	
Hours on the job before event occurred:															
Occurred before shift began	.4	--	--	--	--	.5	.5	--	--	--	.9	--	--	--	
Less than 1 hour	6.7	5.8	11.7	2.6	5.9	7.0	6.1	--	37.7	6.5	7.1	5.2	6.1	--	
1 - 2 hours	7.3	7.0	7.5	5.6	8.1	7.5	8.6	--	--	2.3	7.5	5.9	17.2	--	
2 - 4 hours	18.0	18.9	23.5	17.7	17.4	17.6	22.3	--	3.8	7.8	18.6	16.3	8.1	--	
4 - 6 hours	15.3	14.5	11.7	16.9	13.4	15.8	18.9	--	7.5	8.3	13.5	21.5	5.1	--	
6 - 8 hours	14.8	15.4	12.7	14.0	18.5	14.5	12.9	--	30.2	24.0	14.6	7.6	21.2	--	
8 - 10 hours	5.8	6.8	9.9	3.2	8.7	5.3	5.0	--	5.7	4.6	6.9	3.8	8.1	--	
10 - 12 hours	1.8	1.7	3.3	.8	1.7	1.9	2.6	--	--	2.8	1.8	--	--	--	
12 - 16 hours	1.0	.6	.9	--	1.1	1.1	1.4	--	--	--	2.0	--	--	--	
More than 16 hours	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Not reported	28.9	29.3	19.2	39.4	24.6	28.7	21.7	--	13.2	42.9	27.1	39.1	32.3	--	
Day of week:															
Sunday	6.4	4.5	4.2	4.0	5.6	7.3	6.3	--	--	4.1	7.5	12.8	8.1	--	
Monday	16.8	16.9	17.8	14.8	18.5	16.8	18.8	--	7.5	9.2	22.4	14.9	4.0	--	
Tuesday	16.9	20.5	13.1	24.6	20.4	15.2	13.0	--	28.3	29.5	14.9	11.4	10.1	--	
Wednesday	16.5	13.4	15.0	7.9	17.9	17.9	20.4	--	41.5	14.3	15.1	10.7	21.2	--	
Thursday	16.7	21.6	15.5	25.9	20.7	14.4	15.6	--	9.4	12.0	14.4	13.8	16.2	--	
Friday	17.2	16.4	19.2	18.3	12.6	17.6	16.2	--	7.5	13.4	17.5	17.6	39.4	--	
Saturday	9.5	6.8	15.0	4.2	4.2	10.8	9.7	--	--	17.5	8.0	18.7	--	--	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	16.2	11.3	20.0	12.8	11.4	6.0	22.2	6
Time of event:									
12:01AM - 4:00AM	100.0	14.5	8.1	16.1	9.7	9.7	6.5	33.9	12
4:01AM - 8:00AM	100.0	10.0	9.2	22.3	17.9	12.0	6.8	21.9	7
8:01AM - 12noon	100.0	14.0	15.7	20.6	12.0	14.5	3.9	19.3	5
12:01PM - 4:00PM	100.0	22.9	9.2	18.8	15.3	9.0	9.2	15.7	5
4:01PM - 8:00PM	100.0	14.4	12.3	22.7	11.2	17.0	4.7	17.7	6
8:01PM - 12midnight	100.0	11.1	13.6	21.6	19.1	6.8	6.2	21.6	6
Time not reported	100.0	16.4	9.2	18.9	9.5	9.5	5.5	31.0	8
Hours on the job before event occurred:									
Before shift began	100.0	--	--	54.5	--	--	--	--	4
Less than 1 hour	100.0	8.2	19.5	22.1	14.9	8.2	6.7	20.5	6
1 - 2 hours	100.0	14.1	8.9	27.2	14.6	10.8	5.2	19.7	5
2 - 4 hours	100.0	16.5	15.0	17.8	13.6	14.2	4.0	19.1	6
4 - 6 hours	100.0	14.2	8.9	21.6	13.3	15.8	11.1	15.1	8
6 - 8 hours	100.0	24.9	10.6	17.7	13.6	8.8	4.8	19.4	4
8 - 10 hours	100.0	15.4	13.0	19.5	18.3	8.3	4.7	21.9	6
10 - 12 hours	100.0	7.4	9.3	22.2	14.8	14.8	7.4	22.2	10
12 - 16 hours	100.0	14.3	7.1	17.9	21.4	7.1	7.1	25.0	6
More than 16 hours	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4
Hours not reported	100.0	15.9	9.3	19.0	9.6	10.1	5.4	30.5	8
Day of week:									
Sunday	100.0	8.6	17.6	17.1	16.6	11.8	4.8	23.0	7
Monday	100.0	20.5	9.8	14.8	12.0	13.2	5.5	24.2	7
Tuesday	100.0	17.3	9.9	19.6	9.9	9.1	4.8	29.0	7
Wednesday	100.0	9.9	13.5	21.5	9.9	11.4	12.4	21.3	8
Thursday	100.0	18.7	10.8	23.8	10.2	9.0	4.1	23.4	5
Friday	100.0	14.5	12.7	20.8	18.3	11.9	5.2	16.5	6
Saturday	100.0	20.8	6.8	21.1	16.5	15.4	3.6	15.4	6

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 15. Incidence rates <sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness <sup>3</sup>																	
		Head		Neck	Trunk		Upper extremities				Lower extremities				Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts		
		Total	Eyes		Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist	Total	Knee	Ankle				Foot	
Total	134.6	11.3	3.5	1.3	34.9	26.8	44.9	9.6	7.7	19.7	6.2	28.3	11.2	6.9	6.8	1.3	11.5	1.2	
Gender:																			
Male	137.9	14.0	5.2	1.0	37.2	28.3	46.1	9.1	8.3	21.1	6.1	27.4	11.4	6.3	5.5	1.1	10.3	.9	
Female	129.6	7.3	.9	1.7	31.5	24.6	43.1	10.3	6.8	17.7	6.5	29.6	10.8	7.8	8.7	1.6	13.2	1.6	
Age:																			
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	184.7	23.7	--	2.8	29.1	22.8	51.0	7.2	--	37.8	3.7	69.5	14.3	12.9	40.3	--	3.6	5.1	
20 - 24	153.2	19.0	3.1	1.4	25.1	20.6	52.9	7.1	4.0	35.7	5.2	36.2	8.5	3.3	20.2	1.7	13.2	3.6	
25 - 34	122.9	12.8	4.0	1.0	37.1	29.5	40.9	5.5	13.6	15.1	4.8	20.9	5.4	9.4	3.8	1.1	8.3	.9	
35 - 44	134.3	11.6	6.1	1.4	42.7	36.4	40.5	8.7	5.2	16.9	8.3	26.9	13.3	5.1	6.2	1.2	9.8	.3	
45 - 54	137.0	10.7	2.9	1.9	31.1	21.9	43.4	13.8	7.3	15.3	5.3	30.7	11.4	11.6	3.7	1.7	16.9	.7	
55 - 64	147.0	5.0	1.4	.9	33.8	21.2	62.3	15.3	6.6	28.8	8.9	30.6	17.6	2.7	4.2	.5	13.3	.5	
65 and over	78.5	6.3	--	--	19.5	11.3	18.2	5.3	--	7.9	2.8	19.1	13.7	--	2.9	3.4	11.5	--	
Major occupational group:																			
Management occupations	40.8	6.6	--	1.5	8.2	8.1	7.2	4.0	1.4	1.2	--	6.2	--	2.2	--	--	10.5	--	
Business and financial operations occupations	12.1	--	--	--	4.6	2.2	1.7	--	--	--	--	3.2	--	2.7	--	--	1.4	--	
Computer and mathematical occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	11.0	--	--	--	--	--	8.4	--	--	--	6.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	32.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	23.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Community and social service occupations	120.5	--	--	--	36.4	15.3	31.7	--	11.7	--	--	15.1	10.4	--	--	--	23.1	--	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Education, training, and library occupations	88.7	--	--	--	45.0	43.4	22.1	10.3	--	9.3	--	9.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	23.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	124.6	4.9	--	--	39.4	34.6	53.4	10.7	4.0	34.4	3.9	12.1	6.3	2.4	--	3.1	10.0	--	
Healthcare support occupations	249.6	17.4	--	3.8	66.0	47.8	107.3	38.8	9.3	49.8	7.5	25.6	12.0	8.6	3.1	5.6	22.9	--	
Protective service occupations	307.7	31.0	--	--	84.0	78.7	47.8	--	--	--	23.3	92.2	34.7	20.3	33.5	--	37.9	--	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	149.1	10.9	1.1	--	31.7	27.3	60.8	8.6	10.9	32.2	6.4	23.8	13.7	4.8	3.7	--	19.6	1.6	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	382.9	69.0	41.8	--	91.7	67.7	74.1	21.0	8.1	31.1	11.3	114.2	39.2	57.3	11.0	--	27.5	--	
Personal care and service occupations	135.2	2.8	--	--	17.0	13.7	21.3	5.2	3.0	6.2	5.0	74.4	3.0	5.4	63.1	--	7.3	10.6	
Sales and related occupations	73.1	4.0	--	--	15.5	10.3	33.6	6.8	16.4	6.5	3.1	15.5	6.9	2.5	4.5	1.6	2.3	--	
Office and administrative support occupations	67.1	3.8	1.0	2.2	28.1	22.8	15.5	3.7	3.7	4.9	2.7	11.2	3.8	2.1	4.3	--	5.8	--	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	292.0	36.6	24.2	--	67.4	33.7	60.3	9.5	12.3	21.5	13.7	86.9	37.7	24.2	12.7	--	31.4	7.3	
Construction and extraction occupations	283.7	29.0	4.7	2.8	75.6	61.5	106.2	9.1	15.9	70.3	9.0	57.2	29.0	11.5	8.7	1.9	10.4	--	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	234.3	16.6	6.8	--	59.7	46.3	102.4	27.5	6.9	43.7	23.3	38.8	20.9	7.1	4.4	--	13.8	--	
Production occupations	254.8	13.1	6.6	--	64.7	51.7	108.5	16.5	14.2	54.8	19.5	56.0	28.6	13.1	8.3	2.3	8.7	--	
Transportation and material moving occupations	273.4	25.8	3.7	2.5	72.4	54.1	77.0	24.9	14.6	23.7	8.0	52.7	14.5	14.1	13.6	3.0	37.6	2.3	

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses  
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year  
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 16. Incidence rates <sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry	Nature of injury or illness <sup>3</sup>															
		Sprains, strains	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations, punctures			Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Multiple traumatic injuries			Soreness Pain	All other natures
				Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures							Total	with fractures	with sprains		
Total	134.6	49.6	11.1	14.8	9.7	5.1	8.4	1.1	.6	.4	.8	.5	2.6	.6	.6	29.4	15.3
Gender:																	
Male	137.9	48.4	13.4	17.5	12.2	5.2	6.1	.8	.9	.6	.9	.3	2.5	.2	.7	29.8	16.7
Female	129.6	51.2	7.8	10.9	6.0	4.9	11.8	1.7	--	--	.8	.6	2.6	1.3	.4	28.8	13.1
Age:																	
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	184.7	50.2	39.4	25.2	22.2	3.0	5.9	4.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	30.5	27.3
20 - 24	153.2	39.0	8.0	31.9	10.3	21.6	20.0	2.2	--	--	--	--	2.4	--	--	30.6	18.2
25 - 34	122.9	46.1	12.7	12.6	10.7	1.9	7.2	1.1	1.2	--	.7	--	3.9	1.9	.3	21.6	15.5
35 - 44	134.3	58.9	5.8	11.3	8.7	2.6	6.4	.7	--	--	.9	1.1	1.8	--	1.1	34.6	12.3
45 - 54	137.0	56.7	12.8	9.0	7.3	1.7	7.7	--	.6	.9	1.0	.6	1.8	--	--	31.4	14.4
55 - 64	147.0	47.5	12.1	21.4	11.3	10.1	7.9	1.5	.5	.7	1.2	--	2.8	--	.5	34.9	16.4
65 and over	78.5	22.0	10.8	9.1	8.1	--	8.4	2.6	--	--	--	--	3.6	--	1.9	12.6	8.5
Major occupational group:																	
Management occupations	40.8	9.6	5.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.8	--	--	19.4	3.3
Business and financial operations occupations	12.1	3.9	--	--	--	--	1.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.1	1.2
Computer and mathematical occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	11.0	--	6.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	32.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	24.4	--
Community and social service occupations	120.5	59.4	10.1	13.5	--	12.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	17.0	15.7
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	88.7	31.1	19.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	31.1	6.7
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	23.2	7.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.5	6.2
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	124.6	56.6	3.0	30.9	--	29.6	8.9	--	--	--	--	--	2.7	--	--	11.8	9.3
Healthcare support occupations	249.6	80.2	7.9	9.1	--	8.3	18.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	82.6	50.2
Protective service occupations	307.7	141.6	14.3	--	--	--	17.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	89.5	32.0
Food preparation and serving related occupations	149.1	37.1	4.8	23.3	22.0	1.3	8.2	10.8	--	--	2.4	--	1.8	--	--	43.9	15.8
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	382.9	160.8	7.4	15.1	14.4	--	23.6	--	6.4	--	--	6.1	4.9	--	3.6	113.2	43.1
Personal care and service occupations	135.2	26.5	29.1	3.2	--	--	36.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	19.2	16.9
Sales and related occupations	73.1	25.7	16.4	5.8	2.9	2.9	4.1	--	--	--	--	--	.8	--	--	10.6	8.6
Office and administrative support occupations	67.1	33.9	3.1	3.2	2.4	.8	7.0	--	--	--	--	--	1.9	--	.6	13.4	4.2
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	292.0	60.0	52.7	12.0	11.2	--	27.7	--	4.4	--	--	--	6.3	--	2.7	89.5	37.8
Construction and extraction occupations	283.7	101.8	25.0	71.5	33.7	37.7	5.7	--	--	--	1.3	2.6	8.9	--	--	41.4	24.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	234.3	104.6	14.7	37.2	36.3	--	7.8	1.7	--	2.1	3.1	--	2.6	--	--	40.1	19.3
Production occupations	254.8	96.1	14.4	39.2	32.7	6.6	10.9	1.4	--	1.6	4.4	--	3.3	--	1.5	49.2	33.0
Transportation and material moving occupations	273.4	117.1	21.6	15.4	13.2	2.2	15.8	--	.9	--	--	--	7.7	--	1.2	55.6	38.1

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses  
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year  
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 17. Incidence rates <sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry	Source of injury or illness <sup>3</sup>												
		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources
Total	134.6	1.5	17.9	5.5	6.3	12.4	7.4	4.9	23.4	22.8	18.5	8.7	11.1	15.8
Gender:														
Male	137.9	1.7	17.3	3.9	7.6	18.1	2.9	1.3	24.1	23.6	15.1	12.2	12.6	14.1
Female	129.6	1.2	18.8	8.0	4.5	4.1	14.2	10.3	22.2	21.6	23.8	3.6	8.8	18.0
Age:														
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	184.7	--	21.4	12.8	8.0	6.9	11.6	8.4	16.2	16.2	17.3	16.7	7.2	63.1
20 - 24	153.2	1.7	19.4	19.3	7.4	26.4	10.1	5.9	11.9	11.7	14.5	5.7	17.0	16.3
25 - 34	122.9	1.8	20.8	3.8	5.1	9.6	9.1	6.6	16.9	16.6	10.1	7.2	10.6	15.0
35 - 44	134.3	1.1	16.9	2.9	10.6	15.3	6.8	4.7	27.1	26.3	13.3	14.0	11.0	12.9
45 - 54	137.0	2.0	16.4	5.4	5.7	11.4	6.7	4.1	32.9	32.2	20.9	5.5	11.6	13.1
55 - 64	147.0	1.3	13.6	4.5	4.0	10.0	5.4	3.6	27.6	27.4	35.2	11.3	11.6	19.3
65 and over	78.5	--	8.4	1.6	2.1	5.4	3.0	2.2	11.6	8.8	31.9	--	4.2	5.9
Major occupational group:														
Management occupations	40.8	--	6.5	--	--	--	--	--	2.8	1.5	14.3	--	9.1	4.6
Business and financial operations occupations	12.1	--	--	--	--	--	3.9	1.9	--	--	1.7	--	1.3	2.4
Computer and mathematical occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	11.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.8	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	32.9	--	23.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	120.5	--	--	--	--	15.3	61.4	38.7	--	--	21.0	--	7.9	7.6
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	88.7	--	--	--	--	--	46.1	--	--	--	16.9	--	--	10.5
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	23.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	14.1	14.1	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	124.6	--	--	3.5	7.9	--	40.8	38.4	12.6	12.2	16.4	--	4.4	36.8
Healthcare support occupations	249.6	--	3.9	8.6	--	--	90.1	73.8	53.6	53.6	49.0	--	--	41.1
Protective service occupations	307.7	--	41.2	--	--	--	34.6	--	86.0	82.6	62.3	--	29.1	38.0
Food preparation and serving related occupations	149.1	1.5	29.0	7.8	7.3	2.0	--	--	29.7	29.4	33.0	12.8	4.9	21.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	382.9	13.1	42.7	23.6	10.7	8.1	--	--	96.5	92.0	57.4	53.3	12.6	42.4
Personal care and service occupations	135.2	--	2.1	36.1	3.7	--	23.6	14.4	10.8	10.1	19.1	--	--	35.9
Sales and related occupations	73.1	.9	13.1	5.0	2.0	5.1	1.0	--	9.7	9.5	11.6	1.2	5.0	4.0
Office and administrative support occupations	67.1	--	26.2	2.6	1.5	2.8	1.1	--	8.8	8.7	10.4	8	6.2	5.2
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	292.0	6.5	22.8	3.2	8.0	16.8	--	--	54.2	52.9	39.9	20.9	25.3	43.0
Construction and extraction occupations	283.7	1.5	12.3	9.5	3.2	85.0	1.7	--	35.2	34.9	20.9	27.3	19.5	29.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	234.3	4.2	9.9	2.3	12.0	44.8	--	--	61.9	61.7	11.2	49.7	12.3	21.9
Production occupations	254.8	3.5	24.7	5.6	41.4	29.7	--	--	63.4	63.1	33.5	20.8	7.5	22.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	273.4	1.4	66.8	7.2	11.1	25.9	1.1	--	37.1	34.9	30.6	8.2	61.7	21.9

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

- N = number of injuries and illnesses
- EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
- 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Table 18. Incidence rates <sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2017

Characteristic	Private industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness <sup>3</sup>																					
		Contact with objects				Falls, slips, trips				Overexertion		Repetitive motion involving microtasks	Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Transportation accidents		Fires and explosions	Violence and other injuries by persons or animal				All other events		
		Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed	Total	Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall	Total	In lifting			Total	Roadway accidents		Total	Intentional injury by other person	Injury by person—unintentional or intent unknown	Animal and insect related incidents			
Total	134.6	35.1	23.0	7.0	3.7	32.0	7.7	18.5	5.4	51.3	16.7	4.7	3.6	5.6	3.1			5.2	1.9	1.0	2.3	1.7	
Gender:																							
Male	137.9	41.8	27.8	7.3	4.7	31.7	9.7	14.7	7.1	51.0	17.4	3.1	3.1	5.9	3.8			3.1	1.5	.7	.9	1.2	
Female	129.6	25.3	15.8	6.5	2.0	32.4	4.7	24.3	3.0	51.7	15.9	7.1	4.2	5.1	2.2			8.4	2.5	1.5	4.4	2.4	
Age:																							
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--			--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	184.7	96.2	74.2	14.4	4.9	29.0	5.4	18.6	5.0	41.2	20.6	3.1	3.0	3.0	--			--	--	--	--	8.8	
20 - 24	153.2	64.7	52.8	6.2	2.3	20.7	5.8	12.6	2.0	42.4	15.6	2.3	5.0	11.6	4.5			6.7	4.2	1.7	.9	2.0	
25 - 34	122.9	32.8	19.5	7.3	3.7	27.5	12.5	8.7	5.9	47.2	21.1	2.9	3.9	4.1	2.9			5.8	2.7	1.7	1.4	1.6	
35 - 44	134.3	35.3	20.5	8.8	5.0	29.1	5.3	15.5	7.5	56.8	16.3	4.0	3.1	5.5	3.2			2.5	1.2	.7	.6	2.0	
45 - 54	137.0	31.6	20.5	6.5	3.6	34.3	6.2	20.7	7.0	58.6	14.4	5.0	2.9	6.1	3.8			2.1	.6	.4	1.2	1.5	
55 - 64	147.0	24.9	15.9	5.5	2.9	46.0	6.8	35.1	3.8	53.1	13.2	2.9	4.0	5.4	2.7			12.6	2.3	.7	9.7	.8	
65 and over	78.5	10.7	5.9	1.9	2.6	37.1	4.9	30.8	--	22.3	6.4	2.8	4.0	2.9	2.2			--	--	--	--	--	
Major occupational group:																							
Management occupations	40.8	6.5	4.0	2.5	--	14.4	2.7	11.7	--	10.4	6.2	--	--	8.7	1.4			--	--	--	--	--	
Business and financial operations occupations	12.1	--	--	--	--	2.3	--	1.8	--	3.8	2.0	--	--	1.3	--			1.7	1.7	--	--	1.7	
Computer and mathematical occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--			--	--	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	11.0	--	--	--	--	7.8	--	7.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--			--	--	--	--	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	32.9	--	--	--	--	25.1	--	23.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--			--	--	--	--	--	
Community and social service occupations	120.5	--	--	--	--	22.9	--	22.9	--	23.4	--	--	--	7.4	7.4			59.5	34.4	19.7	--	--	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--			--	--	--	--	--	
Education, training, and library occupations	88.7	10.5	--	10.5	--	16.9	10.0	6.9	--	56.0	42.7	--	--	--	--			--	--	--	--	--	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	23.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	13.3	--	--	--	--	--			--	--	--	--	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	124.6	7.3	2.2	2.2	2.4	23.0	--	18.8	3.5	46.4	8.8	2.2	5.4	3.4	3.2			38.9	3.6	6.0	29.3	--	
Healthcare support occupations	249.6	31.9	13.8	7.8	2.9	57.7	--	49.5	7.9	121.5	12.6	32.1	6.0	--	--			30.2	14.0	9.1	7.0	--	
Protective service occupations	307.7	14.5	--	--	--	85.8	11.7	56.3	17.7	124.4	34.3	--	--	22.1	--			34.6	17.4	17.1	--	20.8	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	149.1	39.6	25.8	10.9	2.9	49.3	2.2	33.1	13.5	39.2	14.7	6.5	12.7	3.4	2.9			--	--	--	--	4.5	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	382.9	88.3	68.1	14.2	--	90.4	20.2	54.9	15.0	176.0	36.9	4.8	16.3	5.7	5.2			3.7	--	--	--	--	
Personal care and service occupations	135.2	67.5	62.6	--	3.1	17.4	--	13.7	--	26.3	6.6	3.0	--	--	--			12.0	8.3	--	--	9.9	
Sales and related occupations	73.1	14.1	10.4	3.5	--	27.3	15.0	11.5	.8	25.5	12.0	3.4	2.0	2.1	1.1			1.8	--	--	--	--	
Office and administrative support occupations	67.1	14.2	9.0	3.3	1.5	12.5	1.8	9.1	1.1	35.5	18.7	2.5	--	2.3	1.4			1.0	.9	--	--	1.0	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	292.0	78.7	51.9	11.4	6.0	128.7	48.5	43.7	36.5	51.3	14.0	--	7.7	14.4	--			10.7	--	--	--	8.9	
Construction and extraction occupations	283.7	110.9	84.4	20.5	3.5	51.5	22.4	23.6	5.2	106.0	48.0	5.8	5.2	6.5	6.2			1.7	1.7	--	--	1.9	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	234.3	74.5	53.0	8.4	8.7	26.1	9.9	7.9	7.9	120.1	26.6	4.1	3.5	6.9	6.6			--	--	--	--	--	
Production occupations	254.8	83.9	34.2	24.0	21.1	54.2	5.2	35.3	11.7	103.8	23.2	20.9	8.4	--	--			--	--	--	--	3.6	
Transportation and material moving occupations	273.4	68.9	44.6	11.7	9.0	58.3	16.9	30.9	9.2	109.8	40.8	4.4	2.5	30.4	16.7			2.1	.9	--	1.0	1.6	

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses  
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year  
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

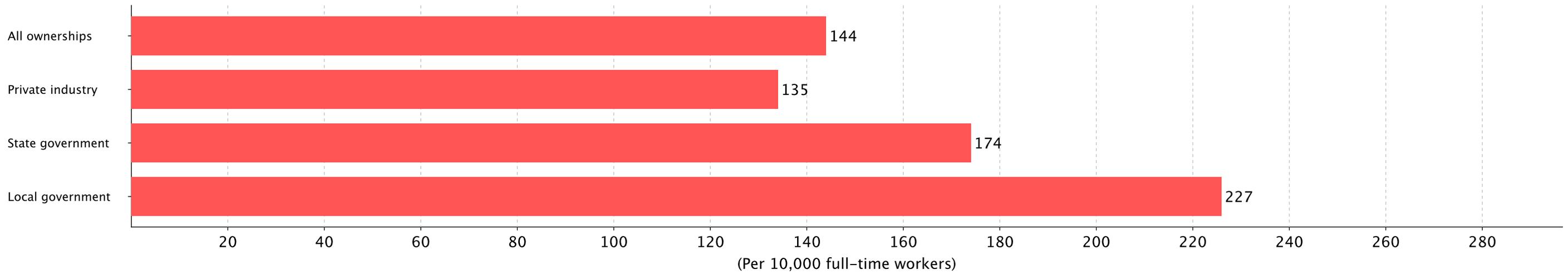
<sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

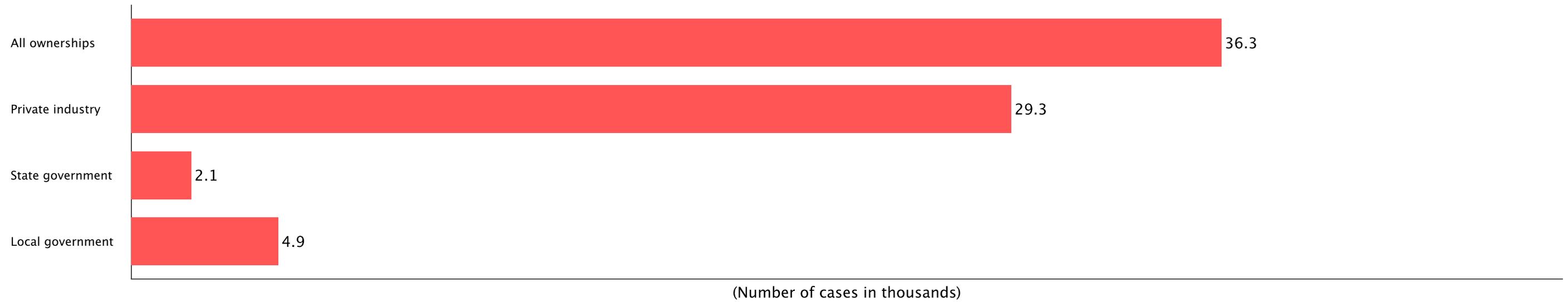
NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 04, 2018

Rate of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, by ownership, Washington, 2017

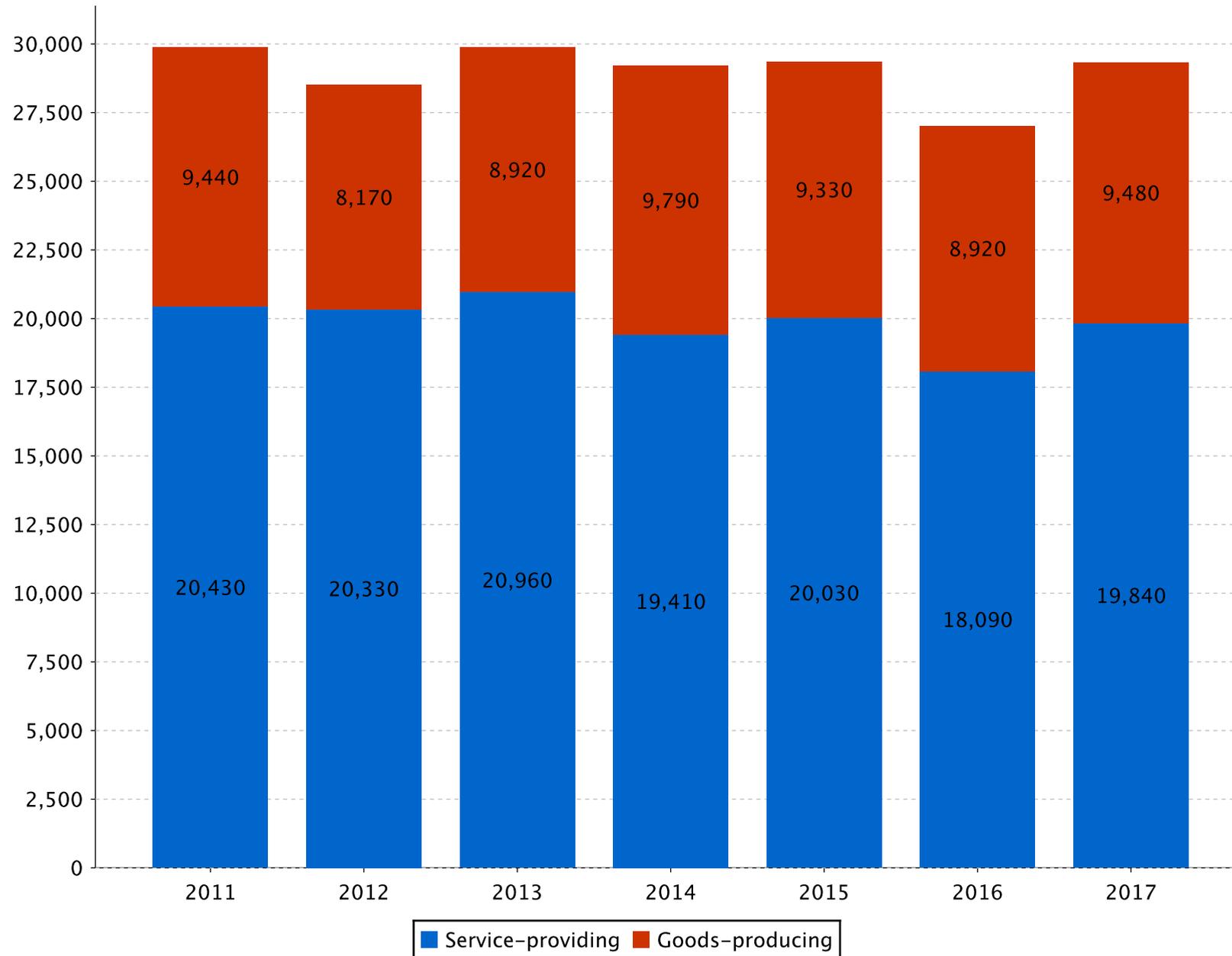


Number of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, by ownership, Washington, 2017

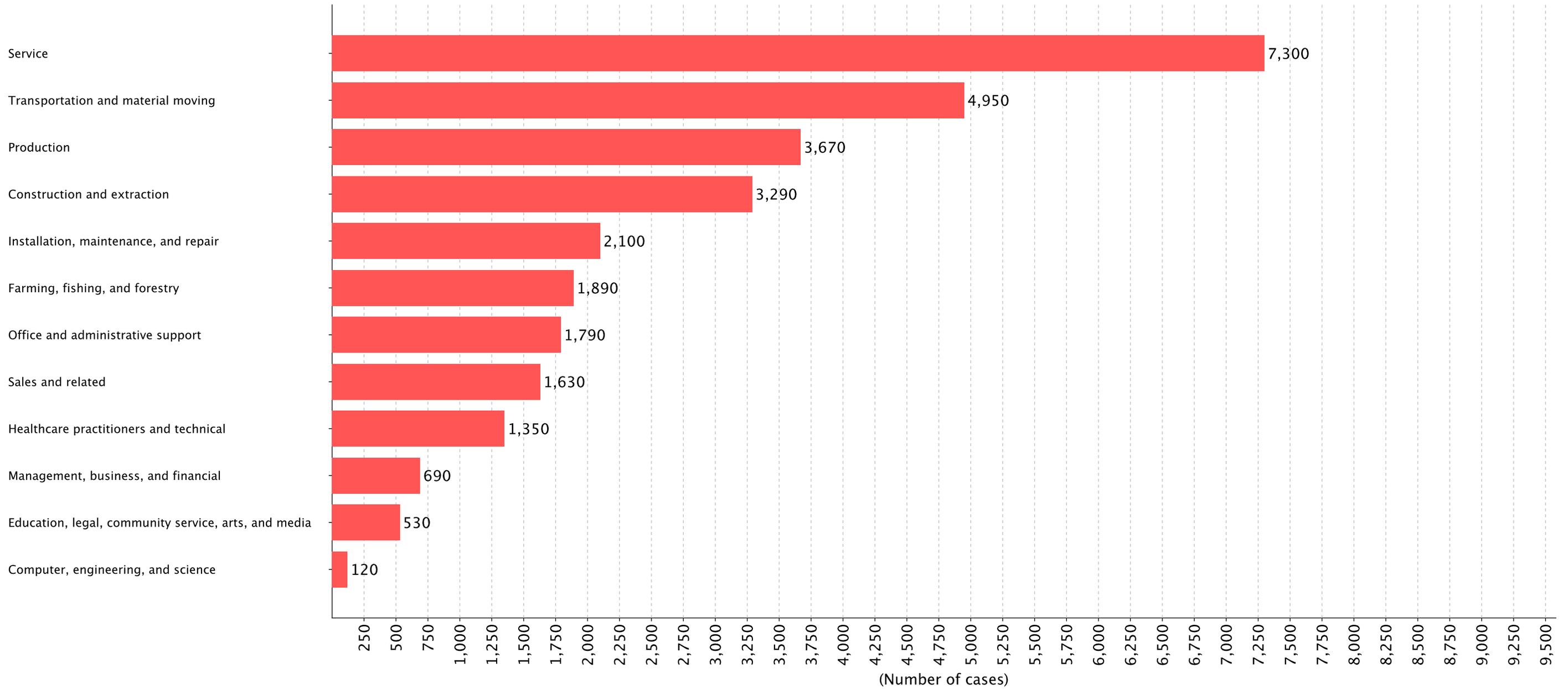


[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]

Number of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2011-2017  
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]

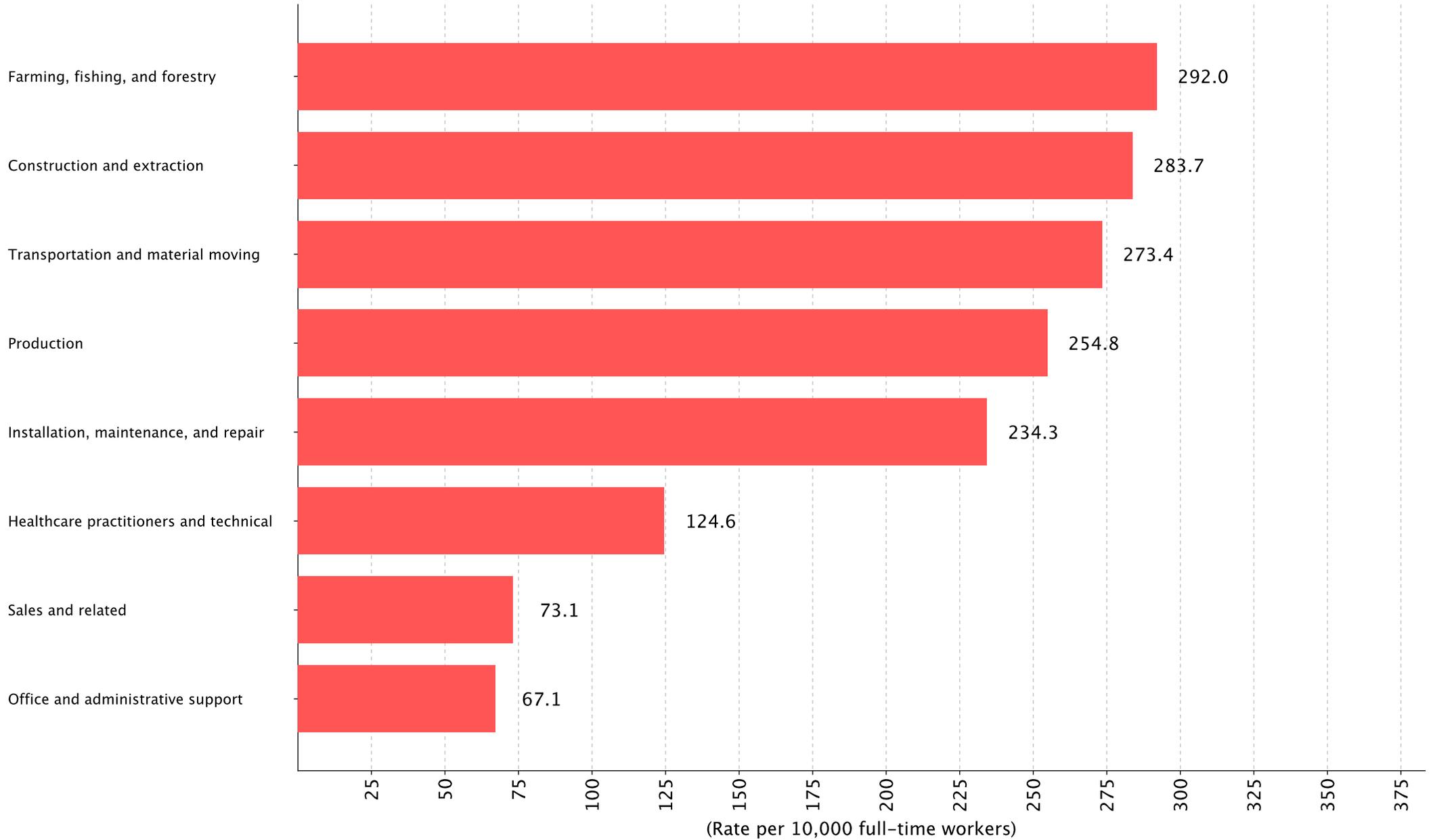


Number of injuries and illnesses by major occupation categories, private industry, Washington, 2017



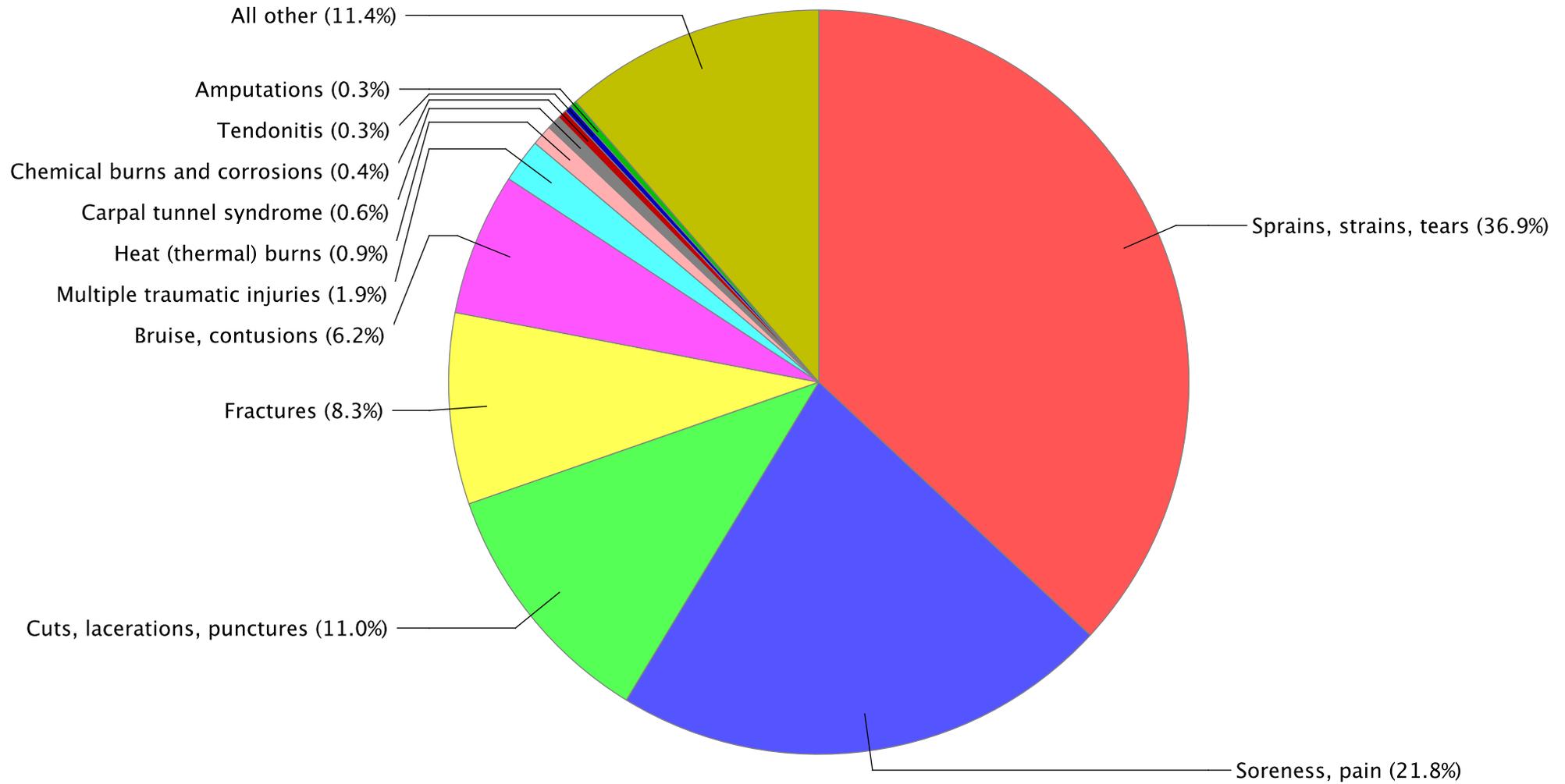
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]

Incidence rates of injuries and illnesses by major occupation categories, private industry, Washington, 2017



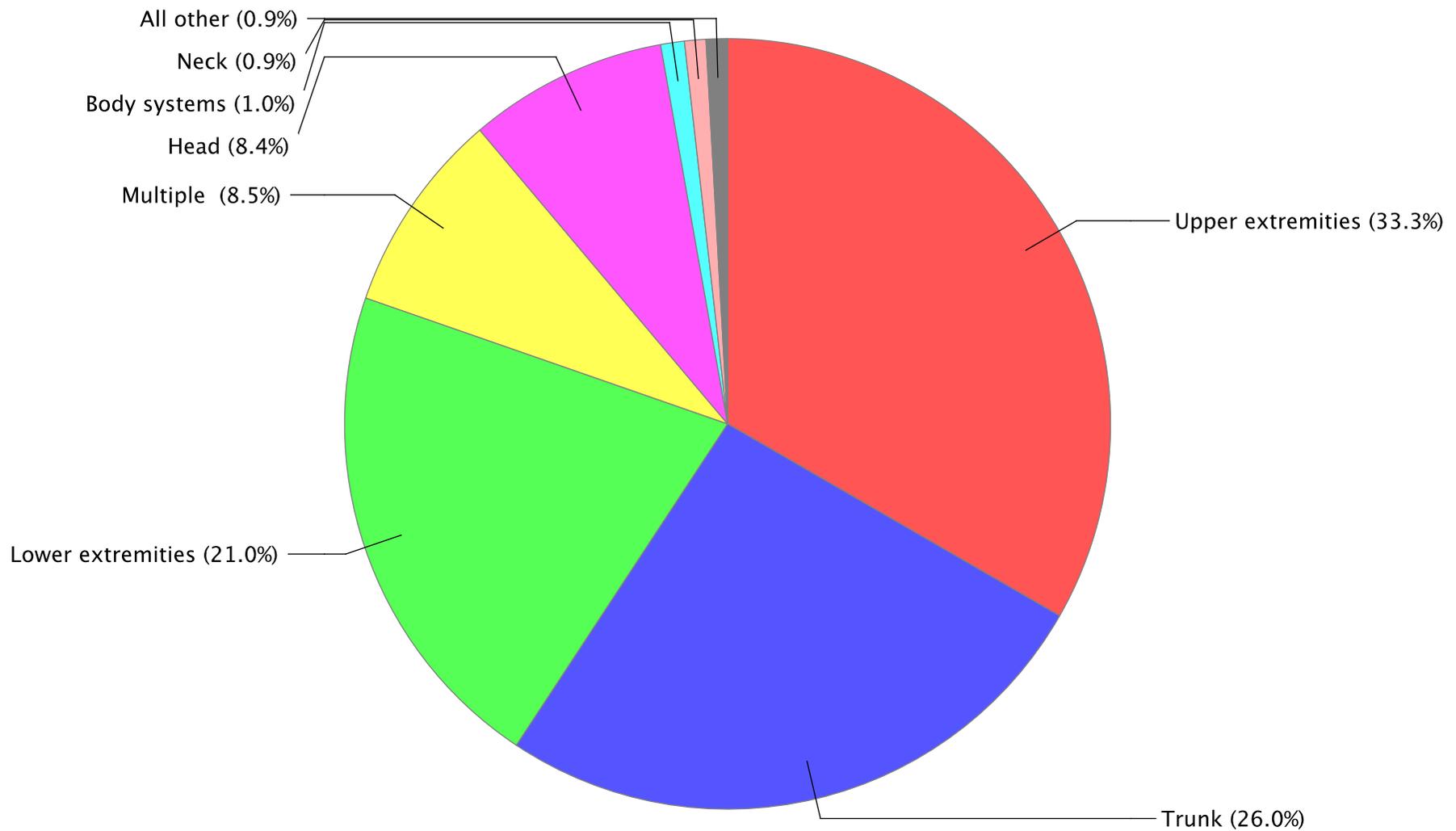
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by nature, private industry, Washington, 2017  
[Total Cases = 29,320]



[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]

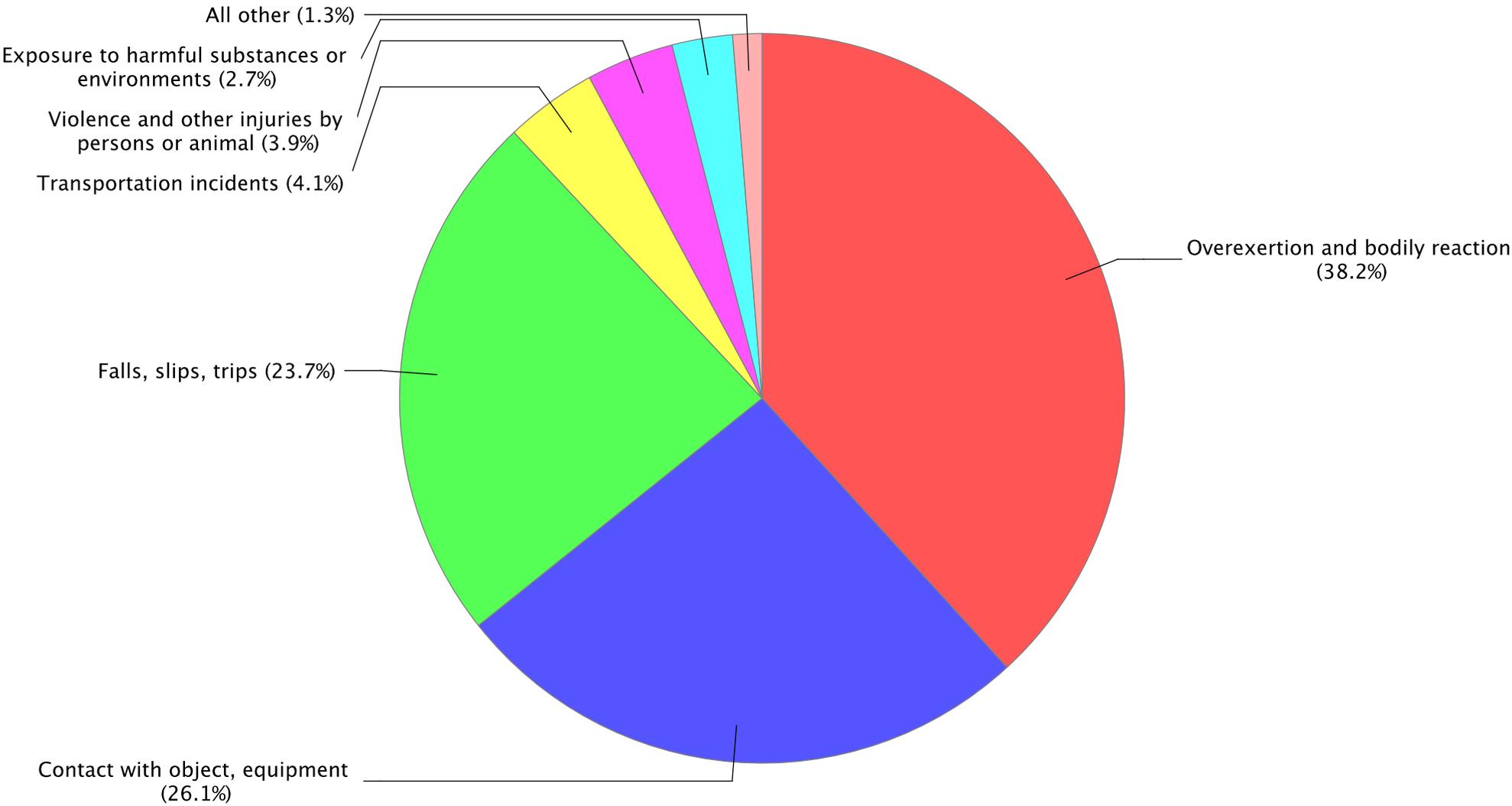
Distribution of injuries and illnesses by part of body, private industry, Washington, 2017  
[Total Cases = 29,320]



[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]

# Distribution of injuries and illnesses by event or exposure, private industry, Washington, 2017

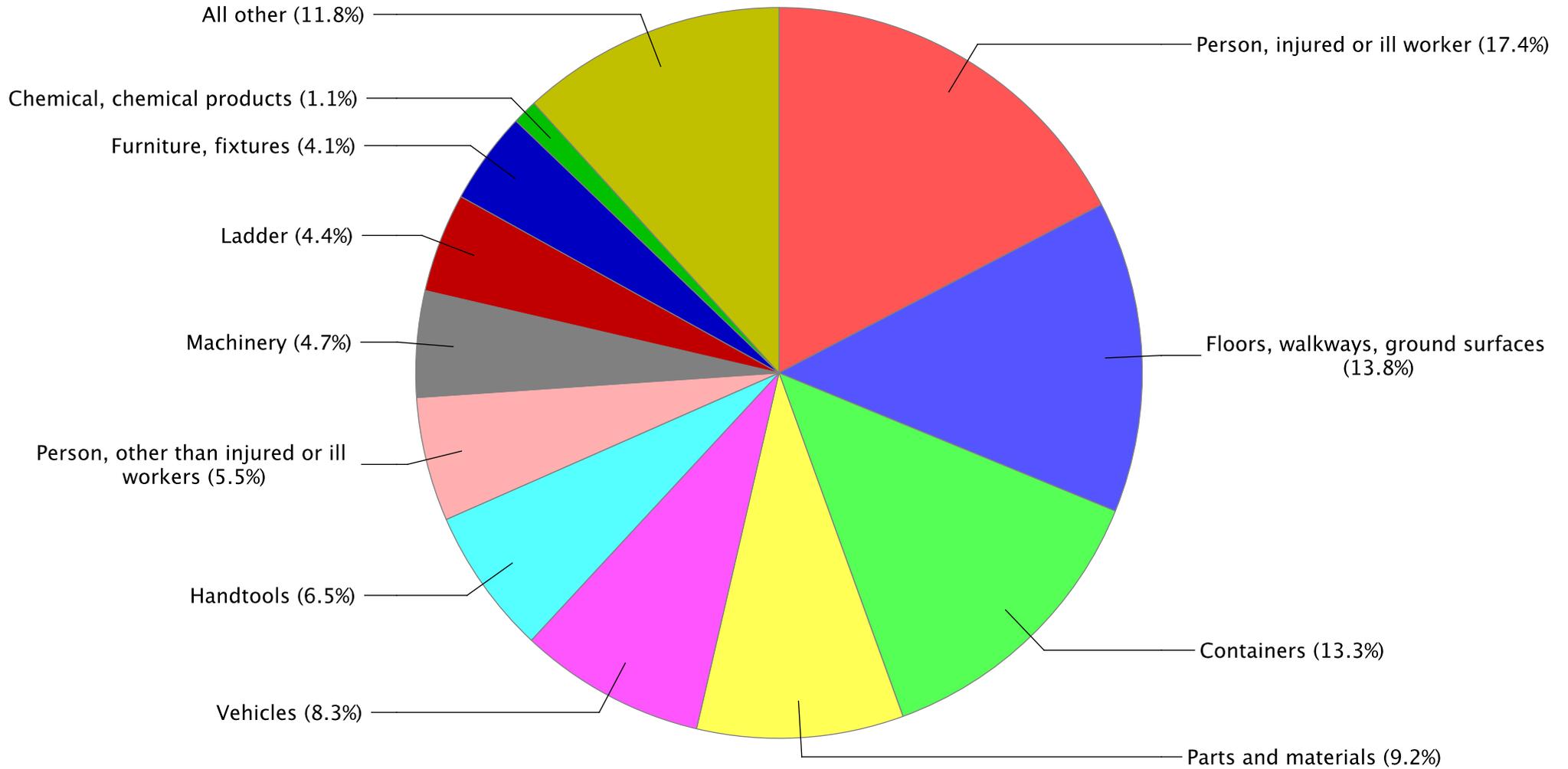
[Total Cases = 29,320 ]



[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]

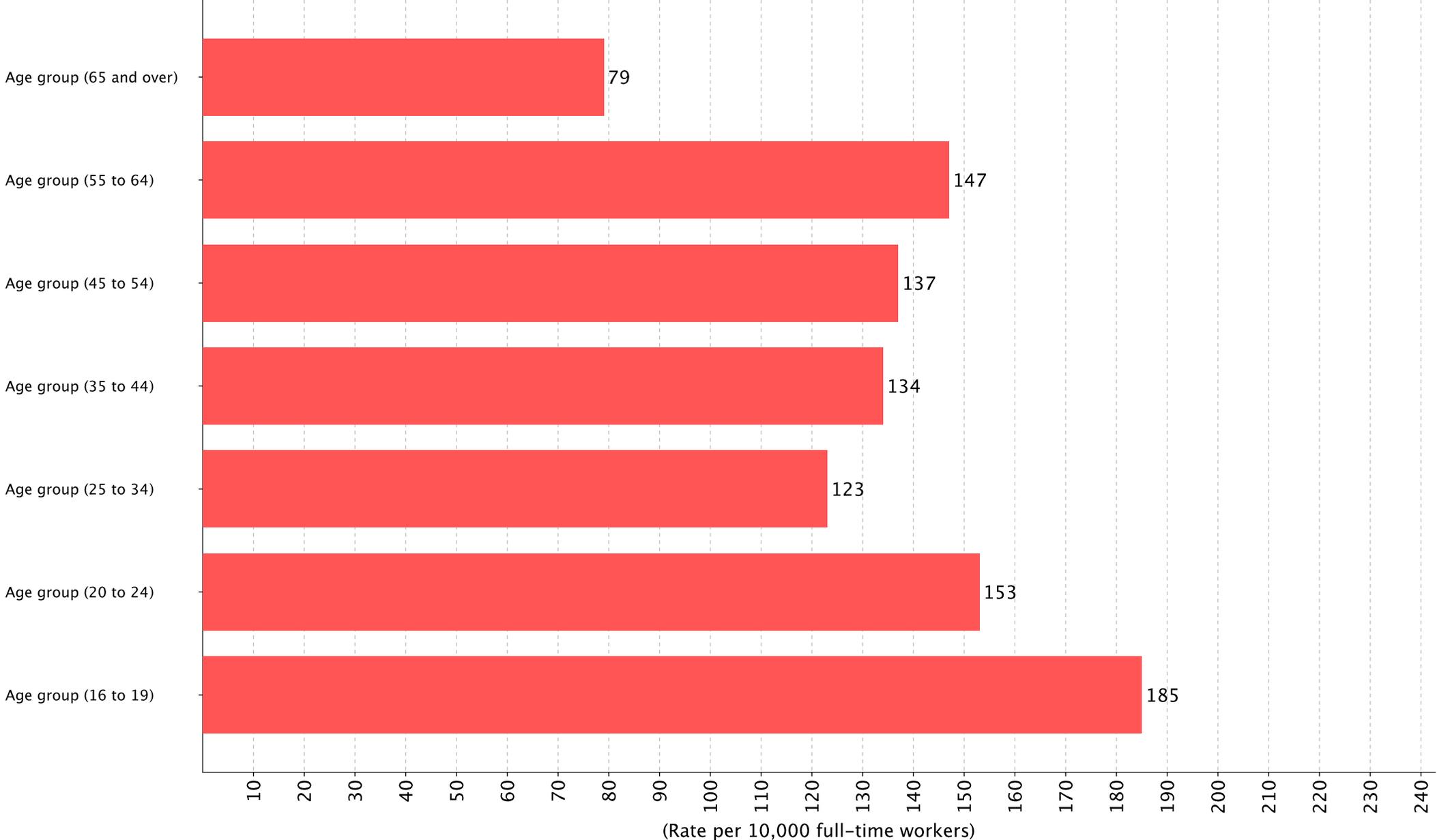
# Distribution of injuries and illnesses by source, private industry, Washington, 2017

[Total Cases = 29,320 ]



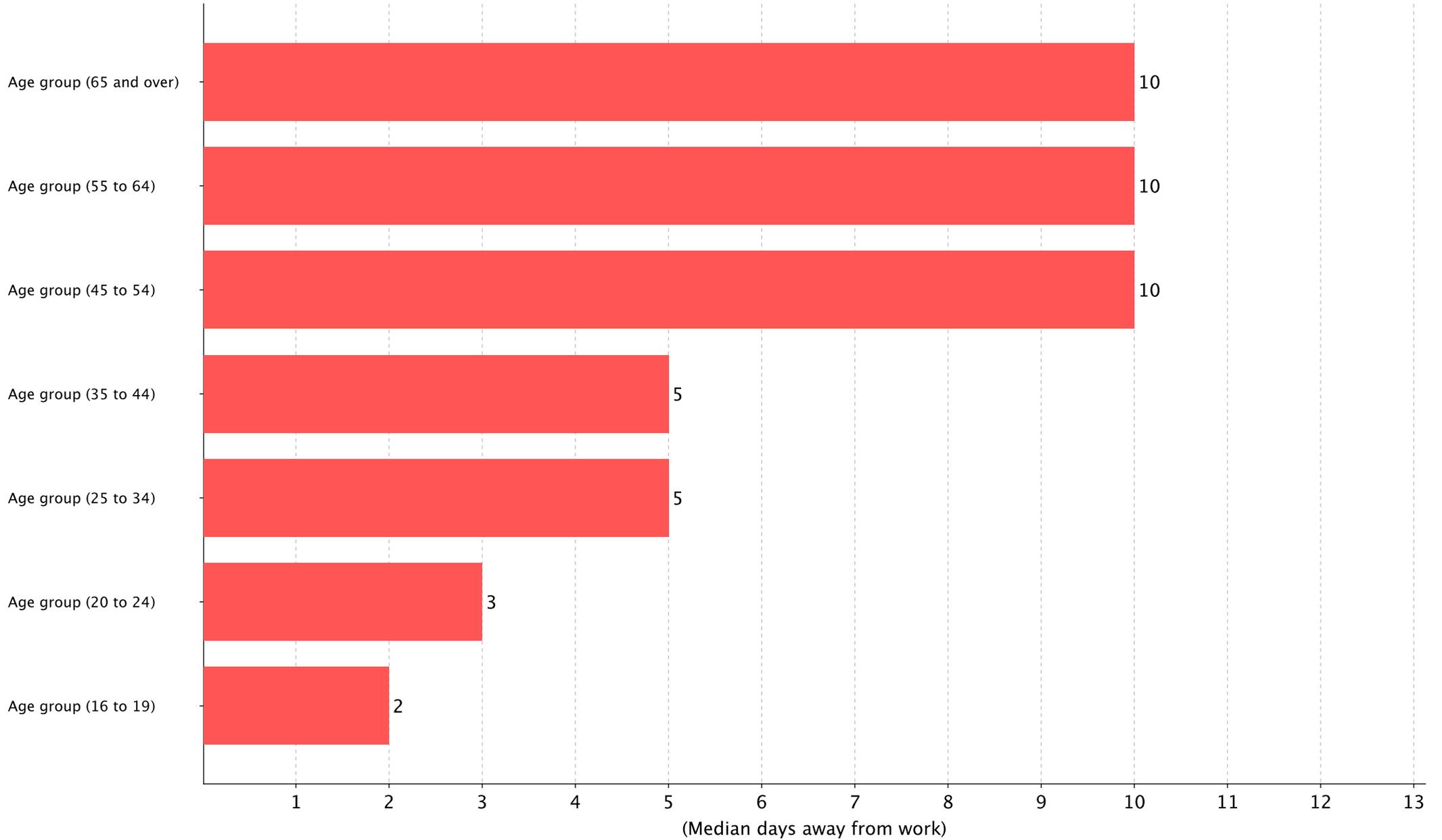
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]

Incidence rate by age of worker, private industry, Washington, 2017



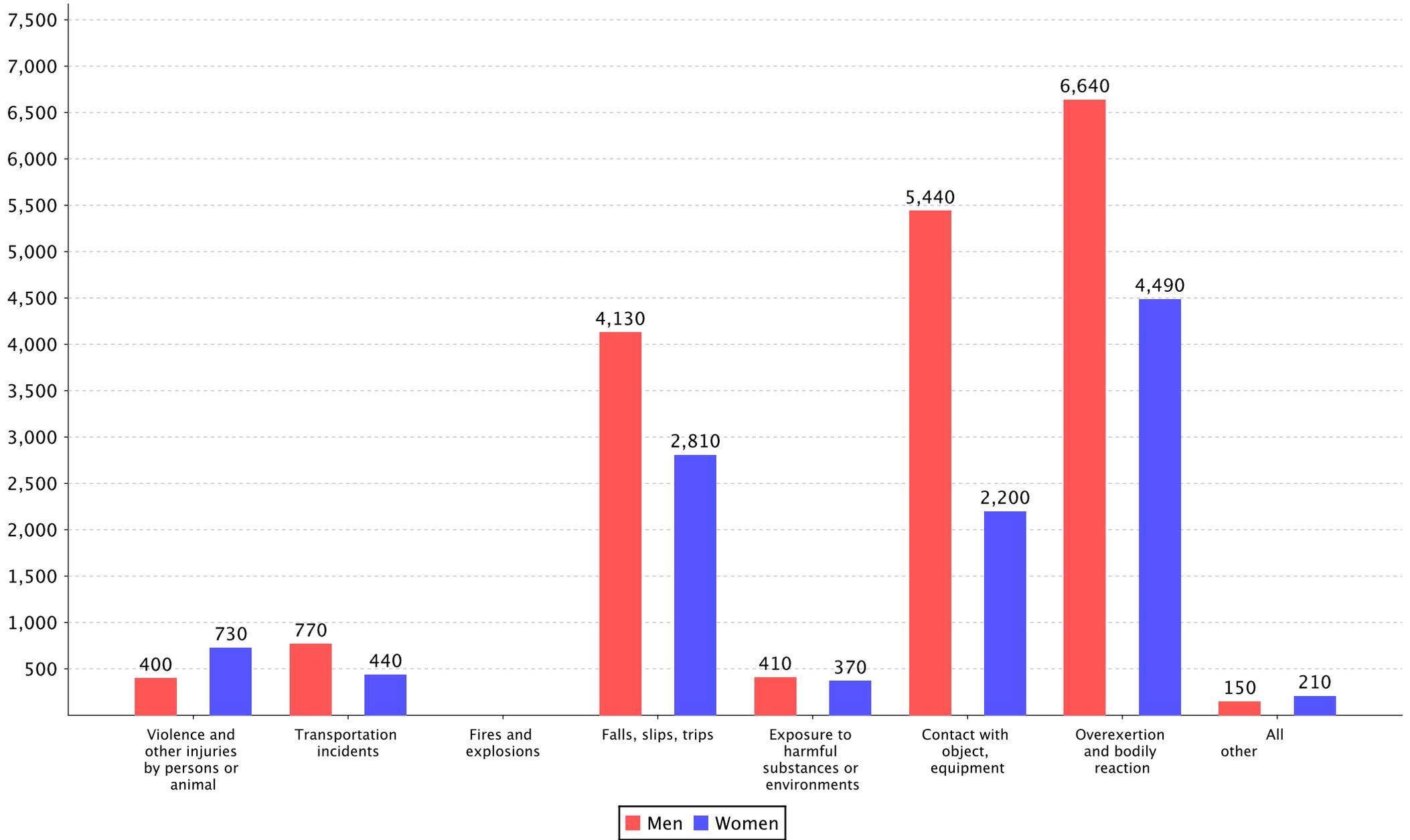
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]

Median days away from work due to injuries and illnesses , private industry, Washington, 2017

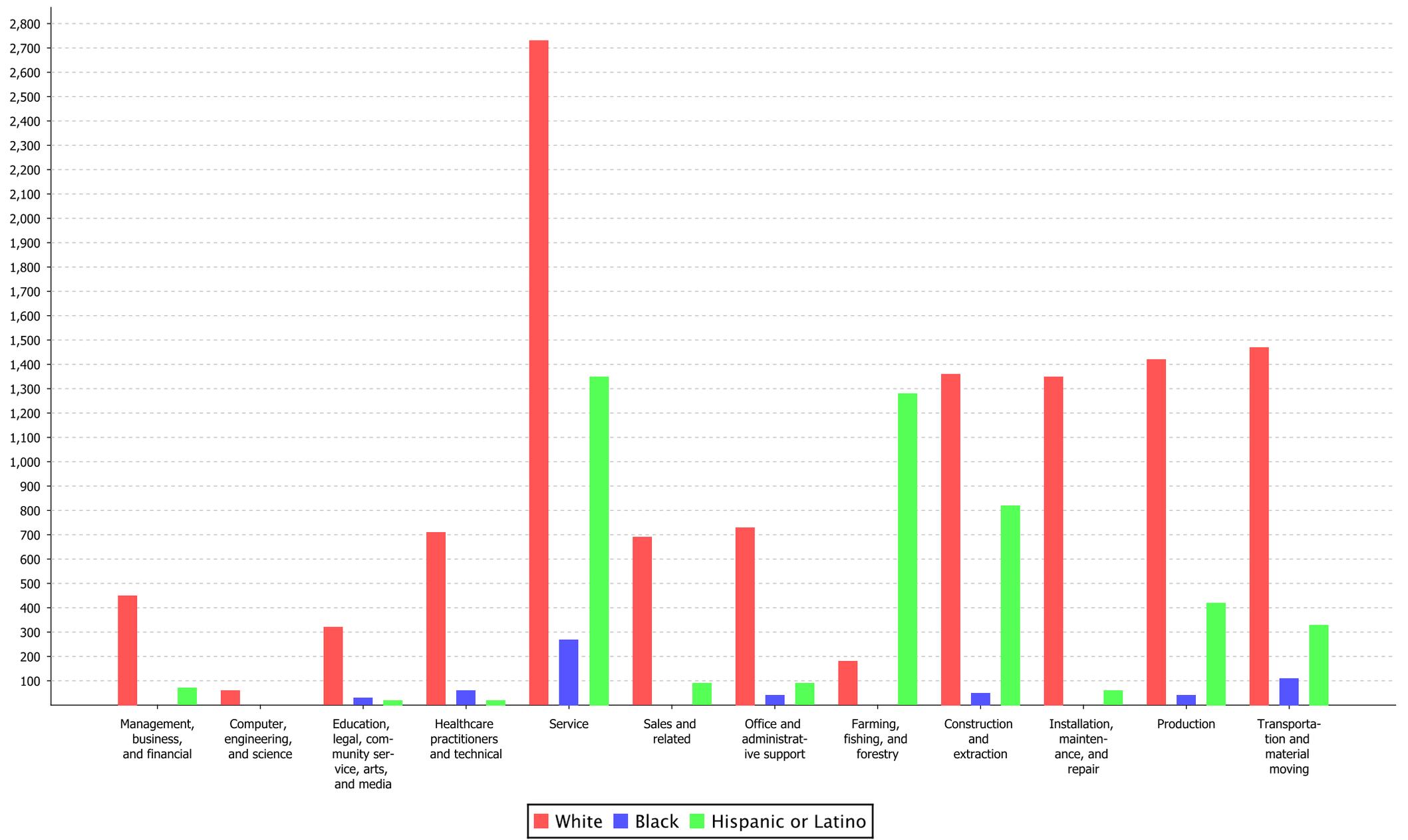


[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]

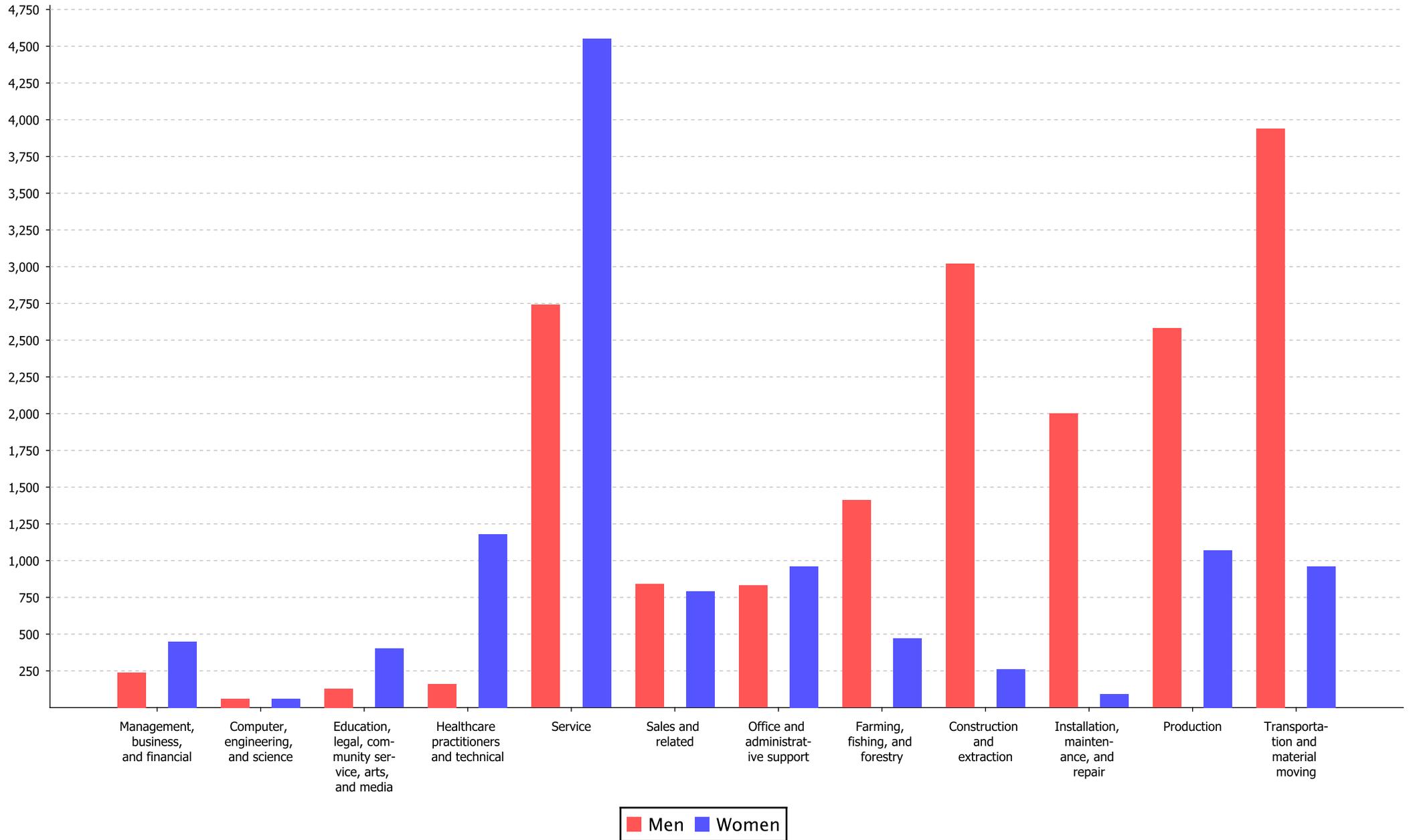
Number of injuries and illnesses by event or exposure and gender, private industry, Washington, 2017  
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]



Number of injuries and illnesses to White, Black, and Hispanic or Latino workers, private industry, Washington, 2017  
 [SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]

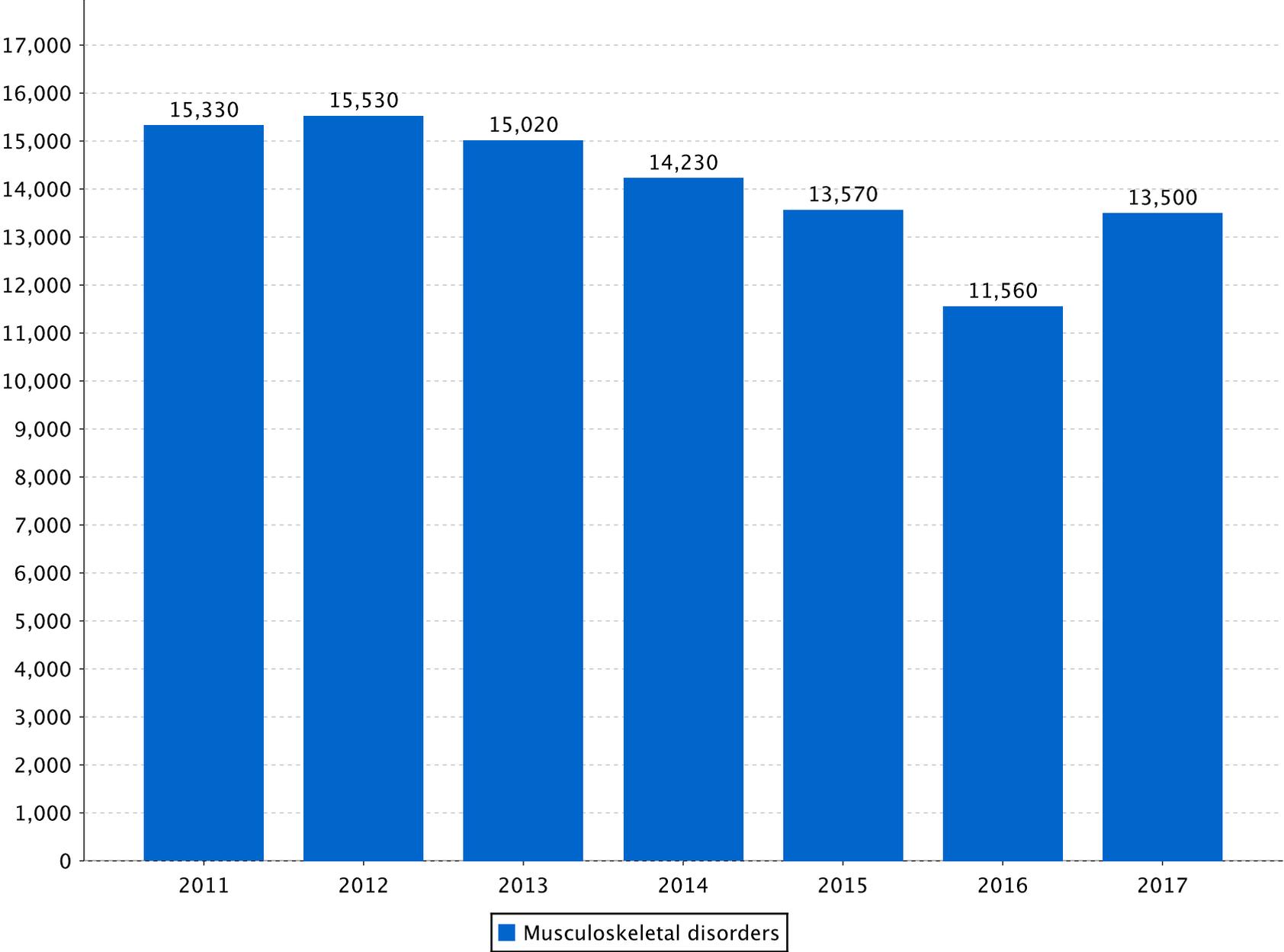


Number of injuries and illnesses by major occupation and gender, private industry, Washington, 2017  
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]

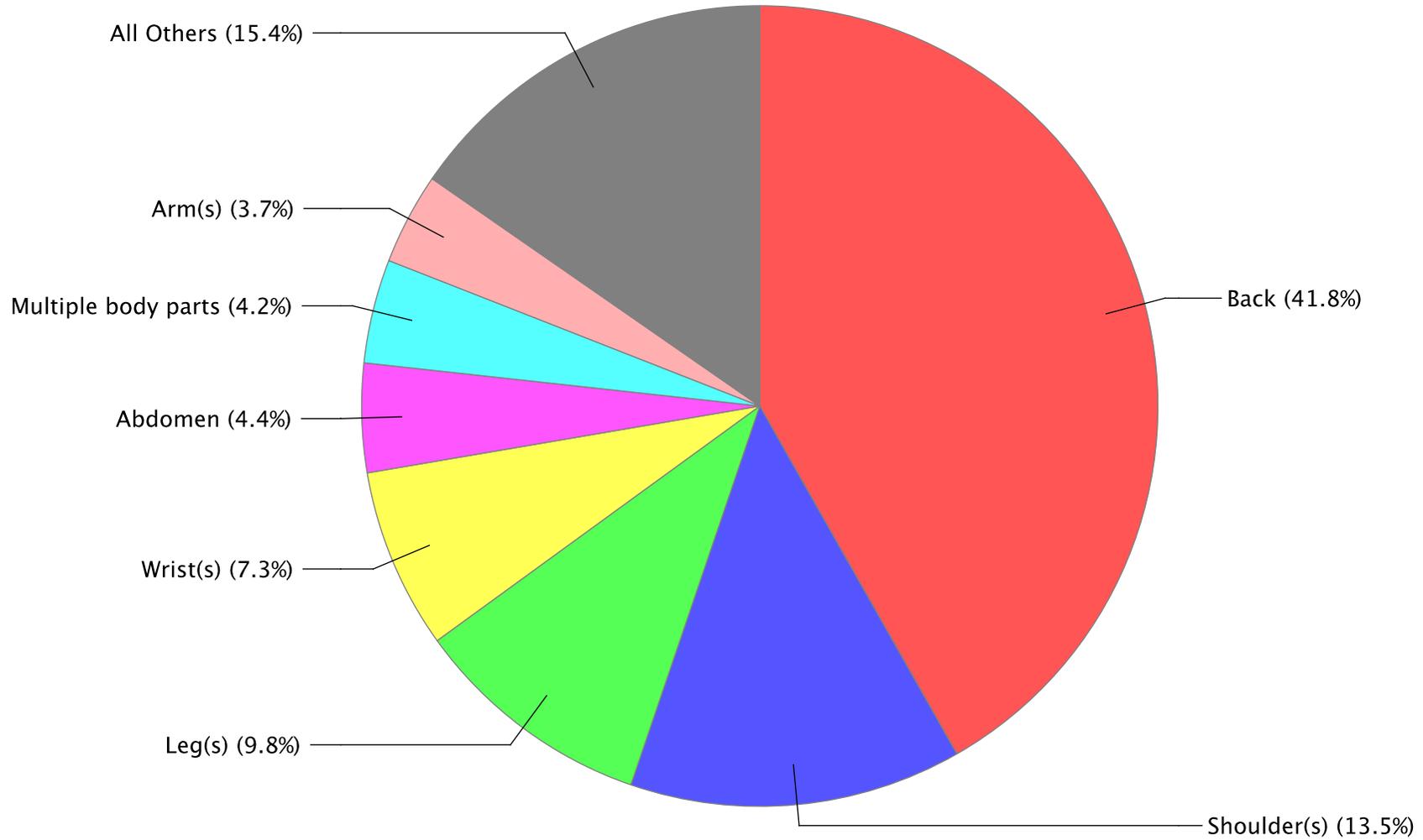


Number of musculoskeletal disorders with days away from work, Washington, 2011-2017

[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]



Distribution of musculoskeletal disorders by selected parts of body, private industry, Washington, 2017  
[Total Cases = 10,970]



[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2018]